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(6)

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 20 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

ROLL OF HONOUR.

IN MEMORIAM.

BLAKE—In loving memory of Charles G. Blake, Esqm. Co. Galway, who died in George V. Hospital, Dublin, of pneumonia, as a result of wounds and exposure contracted on active service, February 13th, 1919. R.I.P.

BIRTH.

WATT SMYTH—February 9, 1920, at Lindley, Rathe Park, rd., Dublin, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel G. Watt Smyth, D.S.O., R.E., a son.

MARRIAGES.

ALLISON and KING—February 11, 1920, at Donnybrook Parish Church, by the Lord Bishop of Ossory, assisted by the Rev. D. Kelly, B.A., William Albert Clifford Allison, of Crater Stream, Nakuru, British E. Africa, eldest son of Captain Albert Allison, D.S.O., of Dorchard, Nakuru, to Dorothea Norah Stuart, elder daughter of Canon and Mrs. King, the Rectory, Limavady.

ATKINSON and MYLES—February 11, 1920, at St. Peter and Paul's Church, Cork, by the Rev. J. Pebles, C.C., Cyril, only son of H. S. Atkinson, late of St. Elmo, Comfart, and Mrs. Atkinson, Ontario, Bangor, to Monica, third daughter of James Myles, of Cork.

BOYLE and TURTLE—February 4, 1920, at the University Church, Dublin, by the Rev. Joseph Boyle, B.A., assisted by the Rev. Thomas O'Neill, P.P. Ballinglass, Hurh C., only son of Thomas Boyle, Ballinglass, to Evelyn F. (Eva), eldest daughter of Joseph F. Turtle, Ballinglass. No cards.

DUDGEON and SYMINGTON—February 9, 1920, at Exeter Cathedral, Joseph Hume Dudgeon, M.C., Royal Scots Greys, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Hume Dudgeon of Merville, Co. Dublin, and Sybil, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Colquhoun Symington, Exmouth.

GILES and PETTIGREW—February 11, 1920, at the residence of the bride's mother, by special license, by the father of the bridegroom, Wilfred Henry Perceval Fraser, elder son of the Rev. W. H. Giles, B.A., Rector of Killowen, Waterford, to Lorna McCamont, only daughter of the late John G. Pettigrew, New York, and Mrs. Pettigrew, 19 Eglantine av., Belfast.

REES STEWART and CONNAUGHTEN—January 31, 1920, at R.C. Church, Needles, J. Rees Stewart, Esquire, California, to Frances, daughter of Bernard Connaughten, Lowville, Ahascragh, Co. Galway.—Reuter Post.

STEDMAN and THOMSON—February 11, 1920, at Killeshil Parish Church, Arklow, Ireland, by the Rev. Percy Custer, M.A., Richard Trevor Stedman, late New Zealand Expeditionary Force, eldest son of Samuel R. Stedman, Dunedin, New Zealand, to Jane Jessie Stewart Thomson, only daughter of R. P. Thomson, L.D.S.Ed., Ballinaneese, Arklow (formerly of 39 Harcourt st., Dublin).

DEATHS.

CALWELL—February 10, 1920, Alicia, widow of the late Captain Alexander McDonald Calwell.

DARLYLE—February 11, 1920, at his residence, 56 Catherine-la, Aliesbury rd., Dublin, John A. Carlyle, aged 46 years. Funeral private. No flowers.

HAMILTON—February 12, 1920, at his residence, Dromard, Sligo, William, second youngest son of the late William Hamilton, Dromore House, Bromhair, Co. Leitrim, aged 41, to the inexpressible grief of his wife, family, and a large circle of friends. "Peace, perfect peace."

HARGRAVE—February 12, 1920, at her residence, 63 Grosvenor square, Adelaide, widow of the late Thomas Deane Hargrave, M.B., T.C.D., and daughter of the late John Hargrave, Architect, of this city. Funeral private.

JAMIESON—February 11, 1920, at 5 Alexandra ter., Conart, Carrie, the beloved wife of John I. Jamieson. Funeral (private) to Conart Graveyard (to-morrow (Saturday) morning, 10 o'clock.

KEVANS—February 12, 1920, at 6 Dalymount, Phibsborough, Dublin, Edward Kevans, J.P., F.C.A., 51 Dame st. R.I.P. Funeral private. No flowers. Requiem Mass at St. Peter's, Phibsborough, at 9 a.m., to-morrow (Saturday).

KIMBELL—February 11, 1920, William Rimbell (senior), late of 23 Donore rd. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday).

McBEAN—February 9, 1920, William Cameron McBean, Park ter., Bray (late of Dooneen, Ballina), aged 79 years. Funeral to-day (Friday) to New-church, Enniskerry.

WALLER—February 10, 1920, at his residence, Abenstown, Kells, Co. Meath, Edmond Notes Waller, younger son of the late James Noble Waller, of Allenstown, aged 75.

WILKINS—February 11, 1920, very suddenly, at Trinity College, Dublin, the Rev. George Wilkins, F.T.C.D., youngest son of the late William Mortimer Wilkins, M.D. Funeral Service in College Chapel, at 10 o'clock, to-morrow (Saturday) morning, after-wards to Mount Jerome.

WILTON—February 10, 1920, at Hove, after a long illness, Narcissa Louisa Wilton, widow of the late Lieutenant-Colonel J. K. H. Wilton, 1st West Kents Regiment. Service at St. John's Church, Hove, 10 o'clock, to-morrow (Saturday), 14th inst. Interment Southampton Borough Cemetery, 1.30.

IN MEMORIAM.

MULLINS—In loving memory of my beloved wife, Mary Ann Mullins, who passed away at 10 Garville Ave., Rathgar, Dublin, on February 1st, 1919.
No dead to us who loved her best,
No fret, but gone before;
She lives with us in memory,
And will for ever more.
Gone is the face we loved so dear,
Silent the voice we loved to hear;
Dear is the spot where she is laid,
Sweet the memory that never will fade.
Rest in peace.
Inserted by her loving husband and children.
(This announcement was received late, owing to delay in transit from Rhodesia.)

STUART—In ever-loving memory of my dearly-loved and loving son, Robert William, of 198 Merrion rd., who departed this life 13th February, 1919. Deeply mourned. Rev. xxi., 7. "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."
ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS'
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FUNERAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
Lombard street (Westland row). Coffins, Hearses, and Every Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

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LOANS, £10 to £500 promptly, and strictest Privacy Guaranteed, to Farmers, Shop-keepers, Doctors, Ladies, Gentlemen, and all respectable applicants on simple Promissory Note. Distance no objection. Repayments arranged to suit Borrowers. Reasonable interest. Special quotations for Short Loans. No fee or preliminary expenses unless business actually completed. Apply, personally, or by letter, to
DAVID I. COHEN,
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The Irish Times.

PRICE 1½d. (SATURDAYS 2d.) DUBLIN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1920. VOL. LXII. NO.—19,623.

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if you begin the day's diet on foundation of
RED HAND
BABY FLAKE
OATMEAL
It tunes up the entire system
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SPECTACLES,
With Torsine Shell Frames and CROOKES LENSES.
To your Oculist's Prescription.
POLLOCK & CO., LTD.,
Manufacturing Opticians,
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Telegrams—"Spectacles," Dublin. 'Phone—1304.

"OVERLAND,"
MODEL 4,
Complete with Electric Light and Self-Starter.
Order Now for Early Delivery.
DEMONSTRATION MODEL NOW ON VIEW.
ROBERT CALLOW & SONS,
44 WESTLAND ROW,
DUBLIN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SATURDAY'S INTERNATIONAL RUGBY MATCH.
IRELAND v. ENGLAND.
For Full Programme, Plan of Field, Photos of both Teams, and Special Article by K. H. D. Sewell on England's prospects, see the "IRISH FIELD," published TO-MORROW (SATURDAY). Order your Copy Early.

MISSING, Young Lady, aged 25, height 5ft. 3, dressed in light brown golf coat, brown skirt, brown knitted cap. Left home, on bicycle, February 11th. Reward. 'Phone or wire police, or 141 Kingstown.

WILL PHILLIPA G. RYLAKE please communicate with the Bonsey of Silence, Ltd., Hopetoun House, 5 Lloyd's avenue, London, E.C. 3?

MARY JANE BRITTON, of 16 Tivoli terrace, North, Kingstown, Widow, Deceased.
All persons having any claims against estate of the above Deceased will kindly send particulars in writing to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors.
Dated 11th February, 1920.
CHARLES J. REDDY and SON, Solicitors, 35 Westland row, Dublin.

WE WANT MILK FOR THE BABIES OF THE DUBLIN POOR.
FLAG DAYS TO-MORROW AND SUNDAY.
INFANT AID SOCIETY,
3 CORK HILL.
Subscriptions gladly Acknowledged.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.
IRELAND v. ENGLAND.
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 14th FEB.
Admission Tickets, 3/6 (including Tax).
Admission at Ground on Day of Match, 2/- (including Tax).
Tickets for Sale at Thomas Cook and Son; Fox, 119 Grafton street; J. W. Elvery and Co., Sackville street & Nassau street; Morrison's, 17 Westmoreland street. Schoolboy Tickets, Crotty's, Grafton street.

BATTLEFIELDS BUREAU, Ltd. (Association of Officers, London, Mesan, Ypres).—Relatives and Friends requiring War Graves Photos should write Dept. 14, BATTLEFIELDS BUREAU, 175 Piccadilly, W. 1.

KOKOTEE. Nourishing and sustaining.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED—James H. North and Co., Auctioneers, Grafton st. Established 1825.

WHY PAY MORE? The Cheapest and Best Luncheon in Dublin, 1/6. Choice Selection. Red Bank Restaurant, Co. D'Olier street.

ANNE LYNCH'S CELEBRATED TEAS.
Special Offer of very Choice Tea.
The "CAFE" Blend.
1lb Caddy, 2/6
2lb. Caddy 5/6.
Parcels Paid.
As Served in our Cafe.
CAFE CAIRO, GRAFTON STREET
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FOR FLOORS AND WALLS.
INEXPENSIVE, FIREPROOF, CLEAN, SANITARY.
ARTISTIC DESIGNS.

FIRED.—Some me. It isn't new. It's the old one dyed by Dartry Dye Works, Dublin.

SEE the name "CADBURY" on every piece of Chocolate.

ALL CLASSES OF INSURANCE.
May I have the pleasure of assisting you to find the best Company and Policy?
NO CHARGE FOR ADVICE.
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23 ST ANDREW STREET, DUBLIN.

AUTHORS.—£120 in Free Prizes for Winners. See "Daily Mail," March 1. Terms for stamp.—Canfield Literary Agency, 8 Henrietta street, London, W.C. 2.

RENT COLLECTIONS and Management of Property undertaken.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street. Established 1829.

THE WATERLOO CUP.
A Special Article by "Viator," reviewing Next Week's Great Coursing Meeting,
THE IRISH CUP.
Full Report and Description of Course, &c. "IRISH FIELD," published TO-MORROW. Price Twopence.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field" can be had immediately after the arrival of the trains from Mr. M. F. Gorry, Harbour street.

TOPICAL IRISH PHOTOGRAPHS appear in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES To-day. On sale at all newsagents. Price three-halfpence.

WINDOW BLINDS.
FRENCH GREY, 3/6 EACH.
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Old Blinds Reversed and Repaired at Moderate Charges.
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INCOME Tax Recovered; Super Tax, Excess Profits, Returns, Accounts.—T. J. WALKER, Expert, 65 Dame street, Dublin. 'Phone—383.

A PENSIONER'S GUIDE appears in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES, on sale to-day. Price three-halfpence.

INCOME TAX—Claims, Super-Tax, Accounts—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

FIREWOOD,
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RINGSEND DOCKS SAW MILLS, Ltd., RINGSEND.

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Vans, Wagons, Lorries, Drays for all trades, Horse or Motor.

WOLSELEY Open Touring Car, complete with hood, screen, acetylene lamps, detachable rims, newly painted and overhauled. Price £450.—Booth Brothers, Upper Stephen street, Dublin.

WE carry complete Assortments of genuine Ford Parts, and give careful, prompt Ford Service. AUTOCARS IRELAND, LTD., 39 Chatham street (off Grafton street).

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LANCIA CARS—Sole Irish Agent for this World-famed Car. Book now for good delivery of 19-Cylinder Model.—G. A. BRITTAIN, 40 Dawson street, Dublin.

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FOR SALE, by Private Treaty, first-class Fattening Farm, 35a. Statute Acres, comfortable house, out-offices; clear long tillage; Dublin, 40 miles; good town; rail, churches, two mails. Particulars from "Z 1096, Farm," this office.

WANTED, in Dublin, Shop and Premises, in good thoroughfare. Suitable for Restaurant.—"Z 1209, Shop," this office.

WANTED, Small Stores, near Quays; good rent for suitable position.—P 1332, this office.

A WELL-KNOWN Insurance Company requires Agents for Cities and Towns. Only those with a thorough knowledge of Fire, Accident, and W.C.A. Business, Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, to P 1324, this office.

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VALUATIONS OF FURNITURE, HOUSE Property, etc., made for Probate and all purposes. James H. North and Co., Valuers, Grafton st.

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Furniture re-upholstered, repaired, and French polished in our Repairing Dept. by expert hands at most reasonable charges.
ANDERSON, STANFORD & RIDGEWAY, Ltd., 23 and 29 Grafton street.

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A new Citroen car set out in the snow from London via York to Stranraer, and accomplished the run in spite of bad roads and adverse conditions without any trouble, averaging 20 m.p.h. and 30 m.p.g. The behaviour of the car through snow is said to have been surprisingly good.
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The Medical Superintendent has been adapted for the Treatment of Ladies, and a Villa specially built to accommodate a limited number of Gentlemen.
Urgent Cases can be admitted to the Hospital on application to the Medical Superintendent.
For further particulars, Forms, etc., apply to THE REGISTRAR St. Patrick's Hospital, James's street, Dublin.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK are accurately recorded in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. Price Three Halfpence, at all Newsagents.

SACKS FOR SALE.
DISPERSAL SALE OF LARGE QUANTITY OF SECOND-HAND CORN SACKS, WEIGHT 3¼LBS., 3LBS., AND 2¼LBS.
P. J. SMYTH & CO.,
14 HAWKINS STREET, DUBLIN.
Tel.: No. 300. Telegrams—"Sacks."

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

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THE FRANKLIN LAUNDRY CO. LTD., SPRINGFIELD, BELFAST.
Require Two experienced PACKERS AND SORTERS.
Apply, giving full particulars as to experience, age, and wages expected (no travelling).

EXCELLENT SITUATIONS, with good and thorough Training, can be heard of by Qualified Maids whose character and qualifications are satisfactory; applying to the Lady Superintendent, Irish Employment Bureau, Lombard street, Merrion's, 17 Westmoreland street. Schoolboy Tickets, Crotty's, Grafton street.

BATTLEFIELDS BUREAU, Ltd. (Association of Officers, London, Mesan, Ypres).—Relatives and Friends requiring War Graves Photos should write Dept. 14, BATTLEFIELDS BUREAU, 175 Piccadilly, W. 1.

ADVERTISING, Secretarial, Professional Preliminary Examinations, Commercial, Shorthand, Salesmanship, Chemistry, Electrical, Mechanical, Motor, Architectural; 250 Courses. Prospectus free.—The Secretary, 250 Commercial Chambers, Dublin. 20 29

AN Apprentice Wanted to the Millinery and General Drapery Business; £10 for two years.—Z 1560, Apprentice," this office.

A LEADING Fire Insurance Office in Dublin has a vacancy for a Junior Clerk (male); must be smart and well educated; experience, while an advantage, is not absolutely necessary.—P 1417, this office. A

BOY Wanted, about 15 years of age, for Grocery business; family two; no maid; charwoman for rough work; comfortable home; reasonable treatment; please apply 10 Ulsterville terrace, Belfast.

BOOKKEEPER, with reference of supervision of Clerks, Wanted, for Grocery business; must have knowledge of shorthand and typewriting desirable; good references must be given. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary required, to "Z 1285, Bookkeeper," this office.

BOOT Trade—Saleswomen Wanted, high class trade; useless full particulars, references, salary (outdoor).—P 1307, this office.

BOOT Trade—Branch Manager—First class Man Wanted to controlling a large staff; good wage and commission to right man.—P 1308, this office.

BOOT Trade—Lady required to Take Charge; must be thoroughly experienced; must understand the business thoroughly; enclose copies last two references, salary (outdoor).—P 1316, Millner, this office.

BILLIARD Marker—Reliable Man Wanted to take entire charge of small Billiard Room in the city.—P 1288, this office.

BOOT Sales—Wanted, smart Junior Man; indoor. Apply, with name and address, to Parkes, Dundalk. A

BOOKKEEPER Wanted in country town; must have first-class experience; be experienced and double entry work and competent to take charge of office. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, to "Z 1414, Bookkeeper," this office. H

CLERK Wanted, for shop, required for Co. Dublin County Kilkenny, to undertake Cottage Repairs and General Building; must be thoroughly experienced and willing to work himself. Apply, with copies references, stating wages, hours and conditions, to "Z 1266, Clerk or Works," this office.

CAPABLE Lady (resident) to supervise cleaning staff of large business concern, Dublin; hours 8 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Apply, stating experience, age, and salary expected, to P 1320, this office.

CHOCOLATE Dippers Wanted for North of Ireland; must be thoroughly experienced; apply, with copies references and wages expected, to "Z 1110, this office.

DRESSMAKING—Competent Coat and Bodice Makers Wanted; constant employment to competent assistants; also workers.—Z 1270, Dressmakers," this office.

DRESSMAKING, Millinery, and Blouse Makers Wanted; constant employment to competent Assistants.—Stanford.

DRESSMAKING—Wanted smart, energetic young Lady for above; Protestant; good provincial town; state lowest salary; must be used to shop references.—P 1372, this office.

DRESSMAKING—Wanted, young Lady of ability to take Charge; must have first class provincial experience, send copies references.—Milk, Diamond Drapery, Portadown.

DRESS Improver—Wanted, young Man of experience; apply, with copies of testimonials, salary, and references, Swift's, Tullamore.

DRESS Improver—Wanted, lady or young Man; Scotland; state experience and salary (indoor). Reply, stating age.—Z 1409, this office.

DEMOBILISED Soldiers and Engineers—Your home guaranteed. Kraft goes over Drapery Business; little capital required. Write for catalogue and particulars.—H. Lewis and Co., 145 Household, London, E.1.

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FIRST Class Sewer required by Congested Districts Board, Clonmany, Donegal. Apply, stating terms, to Miss Foley, Lady Manager, Clonmany.

GROCERY—Wanted, a smart young Salesman for high class Grocery business, Dublin. Apply, stating age, experience, religion, salary (outdoor), and enclosing copy testimonials.—Z 1249, Grocery," this office.

GROCERY and Hardware—Wanted, young Man as assistant; good opportunity; country town 3 miles; terms and reference to last employer.—Z 1249, Assistant," this office.

GROCERY—Wanted, young Lady, with thorough knowledge of both classes trade and bookkeeping; apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected (outdoor).—Grocer, 1 Upper Sackville street, Dublin.

GENERAL Dispery—Wanted, Lady Assistant, South; Protestant; state salary (indoor); enclose copies references.—Z 1263, Assistant," this office.

HARDWARE, Delph—Wanted, Junior Assistant, must be thoroughly experienced; apply, stating age, salary (indoor).—Z 1295, Assistant," this office.

HOUSE Steward—Wanted, for Hotel in Co. Dublin; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply, stating age, experience, religion, salary required, to "Z 1357, Manageress," this office.

HOUSE Steward—Wanted, for Hotel in Co. Dublin; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply, stating age, experience, religion, salary required, to "Z 1358, Manager," this office.

HOUSE Steward—Wanted, young Lad as above; must be used to waiting; apply, stating age, wages, and full particulars, and enclose copies of testimonials.—Z 1096, this office.

LADY Wanted, with children. Require Lady to take Charge of Children; must be thoroughly experienced; apply, stating age, wages, and enclosing copies of testimonials.—Z 1261, this office.

LINO. Operator Wanted, for provincial town and country; state wages.—Z 1544, Operator," this office.

LARGE Dispersal Engineering Firm in the south of Ireland require two first class Fitters for Creamery Work; only competent men with large experience and highest wages will be paid to suitable applicants. Apply, stating age, experience, A "Z 1416, Fitters," this office.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

LADY Clerk Wanted in the West of Ireland; experience of dealing accounts preferred; £2 5- weekly commencing salary, with keeping, without board later. Apply "Z 1440, this office.

LADY requires Protestant Lady Help; fond of young children; good home. Dublin.—P 1402, this office.

LETTERWRITER, Grainer, Paperhanger, good all round Man Wanted; right man liberally treated.—Z 1406, this office.

MILLINER—Wanted, Charge for Workroom, with good idea of modern styles; must be used to trade; state salary (outdoor).—Meenaghan, Ballymena.

MILLINER—Saleswoman required, immediately; country town; send references, salary (indoor); Protestant.—Millner, 7 Mary street, this office.

MATRON Wanted, qualified required in Proprietary (school (boys); must be thoroughly reliable and hard working; between 30 and 40 years of age; Protestant preferred; good salary to trustworthy, capable Lady.—Matron, Bond Hotel, Co. Clare. Copies of testimonials and references.—Z 1272, Matron," this office.

MILLINERY Wanted, Assistant; state references and salary (outdoor).—W. Lennon, Lower, Sligo.

MILLINERY Wanted, Saleswoman (Protestant), provincial town; state salary (indoor; enclose copies of testimonials.—Z 1316, Millner," this office.

MILLINER and Saleswoman required; Protestant; state salary, etc., (indoor.—Z 1385, this office.

MONEY-MAKING Work offered; whole or spare time; no canvassing; rubber stamps, etc.—Send your name and address free.—Rickford, Ltd., Snow Hill, Birmingham.

NORTH Circular road—Advertisements for this Paper; Lady or Gentleman, Canvasser and Collector wanted; Protestant, Ye Olde Tolle House, Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.

PROBATIONERS Wanted, Belfast Babies' Home, to train as Nurses; age 18 years; 50 vacancies for 6 months; posts secured from Home at salaries £35-£40 per annum.

PROBATIONERS Wanted, Protestant Girls, about 19 years; nursery matrons. Apply Matron, House for Protestant Incurables, Cork.

PROBATIONER Wanted, for Children's Hospital in Dublin; healthy, well educated Girl; age 18 to 19; small salary, no fee.—P 1344, this office.

PROBATIONER Wanted immediately, Newcastle Sanatorium, Co. Wicklow. Apply Lady Superintendent.

PROBATIONERS Wanted, immediately for Cork Street Fever Hospital, Dublin; age 19-25; £16 per annum; uniform provided.—Apply, Matron, 168, Irish Times Office, Cork.

PROBATIONERS Wanted, to Train as Nurses in the City of Ireland; two first class Matrons; must have a thorough knowledge of Surgical Nursing; including bandaging and grinding machines; also ladies wish of all respectable; those having a knowledge of theatre can work positions; state age and experience.—Apply, Matron, 168, Irish Times Office, Cork. A

PROBATIONERS Wanted, to Children's Hospital in Dublin; healthy, well educated Girl; about 18; small salary, no fee.—P 1344, this office.

PROBATIONER Wanted, immediately, Newcastle Sanatorium, Co. Wicklow. Apply Lady Superintendent.

PROBATIONERS Wanted, immediately for Cork Street Fever Hospital, Dublin; age 19-25; £16 per annum; uniform provided.—Apply, Matron, 168, Irish Times Office, Cork. A

SALESMAN Wanted, Boot Department (Protestant); state references, stating salary (indoor).—Z 1376, Salesman," this office.

STOCKBROKER'S Office—Wanted, Junior Clerk; good writer; state salary expected, etc.—P 1342, this office.

TOPICAL Irish Photographs appear in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. On sale at all newsagents. Price three-halfpence.

WANTED, smart Male Assistant for Chandlery Dept.; must have experience and good class trade. Apply, with full particulars, "Z 1260, Assistant," this office.

WANTED by an Insurance Office in Dublin, a respectable Youth as Messenger and Light Boy; wages according to ability.—P 1166, this office.

WANTED, steady, competent Man, take Charge of Grocery Business; must be thoroughly experienced country town.—Z 1272, Man," this office.

WANTED young Lady, Charge Millinery Department; high class trade; good salary to suitable person.—P 1248, this office.

WANTED, Boy, Drapery Apprentice for Improver; must have some experience and good references; indoor; good opportunities.—P 1301, this office.

WANTED, Useful Help, with good knowledge of cooking (country).—Mrs. Sermon, Killegally Park, Co. Wicklow.

WANTED immediately, Manager for Boot and Leather Shop; give references and state salary expected.—Shoe, 1 Upper Sackville street, this office.

WATCHMAKER or Improver Wanted; Protestant; second hand Business, Dublin.—P 1405, this office.

WANTED, capable Assistant, Grocery, Provision, Flour, Meal, etc.; send references, age, salary, etc. Cummins, Meal Merchant.

WOODWORKING Machinist Wanted; good spindle hand.—Hearns and Co., Ltd., Church Furnishers, Waterford.

WANTED, Dressmaker; Blackrock or Dublin.—P 1360, this office.

WANTED, thoroughly experienced Calendar Hand. Apply Phoenix Laundry, Russell st.

WANTED at once, experienced Cutter for Ladies' and Children's; Blackpool; excellent position for good Trade.—P 1398, this office.

WANTED, a Lad about 16 years old, well educated, to be Apprenticed to Window Dressing.—P 1359, this office.

WANTED, a smart respectable Boy or Girl for Cement Box Office in city house, and to help in addressing circulars, etc.; must write a good hand and be of good character. Apply 1345, this office.

WANTED, Useful Help (elderly) for gentleman and lady's house, Wexford; small family.—Z 1393, Help," this office.

WANTED, an experienced Lady Assistant to run Ladies' Costume Department; apply Pigott and Sons, Ltd., 35 and 34 Patrick st., Cork.

WANTED, Apprentice for Mechanical Drafting; Provision Counters, a competent Assistant; good salary to suitable person. Apply, giving full particulars, to Porter, Sons, and Co., Ltd., Mullingar.

WANTED, superior Girl as Useful Help, Protestant; good home. Apply, giving full particulars, to Ingleby, Belfast.

WANTED, capable Help for household duties; Protestant; "maid" kept; no children.—Z 1348, this office.

WANTED for Contracting Engineer's Office, an Architects' Assistant; state age, experience, and salary expected.—P 1396, this office.

WANTED, a thoroughly experienced Man to take charge of Grocery Department; must be a good salesman; Ye Olde Tolle House, Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.

WANTED, Boxing Agent for the whole of Ireland; he essential and much in demand line used by all Trades; liberal terms to the right man; £50 weekly and £1,000 a year to an energetic and capable man; only those with a thorough knowledge of the business need apply.—A. Nicholls's Advertising Offices, Liverpool. A

AGENCIES AND SITUATIONS WANTED.

CLOCK Vacuum, having magnificent connection with Wholesale and high class Grocers and Confectioners all over Ireland, desires agency; sales £500 to £1,000 weekly; salary required £600 yearly and expenses.—Z 1315, this office.

SALES Agent wants relations with Firm for Import of Cocoa Beans; thoroughly acquainted trade; references.—O. Tschopp, Fribourg, Switzerland.

TRAVELLER, with good connection, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Leather Goods, wishes to hear of Vacancy where steadiness and ability would be appreciated.—Z 1329, Traveller," this office.

LEGAL.

COSTS Drawing—Experienced City Costs Drawer desires engagements for spare time or house work; most reliable and accurate. Reply P 1547, this office. A

EXPERIENCED Costs Lithographer, Typist desires position.—P 1297, this office. A

EXPERIENCED Shorthand Typist desires position; Manager, with a view to Partnership, in city; good references.—P 1354, this office. A

TIPIST Wanted, accurate copyist, for legal work; outdoor; highest references; city.—P 869, this office.

WANTED for a leading Firm of Dublin Solicitors, a Junior Clerk; a smart respectable Youth of about 18; salary to start £1 per week; must have good average education, etc., to P 1565, this office. P

WANTED, a smart Law Clerk of 5 or 6 years experience for country office; good prospects for the right man. Send full particulars.—Z 1143, Clerk," this office. A

MEDICAL.

CHEMIST, or qualified Assistant, Wanted immediately, for Cleaning Agent; "Cleanit," this office. A

DENTAL Mechanic first class only required; assistance, desirous of Tuition in Operating.—P 1358, this office.

DENTAL Attendant Wanted, hours 8.45 to 6 o'clock, second Monday, 9 to 1 o'clock; must be well recommended.—P 1423, this office.

EXPERIENCED Assistant Wanted for Medical Hall. Give full particulars.—Z 1377, Assistant," this office.

EXPERIENCED Assistant Wanted for Medical Hall. Must be steady, energetic, and willing to work. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary, etc. Cummins, Meal Merchant.

WOODWORKING Machinist Wanted; good spindle hand.—Hearns and Co., Ltd., Church Furnishers, Waterford.

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WANTED, Boxing Agent for the whole of Ireland; he essential and much in demand line used by all Trades; liberal terms to the right man; £50 weekly and

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

WALLEN,
TRINITY ST. GARAGE,
DUBLIN.
CALCOTT, CUBITT, CHEVROLET, AND HAMMOND CARS. T

ALL Steel Stampings are used in construction of Victor Wooden Car; delivery in February if ordered now.—Rob Lysaght, Woods, Westland Row. T

ITALA,
one of the oldest and one of the best Italian Makes, and the Pioneer of Much of to-day's wonderful practice in Motor Engineering. The winner of many High Class Races.
ONE SPECIAL MODEL FOR 1920.
16/20 h.p., 63 x 130, 4 speeds and reverse. Self-Starter and Electric Light. Electric Horn, Speedometer, 5 Detachable Steel Wheels. Chassis absolutely complete, ready for body. Price £800. Write for catalogue.
SOLE AGENT FOR IRELAND (excluding Ulster),
G. A. BRITTAIN,
40 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
Deliveries Early in the New Year. T

CALTHORPE CARS.
Price from 400 Gns. complete.
Order Now.
KEATING AND LUNDY, ST. BRUNSWICK ST. T

WE are now in a position to Deliver the MOON CAR, 6 cylinder, 20 h.p.
DIXIE FLYER, 17/30 h.p.
LITTLE MIRACLE LIGHT CAR, 8 h.p.
TRAFFIC TRUCK, 20/40 cwt., 16/20 h.p., Continental engine.
A.B.C. MOTOR CAR CO.
NASSAU STREET, DUBLIN. T

LIBERTY SIX.
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY, DUBLIN STOCK.
FIVE-SEATER TOURING MODEL—
THE CAR THAT IS BUILT FOR THE WELFARE OF OWNER AND DRIVER.
PRICE £765.
CUMMINS & DILLON'S AUTO SERVICE,
Sole Distributors for Leinster,
4 LOWER ABBEY ST., DUBLIN.
Telegrams: "Autocrvis, Dublin." Telephone: 4779, Dublin. A

FOR
TAXIS
RING UP
4441.
LOUIS J. LEMASS AND CO.,
SMITHFIELD.

A NEW 1920 Maxwell Touring Car for Sale; immediate delivery.—Sanderson, Dominick st., Dublin. A
AUSTIN Standard Landaulet Two Seater, perfect condition; price £260.—Sanderson, Dominick st., Dublin. A
CALTHORPE Minor, just overhauled, in perfect condition; seen in Dublin.—P 1425, Chatterly's this office.

DUNLOP Tyres remedy car ills and bills.

FOR Sale, Overland Five Seater, 1914; perfect; price £500; immediate delivery. Apply Captain Hamilton, Clark Bridge.
FORD 5 Seater, privately owned, left for Sale, owner's garage. Wicklow Town, Wicklow.
FOR Sale, Rolls Motor Car, in perfect order, seats 4 or 5. Can be seen on application to Patrick Smith and Son, auctioneers, Navan.
FOR Sale, Swift, 1913, 12.9 h.p., four seater, the property of a gentleman; in perfect condition; can be seen South Motor Co., Dublin.
FORD, 1919, 5 seater; 14 h.p. 1913 Siddeley Deasy; perfect running order; price £500. Apply financial Dept., Irish Times.
FOR Sale, 1919 Ford, with English landaulette body, detachable wheels; little used; nine 18 H.P. Fiat five seater, detachable wheels; in good order.—P 2 1392, this office.
FOR Sale, Albion Model, recently two seater, thoroughly overhauled; price £190.—P 1432, Motor," this office.
HUMBERETTE, in good running order; tyres, interior lighting, speedometer, hood, 2 Dunlops; price £150.—Dunlop, 2.
HUMBERETTE, in good running order; tyres, interior lighting, speedometer, hood, 2 Dunlops; price £150.—Dunlop, 2. T
HUPMOBILE, Model C, 5 Seater, perfect condition, 1 set starter, electric lamps; £325 or nearest.—1913, this office.
HUMBERETTE, in good running order; tyres, interior lighting, speedometer, hood, 2 Dunlops; price £150.—Dunlop, 2. T
INVINCIBLE, delivery of Touring Model of the Chairmen "Six." America's finest medium priced six cylinder Chevy. Factory, Ltd., 134 Lower Baggot st., Dublin, and at Belfast.
LANCHESTER, 16 h.p., in good condition, British car, new tyres nearly complete, hood, combined petrol and tool tank. Apply Cooke Hardy's, 18 Chichester st., Belfast.
LANDAULETTE for Sale, also Ford Touring Car, both in perfect running order; seen after 7 o'clock, 3 South Circular road, Portobello.
LANDAULETTE, Ford 1918, all electric lights, detachable wheels, small new tyres; any trial, best offer; £375.—Thone 3410, Shelbourne Hotel.
MORGAN Runabout, newly painted, complete with hood, screen, lamps, etc.; splendid condition; £100; owner leaving country.—Thomas's Garage, Ilford.

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Apply for Proposals to
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD & CO., LTD.,
30 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. T

NEW Sunbeam, 1920 30/40 delivery, Write and secure your position now. Sole Agent, McTaggart, 5, King st.
ROVER 8/9 h.p. 4/5 Seater, fully equipped; perfect; cost, condition driven by owner. On view Rover Depot, Rover Mews, behind 1 Cecil each.—William McEvoy, Ltd., Motor Engineers, Dublin.
TAXIS for Hire, day and night.—Barron, 3 Upper Ormond quay. Phone, 3565.
8 H.P. Rover, two seater, complete with hood, screen, dickeys, lamps, horn, etc.; tyres good; extremely running order; £350.—Rover, Seans Hunnycock, Ranelagh.
12 H.P. Clement Talbot Two Seater, four cylinders, Bosch magneto, Zenith carburetter, 4 speed gear; car in good running order; low price. Address 1314 North King st.
15.9 AEROL-JOHNSON 5 Seater, splendid fitted; very perfect car; quick sale.—O'Connor, 6 Aldred road, Balbgar.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS, &c.

WANTED.
CYCLE and Motor Cycle Mechanic Required, with good knowledge of Ford repairs; state wages and experience.—P 1297, Mechanic," this office.
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CYCLE and Motor Cycle Mechanic Required, with good knowledge of Ford repairs; state wages and copy references and state wages required.—P 1349, Mechanic," this office.
CHAUFFEUR (gardener-Waited, steady, reliable man; age, three adults; wife cook; two children; chauffeur's state age, religion, family, wages expected.—P 1191, this office.
FIRST Class Mechanic Wanted for thorough overhauling and repairs in large provincial town.—P 1393, Mechanic," this office.
MOTOR Driver Wanted by one firm to deliver goods in suburbs of Dublin; must have own wheel; just employed, wages expected.—P 1198, this office.

DISENGAGED.
CHAUFFEUR—Demobilised Mechanical Transport Driver seeks situation as Chauffeur in private service; married; good pioneer; experience and references.—Dunne, Ballitore, Kildare. T
CHAUFFEUR wishes to hear of vacancy; can fix all touring repairs; good reference. Reply P 1144, this office.
CHAUFFEUR, married, Protestant; car, car, all repairs; good discharges.—P 1376, Chauffeur," this office.

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

15-20 TALBOT, Double Phaeton Landaulette, 5 new Dunlop tyres, good head lamps, recently thoroughly overhauled; trial run by appointment; £350.—Mrs. More O'Ferrall, Kilcrea, Monkstown, Co. Kildare.
15-20 STUDEBAKER 1918 Four Seater Open Touring, self starter, electric light, recently completely overhauled, in first rate condition, very fast and reliable car, £420. Apply P 1425, Stockbroker," this office.
23 H.P. six cylinder Silent Knight Daimler Coupe-Limousine, perfect running order; £850.—Wright, Motor Engineer, Rathfarnham.
30-35 H.P. Hudson Landaulette for Sale, upholstered in dark leather, cloths in perfect order, seen in Dublin. Address P 1334, this office.
1916 FORD Landaulette and F.C. Two Seater for Sale.—Lawson, Tullow. T

WANTED.

WANTED, Landaulette, Sunbeam or Talbot preferred; must be in first class private condition; required immediately.—P 1134, this office.
WANTED, 12 h.p. Touring Car; must give full particulars of colour, &c.—P 1156, this office.
WANTED, modern Four Seater Car, 1915 Rover or 1916 Siddeley preferred; low mileage, 40 h.p. preferred.—P 1401, Car," this office.
WANTED, small 8 h.p. Car, good make; must be in perfect running order; give full particulars and price.—P 1026, this office.
WANTED, a light 10 h.p. Car, not earlier than 1914, moderate price; full particulars, price.—P 1453, this office.

MOTOR CYCLES.

"AI"—1920 HARLEY Combinations from stock. Harley Davidson Single Models from Stock. Indians, A.J.S., Humber, Ariel, Enfield, Douglas, American Excelsior, Sunbeam, Rudge, New Imperial Jap, Diamond, Triumph, P. and M., and Sunbeam all combinations from stock. Phone 2010.—Wylie Bros., Lr. Leeson st. T

IMMEDIATE DELIVERY FROM STOCK.
ROVER 8/9 H.P. TWIN COMBINATION, 1920.
CLYNO LIGHTWEIGHTS, 2½ h.p., 2 speeds.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE.

A7 Wood' Westland Row, Orders booked for New 1920 Twin.
A7 Woods', Westland Row—Side Cars in stock for all Twins.
ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Wineavers st., opposite Four Courts new garage.
B.S.A. Motor Cycle, 1920 model, just arrived, Model 14, 4-cylinder, Motor Accessories, Chalet, Co. Wicklow.
CONNAUGHT, Two Stroke Motor Bike, in first class order, for £50, at Keating's, 32,33 Lower Abbey st.
ENFIELD Motor Cycle, 2½ h.p., two cylinder, two speed gear, chain drive; order as new; any trial; owner, bought car, price £42.—P 1442, this office.
FOR Sale, 2½ h.p. Clayton, legal weight; two strokes, in splendid running order and new appearance; £32.—P 1437, this office.
"MONARCH" Motor Cycles, 31 h.p., two stroke model, with two speed gear, £50; 3.5 two stroke Cycles and Kickstarter £56; 3½ four stroke Models, 2½ h.p., two speed gear, £67 5s., having Clutch and Kickstarter £75 10s. Sole Irish Agent, Rudolph Ith worth, Ltd., Stephen's Green.
MOTOR Cycles—Douglas, 4½, 1919. Sat 6 Cycles, 1914, and sidecar; Rexan, 2½, 1914 sidecar model, 1914; Levis, 2½, 1914; Number Eight Welbeck, 1913. Clement Talbot, 2½, 1914; and partly 4 Hospital, this office.
SEPTEMBER, 1919—6/7 Ariel Combination, electric light, horn, tools, spares, insurance; £165 or nearest offer.—Lavin, 4 Aldred road, Dublin.
SUNBEAM, 3½ H.P., Milford Sidecar Combination; factory papers; highest reference.—P 1270, this office.
2¾ H.P. Calthorpe Jap, perfect order, £45; no offers. 64 Upper Dorset street.

LORRIES, VANS; MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

ASK us for Rates for Motor Haulage. Distance by object.—R. Montgomery, Ltd., South Docks road, Dublin. Phone, 1 Ringsend.
AUSTIN 20 1918 Van for Sale; any trial.—Motor, Kilcullen, Kildare.
FOR Sale, a 15 Austin Lorry, suitable for delivery work, up to about 15 cwt.; in splendid condition, and a new and thoroughly reliable machine. Particulars and trial, Arthur Payne, Engineer, 43 Parnell st.
FOR Hire, 4 Ton Petrol Lorry, Tonnage or daily rate.—Apply Lorry Manager, Dublin Corporation Engineer, 32 City quay, Dublin. Phone, 3179.
FOR Sale, Ford Van, in perfect order; price £1,100; also 4 ton Lorry, price £400; any trial.—Dublin.
STEAM Haulage and Carting—We are prepared to undertake above, having three sets Pneumatic Tyres ready for immediate work.—National Ice Co., 28 Sir John Rogerson's quay.
TWO 4 Ton Model Lorries for Hire, by day, hour, or week.—Apply Cowley, Cowling; certificate.
VAN, 2 ton; immediate delivery; in perfect condition; recently overhauled and repainted; dynamo for lighting and starting.—P 1304, this office.

BODIES.

SIX Chara-Banc Bodies, 30 seaters, for immediate delivery; price £225 each.—Holmes, Granby row, Dublin.

BICYCLES.

A1 SUNBEAMS, Golden, and Royal Models, Spatbrooks, Popular, and Crown, B.S.A., and Swift, all in stock; Second-hand Bicycles in exchange; Repairs and Accessories.—Pratt's, 24 Upper Sackville st. T
BICYCLES—Ariel, B.S.A., Enfield, Hamber, Pierce, Rudge, Triumph, Swift, Sunbeam; deliveries; quick or cash payments.—M. and J. Dawson, Maryboro' st., Dublin. Phone, 3 Dublin. Also 45 S/—Irish Tailor Ltd., 76 Grafton st., Dublin.
BICYCLES, Cycles—Ladies' and Gents' 1920 Models in stock; Repairs, Accessories, Cycle Work, Enamelling; trade supplied. Sole Irish Agents: Rudge-Whitworth Ltd., Dennard Street, Clonliffe road.
GOOD Nero—Rudge-Whitworth Ladies' and Gents' Cycles, 1920 Models; also second-hand cycles for sale. Dublin Depot, 1 Stephen's Green.
GENTS' 3-speed, excellent condition, Dunlops; bargain, £6 10/.—Hayden, 178 North King st.
I CAN supply the following Cycles from stock—B.S.A., Sunbeam, Rudge, Triumph, Swift, and B.S.A.; prices from £9 9/; new and second-hand Cycles for sale.—Stevens Cycle Depot, 7 Anne's quay, Dublin.
LADY'S Bicycle for Sale, as new, bargain; owner going abroad.—Apply Mrs. Gilbert, 1 Ely place, off corner of North Circular road, Dublin.
ROYAL Enfield Motor Cycle, 1920 model, just arrived, Model 2, 2-cylinder, Motor Accessories, Chalet, Co. Wicklow.
SPECIAL 4½ Cycle, 1920 model, fast and reliable, £12 12/; Rovers, with three speeds, £14 14/; Rovers, with four speeds, £15 15/. Rovers in stock from £9 9/. Gilyeard, 123 Stephen's Green.
TWO Bicycles, Hamber, Perfex; from £10 10/.—Tyre Service, Cuthbert st., three doors off Grafton st.
RALEIGH, New Prices Reduced; Cycles, £14 14/; Lamps, 12 guinea.—P 1339, this office.

WANTED.

SECOND-HAND Bicycles Wanted, good prices given; postcard buyer calls.—Reynolds, 57 Moreland street.

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

CHAUFFEUR—Demobilised, Protestant, bootstroller, 9 years' experience, wishes engagement, city, suburbs; highest references.—Chauffeur, Mortlestown, Navan.
CHAUFFEUR, Plain Gardener; Ford car preferred, or would drive motor-cycle; Protestant; state terms, with house; good references.—P 1260, Chauffeur," this office.
CHAUFFEUR, demobilised, requires situation in private family; Protestant, single.—P 1457, Chauffeur," this office.
COOK Engineer would go as Improver, good garage, first class thorough overhaul; good wages to suitable man; 6 months' trial.—P 1580, Engineer," this office.
GARAGE Driver Requires a country situation; has experience; recently discharged from Royal Engineers; R 1113.
MR. Keith Malcolmson wishes to recommend smart reliable chauffeur, married, situation in Co. Wicklow or neighbourhood.—Longcroft, Pembroke Park, Dublin.
MOTOR Driver seeks employment; 5 years' experience; good papers; careful driver.—P 1268, this office.
MOTOR Mechanic requires situation; 16 years' experience; capable of taking charge of all complete overhauls to all makes of cars and motor cycles, etc.—P 1374, this office.
SENTINEL Steam Wagon Driver open for engagement; expert driver; first class references.—P 1047, this office.
YOUNG Lady seeks post as Mechanical Motor Driver; experienced.—P 1345, this office.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 13)

COOK General Wanted end of February; must be really good cook and strictly clean; well trained housemaid kept; two in family; good wages; housemaid kept.—Mrs. Kennedy, Church st., Wicklow. T
COOK General Wanted, good; must be handy; no washing; Protestant; wages £40; two in family.—Mrs. Moscrop Redmond, Rectory, Kilcullen, Kildare. T
COOK General and House Parlourmaid Wanted; sisters or mother and daughter preferred; gentleman's house, small family, Co. Kildare; state wages; send full testimonial.—P 1430, Cook," this office.
EXPERIENCED Cook Wanted 29th February; small family; three in family, Protestant; help kept; state references.—Hosker, Deanscloyne, Co. Kildare.
EXPERIENCED Cook Wanted, Protestant; two in family; no washing; Kenilworth Park district; state wages.—P 1585, this office.
EXPERIENCED Cook Wanted for Institution; also Parlourmaid; good wages.—Apply, with copies of references to the Matron, Leopardstown Park Hospital, Stillorgan.
GOOD Cook Wanted where kitchenmaid kept; must be very well recommended; state wages, and apply to Mrs. Lyon, Knock-Drive, Cookstown, Co. Tyrone.
GOOD Cook Wanted immediately; kitchenmaid kept; must be a good manager and good references; wages £40 a year and washing.—Mrs. Wilmot Mitchell, Ballymore, Gorey, Co. Wexford.
LANDLADY, 16 h.p., good condition, British car, new tyres nearly complete, hood, combined petrol and tool tank. Apply Cooke Hardy's, 18 Chichester st., Belfast.
LANDAULETTE for Sale, also Ford Touring Car, both in perfect running order; seen after 7 o'clock, 3 South Circular road, Portobello.
LANDAULETTE, Ford 1918, all electric lights, detachable wheels, small new tyres; any trial, best offer; £375.—Thone 3410, Shelbourne Hotel.
MORGAN Runabout, newly painted, complete with hood, screen, lamps, etc.; splendid condition; £100; owner leaving country.—Thomas's Garage, Ilford.

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30 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. T

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ROVER 8/9 H.P. 4/5 Seater, fully equipped; perfect; cost, condition driven by owner. On view Rover Depot, Rover Mews, behind 1 Cecil each.—William McEvoy, Ltd., Motor Engineers, Dublin.
TAXIS for Hire, day and night.—Barron, 3 Upper Ormond quay. Phone, 3565.
8 H.P. Rover, two seater, complete with hood, screen, dickeys, lamps, horn, etc.; tyres good; extremely running order; £350.—Rover, Seans Hunnycock, Ranelagh.
12 H.P. Clement Talbot Two Seater, four cylinders, Bosch magneto, Zenith carburetter, 4 speed gear; car in good running order; low price. Address 1314 North King st.
15.9 AEROL-JOHNSON 5 Seater, splendid fitted; very perfect car; quick sale.—O'Connor, 6 Aldred road, Balbgar.

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CHAUFFEUR wishes to hear of vacancy; can fix all touring repairs; good reference. Reply P 1144, this office.
CHAUFFEUR, married, Protestant; car, car, all repairs; good discharges.—P 1376, Chauffeur," this office.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

EXPERIENCED General Wanted; good reference. P 418.
EXPERIENCED General Wanted; must be good plain cook; two in family; Dunmore East, Waterford.
EXPERIENCED General Wanted; must be good plain cook; two in family; Dunmore East, Waterford.
GENERAL Wanted, for Country; two in family; light washing; plain cooking; good wages.—Apply Mrs. Hamilton, Ballyhaise House, Co. Cavan.
GENERAL Required, small family; light washing; plain cooking; two in family; Protestant; wages £30.—Apply Miss Tynan O'Mahony, Rathbrennan road, Ballybrack.
GOOD and Experienced Housemaid Wanted, small family; well recommended. Write 14 Royal terrace, Howth.
GOOD General Wanted, Protestant, R.C., for quiet country place; no laundry. Apply, stating wages, to Mrs. Frederick Smith, Kevin Lodge, Rathfarnham.
GOOD General Wanted, Protestant, two in family; must be very reliable and trustworthy.—P 1434, this office.
GOOD General Wanted; two in family; state wages and age

SPORTING NEWS.

LINGFIELD MEETING—YESTERDAY.

CHIEF FAVOURITE FALLS.

Although the chief event at yesterday's meeting, the Woldingham Handicap Hurdle Race brought out only six runners, they were a good class lot. Unfortunately, the favourite, Hedu, came down at the last obstacle, bringing down Girvan. This left Frant Line with a lead, and, despite a bad swerve, he won easily. A big field of twenty contested the Godstone Hurdle Race, which was cleverly won by Jotrel, a cast-off from Manton, and now in Dr. Morley's stable. Miss Madcap, who was much fancied, came down at the last hurdle. As to other results, Orabma added to his Hurst Park laurels by a clever victory in the Rowlands Steeplechase. It was thought that the opportunity for Chang to win had come in the Marsh Green Steeplechase, but he was easily beaten by Mozzel.

2.30—SUSSEX HURDLE, £150 2 m.

Mr. H. Curtis's ch. h. DOUBLE DECK, by Bachelor's Double—Nydian, 6, 12-7 ..... Mr. F. Rees 1
Mr. A. Clark's LORD WESTBURY, a. 10-5 ..... Alden 2
Mr. T. Brinckman's CATALOGUE, 5, 10-3 ..... Owner 3

Also ran—Master Longnidby (Booker). (Winner trained by Poole.)

Betting—7 to 4 on DOUBLE DECK, 7 to 4 agst. Lee Westbury, 25 to 1 any other. Won by eight lengths; a bad third. Master Longnidby fell at the final flight. The winner was sold to Mr. J. J. Johnson at 300 gns.

2.20—THORNHILL CHASE, £150, 2 m.

Mr. J. Dennis's h. ROCK AHOY, by Jack Snipe—Rock Crystal, a, 9-9 ..... Bull 1
Mrs. N. Brownlee's PALMLESS, a. 10-0 ..... Reardon 2
Major D. Davies' TONGA, 5, 10-0 ..... Dair 3

Also ran—Palmerstown (Sealy), Catamaran (Scott), Rodman (Kenny), Ivington (Capt. Bennett), Gamecock (Mr. P. Roberts). (Winner trained by Potter.)

Betting—Evens ROCK AHOY, 4 agst. Palmerstown, 6 to 1 each Catamaran and Palmless, 10 to 1 any other. Won by a length; bad. Ivington fell.

3.0—WOLDINGHAM HURDLE, £300. 2½ m.

Mr. J. Wales's b. g. FRONT LINE, by Fugleman—Heraline, 4, 10-0 ..... Blount 1
Mr. C. Hall's JUTE, 6, 11-6 ..... Stubbs 2
Mr. H. Bottomley's AYNSLEY, a, 11-11 ..... Glaiser 3

Also ran—Hedu (Bunting), Zuider Zee (Pigott), Girvan (Dillon). (Mr er trained by W. Nightingall.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. Hedu, 9 to 4 Zuider Zee, 7 to 2 FRONT LINE, 6 to 1 Aynsley, 10 to 1 Girvan, 100 to 6 Jute. Won by four lengths; bad. Hedu fell at the final flight, and he fell down Girvan. An objection to the winner on ground of a cross was overruled.

3.30—MARSH GREEN CHASE, £250. 3 m.

Mr. F. Ingram's b. h. MOZZEL, by Lochrymond—Jerry Tune, a, 11-10 ..... L. B. Rees 1
Mr. S. Watts' CHANG, a, 11-12 ..... Escott 2
Mr. C. Fox's COOLDREEN, a, 12-5 ..... G. N. Bennett 3

Also ran—Lottery Bonds (Owner), Wee Sandy (Colonel Billet (R. Morgan), Tirbagh (H. R. Bletso), Fiaxseed (Neilands). (Winner trained by Poole.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Chang, 2 to 1 MOZZEL, 5 to 2 Cooldreen, 10 to 1 any other. Won by two lengths; four lengths. Wee Sandy fell.

3.50—GODSTONE HURDLE, £100. 2 m.

Mr. R. Jeffrey's b. c. TOLUOL, by Spearmint—Benbain, 4, 10-0 ..... H. Wilkins 1
Mr. C. Barclay's GOLDEN RULE, a, 11-5 ..... Duller 3
Mr. L. Phillips' PERRY HILL, 5, 10-10 ..... J. Reardon 3

Also ran—Miss Madcap (Fish), Misty Morning (A. Lane), White Ronald (L. B. Rees), Gay Goshawk (Leggott), Sugar Loaf (T. Costello), Watergate (E. Lane), Sun Lady (Lestrange), Yorkling, Dawn (Allen), Bez Wallah (J. Morris), Croix de Guerre (L. Wall), Daniel (Sumsion), Far East (S. R. Morgan), The Beach (Escott), Wild Ranger (Dainty), Arabian Knight (Westlake), Dinah Desmond (Lawrence), Nubian (C. Bunstead). (Winner trained by Dr. Mosley.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Golden Rule, 5 to 2 Miss Madcap, 9 to 2 Perry Hill, 5 to 1 TOLUOL, 100 to 8 Gay Goshawk, 20 to 1 any other. Won by a fourth and a half; two lengths. Sun Lady and Dinah Desmond fell at the first hurdles, and Miss Madcap at the last.

4.20—ROWLANDS CHASE, £300. 2 m.

Capt. J. Hilliard's br. g. CRISHNA, by Ardoon—Lalla Rookh, 6, 12-3 ..... Ivor Anthony 1
Mr. H. Rich's THE WISER, 5, 11-5 ..... Greyhound Daisty 2
Mr. H. Bottomley's LONGERLINE, 5, 11-11 ..... Glaiser 3

Also ran—Ocean Wave (R. Gordon). (Winner trained by Hastings.)

Betting—4 to 1 on CRISHNA, 11 to 4 agst. Ocean Wave, 4 to 1 The Wisp, 10 to 1 Longerline.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Three of the four dogs left in the Irish Cup are by Harmonicon.

In the fall of Hedu two hurdles from home, in the Woldingham Handicap Hurdle at Lingfield, Donnelly broke a wrist.

Captain Charles Clark, an English professional golfer who rose to commissioned rank in the war, recently went to America, and has been engaged as professional to the Engineers' Country Club, at Roslyn, Long Island, where the United States Amateur Championship will be played for this year.

STANDS ALONE.
RACING AND FOOTBALL JUDGE
WEEK-END SPECIAL
EVERY FRIDAY 1/-
FOOTBALL COUPS and SYSTEMED NAPS
FRIDAY, SATURDAY, and MONDAY.
On Sale at all Newsagents and Bookstalls.
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(ADVERTISEMENT.)
DIAMOND—Change—67. '42, '47.

—BOOT ECONOMY—
SPORTSMEN should have their boots soled with "CALLOX" Sole Leather specially recommended for Waterproof Hardness. See Registered Brand—CALLOX—on every sole. Manufactured by CALLAGHAN and SON, LTD., Limerick, Cork and Belfast. Beware of Imitations.—(Advt.)

LAWN TENNIS.

DEATH OF DR. W. V. EAVES.

W. V. Eaves, the well-known lawn tennis player, and a member of the Committee of the All-England L.T.C., died on Tuesday night. He was a doctor by profession, and did great service during the war, when he held an important medical appointment at Woolwich. Dr. Eaves, who had recently undergone an operation, made satisfactory progress until a few days ago, when a relapse set in, and he was removed to a nursing home, where he died.

HOCKEY.

TRINITY v. MAIDS OF THE MOUNTAIN.

Played at Milltown, resulting in a draw of 1 goal each.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURE.

Three Rock Rovers (A) v. Dublin University (A), College Park, at 3.15.

SACKS
BOUGHT, SOLD, HIRED.
Ask for quotations
J. W. & D. MARTIN
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MANCHESTER MEETING, THIS DAY.

PROGRAMME.

1.30—COUNTY HURDLE, £300. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
PLANET (Mr. G. Barclay)..... Taber	6 11 9
TIGH NA MARA (Mr. D. Stewart) Private	4 11 9
KOSSUTH (Mr. J. Isaacs)..... Botterill	5 11 5
WILDFELLOW (Mr. W. Parrish) ..... D. Rogers	5 11 5
DORNOCH (Mr. J. Hartle)..... Poole	5 11 5
FRANK WEBBER (Mr. R. Hartigan) ..... F. Hartigan	4 10 7
VIADUCT (Cmdr. Ward)..... Whitaker	4 10 7

(The above have arrived.)

LADY CRAIGIE (Mr. J. Innes) Hampson	6 11 9
CRAIGNEIL (Mr. J. McKie) ....McKie	a 11 9
MINTOI (Capt. Mungall) ..... Private	6 11 9
BLACK CRAG (Mr. G. W. Smith) ..... McCormack	6 11 9
PICTURE SAINT (Col. Croft)....Ireland	a 11 9
WINKLE (Mrs. R. Stephens) ..... Private	6 11 9
BLIND LOVE (Mr. Rogerson) J. Renwick	a 11 9
POLISMEN (Mr. S. Ross) ..... Stubbs	5 11 5
MACDUFF (Mr. S. Harris) ..... Godfrey	6 11 5
O.C. HONEYMOON (Mr. G. Hilditch) ..... Hastings	5 11 5
DETERMINATION (Mr. T. Hillman) ..... B. Roberts	5 11 5
SHERSTON (Mr. G. Sandar) ..... Sanday	5 11 5
KING CARNIVAL (Mr. R. Hopkins) ..... Peacock	5 11 5
BUCKSTAFFE (Mr. W. Putnam) ..... W. Payne	5 11 5
A.A. (Mrs. S. Whitbread) ..... Whitaker	5 11 5
JACK POINT (Lord Wilton) ..... T. Leader	a 11 5
DEVONPORT (Mr. J. Johnson) C. Young	5 11 5
SQUARE MEAL (Mr. Reid Walker) ..... J. Rogers	5 11 5
BLACK DEMON (Mr. W. Wallis) Private	5 11 5
MY LAND (Mr. Newkirk) ..... Private	5 11 5
MANISTER RUSTLE (Mr. J. Hogan) ..... Ireland	5 11 5
THERMOGENE (Mr. J. McLean) ..... McGuigan	5 11 5
TOISE (Mr. T. Oakshott) ..... Cowley	5 11 5
CORSO (Mr. J. McLean) ..... McGuigan	5 11 5
D.S.P. (Mr. G. Marsh) ..... Godfrey	5 11 5
OFF THE WHITE (Mr. E. Clark) Bailey	5 11 5
CHARLET'S UNCLE (Lt.-Col. R. Greson) ..... F. Hartigan	4 11 3
BOMBPROOF (Mr. J. Bell)..... J. Bell	4 10 7
NORTHYTE (Mr. J. Bennett)...C. Young	4 10 7
ARDAVON (Capt. C. Hanbury) Whitaker	4 10 7
BEIJO (Mr. W. Brown) ..... Private	4 10 7
MARTYNSIDE (Mr. G. Cerwen) Private	4 10 7
IRISH LACE (Mr. T. Davidson) Beatty	4 10 7
AIKEN DRUM (Lt.-Col. F. Isaac) ..... H. Harrison	4 10 7
SANDY McNAB (Mr. M. Farrington) ..... Ireland	4 10 7
KING EDER (Lord Lascelles) ..... Gore	4 10 7
PHANTOM BOLD (Sir R. Liddell) ..... Peacock	4 10 7
DAYBREAK (Mr. C. Hatry)...Woodland	4 10 7
SNUG (Mr. D. Scott) ..... Private	4 10 7
BETROS (Major Power) ..... Gilbert	4 10 7
FRENZY (Mr. J. Hindell) ..... Lord	4 10 7
CYLENIUS (Mr. P. Nelke) ..... Gore	4 10 7
NORAH ELSIE (Mr. T. Oakshott) ..... R. Sadler	4 10 7
GREEK STAR (Maj. L. Holiday) ..Lines	4 10 7

2.0—FRIDAY CHASE, £100. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
ROTTERDAM (Mrs. F. Barrie)..... Berg	6 11 12

(The above have arrived.)

ROYAL TURK (Mr. Ard)..... Private	a 11 12
GREEN (Mr. P. Fox)..... Bennett	a 11 10
MILTSIN (Mr. ..... W. Payne	a 11 7
MENLO (Mr. J. Hogan)..... Ireland	a 11 12
OPHION (Mr. T. Lovett)..... Goswell	a 11 12
SUNLIGHT III. (Mr. Paterson)..Cowap	a 11 12
HILLOCK (Mrs. Rimington)..Rimington	a 11 12
LADY DONORE (Mr. G. Sanday) Sanday	a 11 12
LAD (Mr. A. Saunders)..... Private	a 11 12
PENHOWE (Mr. C. Foljambe)..Peacock	4 10 7

2.30—FEBRUARY HURDLE RACE, £400. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
VOXOL (Mr. O. Toole) ..... Whitaker	5 11 3
CASTILIAN (Mr. D. Stewart) ..... Private	4 11 2
INDIAN FEAST (Mr. W. Wren) ..... E. Payne	a 11 1
VERTIGO (Lord Rosebery)... F. Hartigan	a 11 1
VALE OF REALM (Mr. J. Ramsden) ..... Gore	5 11 9
ROSHERVILLE (Mr. S. Clowes) ..... Lund	a 11 9
LADY CRAIGIE (Mr. J. Innes) Hampson	6 10 9

(The above have arrived.)

JOHN JACKETT (Mr. G. W. Smith) ..... McCormick	a 12 7
LORD EDNAM (Major R. Ratcliffe) ..... H. Harrison	6 11 13
MANRICO (Mr. J. Ramsden) ..... Gore	6 11 11
STEADY SCOTCH (Mr. D. Cogan) ..... Glaiser	3
BUZZ OFF (Mr. J. McLean) J. McGuigan	6 11 1
THEODOSIUS (Mr. T. Gantrip)..... Lund	6 12 1
SAFFIR KING (Mr. C. Bernard) ..... R. Roberts	6 10 13
EATON HERO (Mr. G. Sanday) Sanday	6 10 10
YOUNG BRIAN (Capt. B. Daly)..Ireland	4 10 7
ZEE (Mr. S. Hindell) ..... Lund	4 10 6
THERMOGENE (Mr. J. McLean) ..... J. McGuigan	5 10 0
MERRY ALDFORD (Mr. F. Hayes) ..... H. Harrison	4 10 4

3.0—STAND SELLING HURDLE, £100. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
LIFE BUOY (Col. D. Leslie)...Hastings	o 11 9
KROONER (Mr. C. Hayes) ..... Law	4 10 12

(The above have arrived.)

WORTHY EARL (Mrs. Croft)...Ireland	a 12 7
MATARO (Capt. Fenwick-Palmer) Palmer	6 12 5
GOLDEN SYSTEM (Miss J. Edwards) ..... Fergusson	a 12 1
TOM'S LASS (Mrs. R. Green)...Private	5 11 7
TOM BEVAN (Mr. J. Day)..... Day	6 11 12
GAINTHORPE (Maj. J. Edwards) ..... Fergusson	a 11 11
PRAWLE POINT (Mr. H. Rhodes) ..... Coldbeck	a 11 11
O'FLYN (Mr. H Brown)....H. Brown	5 11 8
ADEQUATE (Mr. T. M'Keever) ..... H. Harrison	6 11 8
MOUNT FELIX (Mrs. W. Renwick) ..... W. Renwick	a 11 7
PHION (Mr. T. Lovett)..... Goswell	a 11 7
KING'S PLEASURE (Mrs. R. Green) ..... Private	5 11 7
DALQUISE (Mr. S. Mercer)..... Mercer	6 11 6
LE CONNETABLE (Mrs. F. Barry) ..... Berg	a 11 6
WINGMAN (Mr. H. Brown)...H. Brown	a 11 4
LITTLE MISCHIEF (Mr. E. Hewett) ..... Private	4 11 7
BROWST HUM (Mrs. H. Sanday) Sanday	a 11 2
TAR BABY (Mr. H. Beazley)..... Beazley	a 11 2
POTIPHAR (Lord Wilton)..... T. Leader	a 11 0
GIRVAN (Mr. R. Hamphrin) ..... Private	a 10 13
FLUMMERY (Mr. M. Dawson) ...Dawson	4 10 12
J.C.B. (Capt. C. Stringer)...Chamberlain	4 10 12
GYPSY KING (Mr. H. Burse)...W. Smith	5 10 11
COWERBY (Mr. W. Forbes)..... Private	6 10 10
ANISETTE (Mr. T. Edge) ..... Poole	5 10 10
HYSTERICAL (Mr. J. Lyall)...J. Lyall	a 10 10
OPTIMAN (Mr. S. M'Morran)..... Private	a 10 7
FLAVIA (Mr. W. Beechall)...J. T. Dodd	6 10 8
WINDOW (Mrs. W. Capell)..... Capell	a 10 7
KINKLE (Mrs. R. Stephens)..... Private	6 10 7
OH JOY (Mrs. Rimington)...Rimington	4 10 0

3.30—SALFORD CHASE, £150. 3 m.

	Age st. lb.
THE TURK II. (Mr. C. Wilcox) ..... Hastings	a 11 7
SQUARE UP (Mrs F. Barrie)...Berg	a 10 12
LANIFERI (Mr. H. Beckett)..... Beazley	a 10 6
TURAKINA (Mr. J. Harvie)..... Poole	5 10 0
CAMOUFLAGER (Mr. T. Morris)....Pope	a 10 0

(The above have arrived.)

BALLYBOGGAN (Mr. E. Johnstone) ..... Ireland	a 12 9
SEMPER IDEM (Mr. J. Whelan) Ireland	6 12 7
CLANGOLLEN (Mr. H. Brown) ..... H. Brown	a 11 12
MANISTER BRIDGE (Mr. J. Hogan) ..... Hogan	6 11 11
COPPER HILL (Mrs. H. Hollins) ..... W. Payne	a 11 8
TAFFYTUS (Lady Wilton) ....T. Leader	a 11 3
SALT SPRAY (Mr. A. Straker) ..... Private	a 11 0
LONG LOUGH (Mr. R. Powe)...Ireland	a 10 12
COMMAND (Mr. J. Scott)..... Scott	a 10 11
HEROD'S DAUGHTER (Mrs. J. Wilson) ..... Law	a 10 10
SOUTH LODGE (Lord Stanley) Whitaker	a 10 7
MORE RAIN (Mr. S. Rose)..... Stubbs	a 10 6
FLYING LADY (Mr. P. Quilliam) Ireland	6 10 5
KILNORACY (Mr. F. Hayes) H. Harrison	a 10 2
PRINCE CLIFTON (Mr. H. Chappell) ..... T. Dodd	a 10 2
BEN BECCH (Mr. J. M'Lean) ..... J. M'Guigan	a 10 2
L.B. (Mr. A. Saunders)..... Private	a 10 2
LITTLE WILLIE II. (Mr. C. Kenyon) ..... Dodd	a 10 1
COOLDREEN (Mr. P. Fox)..... Bennett	a 10 4
SULTAN VI. (Mr. T. Kirk)..... Private	a 10 0

4.0—OLDHAM CHASE, £300. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
TRENTINO (Mr. F. Lloyd)..F. Hartigan	6 12 0
CAMELOT (Col. D. Leslie) ..... Hastings	a 12 0
LAIRD'S BIRTHDAY (Mr. J. McKie) ..... McKie	6 12 0
VALE OF REALM (Mr. J. Ramsden) ..... Gore	5 11 9

(The above have arrived.)

MOOREFIELD (Mr. W. Atkinson) .Adams	a 12 0
BRIDGE OF MANISTER (Mr. J. Hogan) ..... Hogan	6 12 0
SERRAN (Mr. H. Brown) ....H. Brown	6 12 0
ENTERPEN (Brig.-Gen. Sir J. Laycock) ..... Whitaker	6 12 0
EATON HERO (Mr. G. Sanday)..Sanday	6 12 0
SILENT SANDS (Mr. G. Sanday)..Sanday	6 12 0
CANNY KNIGHT (Mr. A. Scott)...A. Scott	6 12 0
BASSINETTE (Mr. A. Scott)..... A. Scott	6 12 0
LEDDISTON (Mrs. Croft) ..... Law	a 12 0
GOLDEN ROSE (Mr. H. Magill)...Private	a 12 0
BARON WAVELET (Mr. W. Parrish) ..... Rogers	6 12 0
BE MERRY (Mr. J. Paterson)....Cowap	a 12 0
MASTER RIPPLE (Col. G. Paynter) ..... Lyall	6 12 0
COLONETTA (Lt.-Col. H. Tomkinson) ..... Whitaker	6 12 0
MINSTREL (Mr. B. Walker)...F. Hartigan	6 12 0
MAUCHLINE G., by Torpoint (Major C. Wilson) ..... Bazley	a 12 0
VIVA (Mr. S. Goarley) ..... Private	5 11 9
ALLIGAN (Mr. G. Sanday)..... Sanday	5 11 9
TRIVET (Mr. F. Ingram) ..... Poole	5 11 9
GRACIOUS GIFT (Lord Portsmouth) ..... Whitaker	5 11 9
NORTON (Mr. V. Thompson)...F. Hartigan	5 11 9
PHIL (Mr. H. Rooke) ..... Fawcon	4 10 9

SCRATCHINGS—Manchester engagements—Breakaway.

ARRIVALS.—Castilian, Blazing Corn, Craigull, Camelot, Camouflager, Crom Aboo, Dornoch, Delirium, Fertoi, Frank Webber, Indian Feast, Kroomer, Lifebuoy, Landleet, Lady Craigie, Moorfield, Manrico, Master Ripple, Norton, Phil, Princess Francis, Planet, Rossini, Rosherville, Rokesmill, Rotterdam, St. Endas, Square Up, Turakina, The Turk II., Trentino, Telescope, Vertigo, Vale of Realm, Voxol, Viaduct, Windrift, Wildfellow, Holy Mac, Tigh-na-Mara, Laird's Birthday.

CHANTICLEER'S NOTES.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)
MANCHESTER, THURSDAY NIGHT.

Sportsmen are well catered for to-morrow and Saturday at Castle Irwell, where, thanks to drying winds, the course is in excellent order. In the chief race, the February Hurdle Handicap, John Jackett, despite his burden, should run well, if started. Lord Ednam is expected, and, on January form here, should win. His strongest rivals will be Vertigo and Voxol. My selections for the minor races are:—County Hurdle—Frank Webber. Friday Selling Steeplechase—Sunlight III. Stand Selling Handicap Hurdle—Lifebuoy. Salford Handicap Steeplechase—Turk II. Oldham Steeplechase—Trentino.

WEIGHTS FOR MANCHESTER MARCH MEETING.

GRAND ALLIES' STEEPLECHASE.
(Run on Friday, March 5th.)

Waterbed, a, 12-13; Silver Ring, a, 12-9; Semper Idem, 6, 12-9; Waverirer, a, 12-5; Clonree, 6, 12-1; Square Dance, a, 12-1; Sergeant Murphy, a, 11-12; Eager Simon, a, 11-11; Top Hole, a, 11-9; Loch Alien, a, 11-9; Vermouth, a, 11-6; Cargo, 6, 11-0; Desmond's Song, a, 11-4; White Trout, a, 11-5; Culprit, a, 11-4; All While, 6, 11-4; Salt Spray, a, 11-2; The Bore, a, 11-2; Tally Ho, a, 10-13; The Knocks, a, 10-13; Hairpin II., 6, 10-12; Dunadry, a, 10-8; Landleet, a, 10-7; Trentino, 6, 10-6; St. Endas, a, 10-; Prince Clifton, a, 10-0; Kilnoracy, a, 10-0; Fugie Maid ,6 (dead).

TWO THOUSAND HURDLE RACE.
(Run on Saturday, March 6th.)

Waterbed, a, 12-13; Ivanhoe, a, 12-11; Sinpot Chacley, 6, 12-8; Furore, a, 12-6; Stainton, a, 12-4; John Jackett, a, 12-1; Saxham Prince, a, 12-1; Silver Bridge, 8, 12-0; Ballyhandy, a, 11-11; Persian, 4, 11-10; Aymable, a, 11-9; Heda, a, 11-9; Pennant, a, 11-7; Somerville, 5, 11-5; Maurice, 6, 11-5; Second Fiddle, a, 11-4; Wilson, 4, 11-4; Steady Scotch, 5, 11-3; Lady Alicia, 5, 11-1; Lokeslon, a, 11-1; Morning Star, 6, 11-1; Grandchester, 5, 11-0; Killarney, a, 11-0; Thomasson, 5, 11-0; Voxol, 5, 10-13; Vanitie, a, 10-12; Swinerton, 5, 10-11; Confessor, 6, 10-11; Ardavon, 6, 10-10; Hilford, 4, 10-10; Rich Gift, 6, 10-10; Glenbay, 5, 10-8; Abenack, a, 10-8; Chicago, 5, 10-8; Buckstaffe, a, 10-8; Black Lamb, 6, 10-7; Longfield, 6, 10-7; Young Brian, 4, 10-7; Averzano, a, 10-7; Indian Feast, a, 10-7; King Eder, 4, 10-7; Theodosius, 6, 10-6; Buzz Off, 5, 10-6; Dornoch, 5, 10-5; Procurator, 4, 10-5; Determination, 5, 10-5; Soft Repose, a, 10-5; Thermogene, 5, 10-5; Devonport, 5, 10-3; Sea Imp, a, 10-3; Chariot, a, 10-2; Hanway, 4, 10-2; Rosherville, a, 10-1; Frank Webber, 4, 10-0; Hurly, a, 10-0; Greek Star, 4, 10-0; MacDuff, 5, 10-0; Lady Craigie, 6, 10-0; Quick Thrust, 6, 10-0; Jack of Jingles, 6, 10-0; St. George, 4, 10-0. East Cheshire, The Missing Link, and Daybreak were drawn.

WEIGHTS, NATIONAL HUNT STEEPLECHASE AT CHELTENHAM.

(Run on Wednesday, 10th March.)

Waterbed, a, 12-8; Ballybrogan, a, 12-6; Silver Ring, a, 12-4; Waverirer, a, 12-4; Clonree, 6, 12-3; Canny Knight, 6, 12-0; Tafiytus, a, 11-11; Loch Alien, a, 11-6; Gerald L., 6, 11-6; Vermouth, a, 11-6; The Fly III., a, 11-4; The Turk II., a, 11-3; Pay Only, a, 11-3; Picture Saint, a, 11-3; General Saxham, a, 11-2; Culprit, a, 11-1; Llangollen, a, 11-1; Nearotic, a, 11-1; The Bore, a, 10-13; White Trout, a, 10-13, Martez, a, 10-12; Long Lough, a, 10-12; Waybeam, a, 10-11; Whiteboy, a, 10-10; Desmond's Song, a, 10-9; Childhike, a, 10-8; Always, 5, 10-8; Spoil Five, a, 10-7; The Knocks, a, 10-7; Mythical, 6, 10-7; Command, a, 10-7; Irish Rebellion, a, 10-6; Trentino, 6, 10-6; M.C.V.F.68, a, 10-6; Fugie Maid, 6, 10-6; Arthur, a, 10-1; Iron Bedstead, a, 10-0; Kilnoracy, a, 10-0; Prince Clifton, a, 10-0; Schoolmoney, a, 10-0; Soapycroft, a, 10-0; Daydawn, a, 10-0; Dublin Bay, a, 10-0; Stick Or Twist, 6, 10-0. Fargo and Mask Off, withdrawn; Sunloch, dead.

HUNTING.

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.
TARE WARD UNION.

Date—February.	Meet.	Hon
Saturday, 14.....	Kilrue	1.30

THE KILDARE.

Saturday, 14.....	Donadea Castle	11.0
Friday, 13.....	The Heath	11.0

THE HEATH.
(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

There is not another great run to be recorded, consequent on the snow of these hounds at Ballinrobe Castle on Monday. General fowell rode amongst us during the good wood finish, but presently a nice dog fox came out the same heads in the ornamental water. He soon away afterwards, pointing at first for Heathstown, then turning to the left across the Athboy road, with the pack in full cry. Away next to the "Five Mile" into Lady Chichester's big wood at Kilrua, through it as far as the gate lodge, where hounds ran round over the Castlejordan road, into the Kilrua bottoms, through which they hunted with a good scent into Millstown. Without checking appreciably, they ran over the road close by Mrs. Kearney's gate lodge to the village of Blackyre, keeping to the latter on their right, hounds carried the line now past Bolltown, which was also to the right hand, past the little hamlet of Crossakiel (on the left), pointing now for the Ballythist country. A sharp turn to the right next brought the chase to the old gorse covert of Boorstown, where this fox went in, having stood up (with good scent) for one hour and twenty-five minutes of a first-class hunt, of which Jonah's had very much the best all the way. The master went back with a few followers to Drewstown, finding in the hurrple, and hunting through Tristernagh to Kilrua Big Wood, where this fox got in. A blank draw of Mount Nelson terminated this fine day's sport.

On Tuesday there was storm and rain practically all day, and the venue being laid at Dunalty Castle. Considering the severe weather conditions, there was quite a good field, a beginning being made with the usual draw of the Railway Wood, which sheltered a brace of foxes. The one hunted went first towards the Black Lodge; then leading the pack, with a good working scent, across the Park, with the Castle close on the left, through the ruined chapel, to Rathoman to the verge of Swainstown, getting to ground near Moore's Hill. The next fox, found at Killeen Cross-roads, ran up the wood; then crossing into the "Round O," through which hounds ran without checking, carrying the line down by Rathoman Catholic Chapel again to Rathronan. They crossed the laneway, and marked the same hole which had saved the first fox's brush. Killeen Burrow Wood was blank, but there were two brace in Gerrardstown, which meant a division of hounds for some time, eventuating in a short fruitless run to Corfalton, with a failure of scent. The Poorhouse Gorse at Dunshaughlin was blank this boisterous day, inclement day finishing with a fast dash from Boylan's Gorse over Potterstown line, and a mark to ground in Mr. T. Moore's nearing Deace.

THE WARD UNION.
(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Very wild, boisterous weather again prevailed on Wednesday, but the going was much better than was expected. Amongst those out was "Jim" Brindley, who was the recipient of congratulations from all comers, as he was celebrating his 70th birthday, and looked as hale and hearty as ever. The meet was at Rathbeggan, and by invitation of Mr. Wilkinson the enlargement took place on his farm. It was rather remarkable that the high wind did not interfere with scenting conditions for hounds commenced to run fast immediately they were laid on, and led the way merrily across the bottoms down to Rathbeggan House entrance gates and, without crossing the road, kept parallel to it by Black Hall, where they bore to the left through Tyrenstrand to the Midland railway. Keeping alongside the line they kept on very fast under Fairyhouse Bridge to Flat House, and after a short check wheeled sharply to the left through Craddoxtown and Ballyzillan into Stokestown. Falls were numerous as hounds kept on through Castletown and into Hetherstown. Hounds had checked on entering the aisted farm, and all were at fault in terms as they swept over Mullinan and Ballyhack, and, with Fairyhouse Standhouse on the immediate left, crossed coal by Newtown and The Commons to Batonth village; thence over Woodlands to the corner of Lagore demesne, where a sale capture was effected after a very fine hunt.

CO. GALWAY HUNT will meet: Monday, Feb. 16th, Moyville; Wednesday, Feb. 18th, Ballinderry; Thursday, Feb. 19th, Dalyston; Saturday, Feb. 21st, Knockferry. Monday, Feb. 23rd, Ballymoe; Wednesday, Feb. 25th, Carrowkeel Cross-roads; Thursday, Feb. 26th, Charnantula; Saturday, Feb. 28th, Ardcan. At 11 o'clock. *Special train.

BILLIARDS.

AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP.
HEGINBOTTOM v. TAYLOR.

The fourth and final heat in the third round was commenced at Orme's Rooms, London, yesterday afternoon between G. A. Heginbotom and J. G. Taylor. In a very even session, Heginbotom gained a lead of 59. The best breaks were 58 (twice), 55, 74, and 53, by Taylor, and 64, 59, 55, and 56, by Heginbotom. Interval scores:—Heginbotom (in play), 668; Taylor, 609.

Averaging 19½ at night, Heginbottom outpointed Taylor by 867 to 818, and led at the close by 417 points. Heginbotom made breaks of 53, 126, 165, and 65 (unfinished), while Taylor's best was 69. Closing scores:—Heginbotom (in play), 1,534; Taylor, 927

INMAN v. REECE.

Reece did not maintain his improved form at the afternoon session at Northampton yesterday, although no made best breaks in 172 and 102 (unfinished) he was not so consistent as Inman, whose highest individual scores were 88 and 94. Scores:—Inman, 4,174; Reece (rec. 500) (in play), 3,774.

Closing scores:—Inman, 4,667; Reece (rec. 500), in play, 4,239.

STEVENSON v. NEWMAN.

In the Tournament game at Burroughes' Hall, London, yesterday afternoon, Inman further improved his position, scoring 603, and averaging 53 to 371 and 20. His chief breaks were 181 (full), 370, and 144. Stevenson's second even 74 and 108 (twice). Interval scores:—Newman (rec. 1,500) (in play), 5,729; Stevenson (rec. 500), 3,562.

Closing scores:—Newman, 6,355; Stevenson, 4,092.

FALKINER v. BRADY.

The Irish champion, who is in receipt of 3,000 start in 8,000 up, at Leicester square, Aldeden, yesterday was outplayed by Falkiner, who during the day's score of 2,000 points to 761. Falkiner's best breaks were 242, 175, 95, 163, 167, 97, and 158, while Brady was responsible for runs of 105 (full), 75, 70, and 55. Closing scores:—Brady, 6,161; Falkiner, 5,205.

BOXING.

O'SHEA DEFEATS DEGAUD.

At the Holborn Stadium last night Jerry O'Shea, the Welsh International Rugby player, got the verdict on points in a fifteen rounds bout with Auguste Degaud.

"THE IRISH FIELD."

This week's *Irish Field* contains much of absorbing interest to sportsmen. To-morrow's keenly anticipated Rugby contest between Ireland and England is exhaustively treated, the prospects of the visiting team being analyzed in a special article by R. H. D. Sewell, whilst a plan of the field and photos of the teams are also included. An essential Irish coursing work at Clonmanna will be covered by a full report and description of the course, the forthcoming Waterloo Cup at Altcar being also dealt with in a special article by Vindex. The issue contains the race programmes for the coming week and many other interesting features. A copy can be obtained at all newsagents, price 2d.

COURSING.

THE IRISH CUP MEETING.
THIRD AND FOURTH ROUNDS.

Judge—Mr. R. Davis. Slipper—W. O'Donoghue.

IRISH CUP—For 64 all ages. Winner, £200 and piece of plate value £50; second, £80; two dogs, £30 each; four dogs, £5 each; eight dogs, £2 10/- each.

THIRD ROUND.

Padraig Og beat Again Victorious. Betting—4 to 1 on Again Victorious.

Royal Dictator beat Firing George. Betting—4 to 1 on Royal Dictator.

Merrie Mistk beat Barty. Betting—6 to 4 on Merrie Mistk.

Irish Steeple beat Sky Pilot III. Betting—4 to 1 on Irish Steeple.

Lively Tune beat Victory Again. Betting—11 to 10 on Lively Tune.

The Topper beat Swordfish. Betting—5 to 2 on Swordfish

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE O'MARA OPERA CO.
TO-NIGHT AT 7.45,
MADAM BUTTERFLY.
Misses Eleanor Feltz, Mabel Dennis. Messrs. Joseph O'Mara, Hilbert Dustin, Walter Hacker, Cosbolator—W. J. C. Hacker.
Tomorrow (Saturday) Matinee—"FAUST."
Saturday Evening—"THE BOHEMIAN GIRL."
Monday—"TANNHAUSER."
Tuesday, Matinee—"RIGOLETTO."
Tuesday Evening—"LILY OF KILLARNEY."
Last Wednesday—THEATRE CLOSED.
Thursday—"MARITANA."
Friday—"MANON LESCAUT."
Saturday Mat., 2.30—"LA BOHEME."
Saturday Evening—"FAUST."

GAIETY THEATRE.
MISS
PETITE O'HARA'S
VIOLIN RECITAL,
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 18th.
Special Engagement of Mr.
JOHN COATES.
Booking at Cramer's.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.40.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....8.40.
MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 2.
LAST TWO NIGHTS
BARNEY ARMSTRONG'S RECORD PANTOMIME,
CINDERELLA.
New Jokes, Songs, and Dances.
Box Office Open 11 to 5. Tel. 5208.
TO-NIGHT,
SOUVENIR NIGHT.
A HANDSOME SOUVENIR IN BOOK FORM WILL BE SOLD IN THE THEATRE AT BOTH HOUSES BY THE PANTOMIME ARTISTES. THE AMOUNT REALISED WILL BE DEVOTED TO THE ARTISTES' BENEVOLENT FUND AND INSTITUTION.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT and TO-MORROW NIGHT, at 8.15.
MATINEE TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), 2.30.
"THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE,"
A Melodrama in Three Acts, by
GEORGE BERNARD SHAW.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 3368.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.30.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....8.45.
Hubert O'Grady's Famous Irish Drama,
"THE FAMINE."
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2-. Tel. 3016.

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE, PHIBSBORO' ROAD.
LAST TWO DAYS OF
W. S. HART and DOROTHY DALTON in
"THE DISCIPLE,"
5-ACT DRAMA
(First Time in Dublin).
COMEDY, TOPICAL, TRAVEL, and INTEREST.
Continuous, 3 to 10.30.
Monday Next—DUSTIN FARNUM in
ZANE GREY'S POPULAR STORY,
"LIGHT OF THE WESTERN STARS."

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"ALL OF A SUDDEN NORMA," featuring Bessie Barriscale, showing at 5, 7, etc., and Prof. Benard's Famous Orchestra.
MONDAY. Mary Pickford, in "Daddy Longlegs."

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
MARIE DORO
IN
"TWELVE-TEN"
MAGNIFICENT SUPER-PRODUCTION.
TO-NIGHT,
DANCE AT THE BLUE BIRD TEA ROOMS, KINGSTOWN.
TICKETS, 3/6. Evening Dress or Uniform.
8 to 11.
TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) NIGHT,
GRAND CENTRAL HALLS, EXCHEQUER ST.
ST. VALENTINE'S FANCY DRESS DANCE.
£5 5-. PRIZES.
Best Lady. Best Gent. Best Comic. Best Paper Costume, and Waltzing Competition. Music, Levinston's Augmented Band.
DANCING 10 to 4.30. Tickets, 2/6, or the Door, 3/6 Each. Tel. 3447.

GRESHAM HOTEL, DUBLIN.
CINDERELLA
(Under Hotel Management.)
SEASON 1919-20.
TO-MORROW NIGHT,
FROM 8 to 11.30.
DANCE TICKETS ..... 5- each, at Hotel. Music under the Personal Direction of Mr. CLARKE HARRY.

SALTHILL HOTEL,
DANCING EVERY SATURDAY,
8 to 11.
'Phone 180 Kingstown.

COOK'S
MARINE GARAGE CO., LTD.,
TAXIS RUNNING AS USUAL.
'Phone 100 and 48 Kingstown.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
UNITY AND SELF-RELIANCE.
IRISH DRAPERS' AND OTHER TRADES ASSISTANTS' ASSOCIATION.
A BALLOT
WILL BE TAKEN IN
CAVENDISH HOUSE
On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY NEXT, 17th and 18th February,
To Elect:
(1) The Chairman of the Dublin Branch.
(2) For selection of a Nominee for the President of the Association.
(3) For nine members for Executive Committee.
HOURS OF POLLING:
Tuesday, 17th ..... 6 o'clock p.m. to 8.30 p.m.
Wednesday, 18th ..... 5 o'clock p.m. to 8.30 p.m.
(By Order)
DUBLIN BRANCH COMMITTEE.

RESOLUTIONS
ADOPTED AT THE SIXTIETH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SUBSCRIBERS AND FRIENDS OF THE
MALONE TRAINING SCHOOL FOR BOYS
FORMERLY MALONE PROTESTANT REFORMATORY.
Held at the School
On THURSDAY, 12th FEBRUARY, 1920.
Moved by Mr. Joshua Pim—
"That the Rules of the Institution, as adopted at the Annual Meeting held on 13th February, 1919, be and they are hereby rescinded, and that the following Rules be substituted therefor."
Seconded by the Chairman, seconded by Mr. W. A. Foster, J.P.
"That the Report and Statement of Accounts now read be adopted, and that the Committee's annual statement, with such appendix as the Committee shall deem desirable."
Moved by the Very Rev. the Dean of Connor, seconded by Rev. J. Hayes, M.A.—
"That this Meeting desires to render thanks to God for the successful issue of the Institution's work during the past year."
Moved by Rev. T. A. Watson, seconded by Mr. Edward Bruton, J.P.—
"That the thanks of the Meeting be given to Rev. Dr. Orr and Rev. Prof. Haire, M.A., B.D., and Rev. J. Moutray, M.A., for their kind attention and assistance during the past year."
The Election of Office-Bearers for the current year was then proceeded with, and carried by show of hands.
Mr. S. Emerson, J.P. ..... T. G. G. COLLINS, Chairman.

BALDONNEL AERODROME.
Labourers who worked at Baldonnel Aerodrome between December 5th, 1919, and 7th January, 1920, and who are entitled to the additional threepence per hour recently granted, are requested to apply for payment, hereinafter, at the office of the Superintending Engineer, 14 Hume street, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.; Saturday, 10 a.m. to 1 o'clock.
Applications should be made within a week from this date.

GRAND CANAL COMPANY.
The Grand Canal Company hereby give notice that they can now receive and forward Traffic to and from all Stations on the Company's system.
Goods will be received and delivered at James's street Harbour between 8 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Mondays, to Fridays, and between 8 a.m. and 1 p.m. Saturdays.
H. PHILLIPS,
General Manager.
13th February, 1920.

CONTRACTS.
COUNTY COUNCIL OF KING'S COUNTY.
PRINTING CONTRACT—TENDERS WANTED.
The County Council of King's County will, at their statutory meeting, to be held in the Courthouse, Tullamore, on Wednesday, February 25th, at 12 o'clock, proceed to consider Tenders for the supply of all Printing and Stationery required by the County Council, the Corporation of Tullamore, the Clerk of the Peace, for two years from April 1st, 1920. The specifications for the Contract may be inspected at my office at the Courthouse, Tullamore, any time during office hours, and samples of the paper to be supplied.
Tenderers whose Tenders are signed, will be required to attend at such time, in each case, as the Council shall determine, with sureties and two correct carefax, for the due performance of the Contract. The bond will be made out by the Solicitor to the County Council, and the Contract be entered into by the Contractor.
Forms can be had upon application to the undersigned.
Tenders addressed through the post to "The Presiding Chairman, Courthouse, Tullamore," must be received at or before the first post on day of meeting.
By Order,
CHARLES P. KINGSTON,
Secretary.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.
THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME ..... 6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 8.50
BEN BEYER. FOUR SWIFTS
JOE O'GORMAN.
THE SEVEN BRAMUSAS. & CO.
AT THE REQUEST OF MANY OF OUR PATRONS THE MANAGEMENT HAVE DECIDED ON BOOKING THE UPPER CIRCLE FOR ALL PERFORMANCES. A SPECIAL BOX OFFICE IN THE WINTER GARDENS IS NOW OPEN FROM 10 A.M. TO 6 P.M. AND LATER AT THE UPPER CIRCLE ENTRANCE FROM 6 P.M. TO 8 P.M., WHEN SEATS CAN BE SECURED at 1/3.
WINTER GARDENS.
Vocalist This Week—Miss J. M. MAHER.
Light Refreshments. No Charge for Admission.

TIVOLI 6.45, 8.45. TIVOLI
ARCH. HILL,
The Most Popular Tenor.
TOM PARKER ..... 4 CHARLTONS.
And All Star Company.
First House—Mr. Hill will appear at 7.50.
Second House—Mr. Hill will appear at 9.45.
Free List Entirely Suspended.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
5.30 TO 10.15. LAST TWO DAYS OF
"KISS OR KILL,"
A Delightfully Unique Photo-Play, Starring PRISCILLA DEAN and HERBERT RAWLINSON.
Showing Each Day at 4.30, 6.50, and 9.10.
CHAPLIN in "THE FLOOR-WALKER."
The First of the Films that made Charlie Famous.
Mr. and Mrs. DREW in A BRAND NEW COMEDY.
LAST CHAPTER OF "HOUDINI."
Our Weekly Pictorial. Pathe Gazette.
"Never Saw Better Pictures"—overheard last night!
An Opinion you will heartily endorse.

DANCE, 8 to 11,
SATURDAYS.
Mr. W. A. Manahan's Band.
T. LEGGETT, 'PHONE 27 Adelaide road.
'Phone 1813.

TOWN HALL, KINGSTOWN.
DANCING.
CHILDREN'S CLASS postponed to 21st February at 3.30 p.m.
T. LEGGETT BYRNE.

DANCING.
MISS HAINES,
13 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.
Private Lessons by Appointment.

THE ELYSEE DANCES,
35 DAWSON STREET,
Are Held
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

TO-MORROW (SAT.),
14th FEB.,
AFTERNOON TEA DANCE,
3—6.30.
TICKETS 3/6, INCLUDING TEA.
THE
INTERNATIONAL CINDERELLA,
8—12
Music by
DUBLIN'S LATEST NOVELTY,
The Famous Original
PHILADELPHIA COON-BAND.
TICKETS 7/6 EACH.
Evening Dress or Uniform.
Tickets for both the above obtainable at time of admission.

See "Arrangements for To-day" daily. Full weekly programme in this space every Monday.

PUBLIC NOTICES
FAMINE IN EUROPE.
A MEETING
WILL BE HELD IN THE
PRESBYTERIAN HALL
(Kindly Lent),
116 UPPER RATHMINES,
TO-DAY (FRIDAY),
FEBRUARY 13th, 1920,
8 p.m.
Speakers:
Miss MARION C. FOX
And
Mr. CHARLES RODEN BUXTON,
Both of whom have visited the Famine Districts.
A Collection will be taken in Aid of the FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY.
AFTERNOON LECTURES, 1920.
THIS (FRIDAY) AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock
ANTHROPOLOGICAL RESEARCH IN WALES IN ITS RELATION TO IRISH PROBLEMS.
By PROF. H. J. FLEURE, D.Sc.
Admission 2-

IRISH GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION.
A Lecture, open to the public, will be given at the Royal College of Science, TO-DAY, the 13th inst., at 8.15 p.m., by PROF H. J. FLEURE, D.Sc., F.R.G.S., on "France as the Interpreter between the Mediterranean and the North."

THE CHURCH ARMY.
THE
BISHOP OF BIRMINGHAM
WILL VISIT DUBLIN ON
FRIDAY NEXT,
FEBRUARY 20th.
And give Addresses at
11.30 a.m. in GREIG MEMORIAL HALL,
His Grace the ARCHBISHOP Presiding;
and at 3.30 p.m.
In the REGENT HOUSE, TRINITY COLLEGE,
The Most Rev. the PROVOST Presiding.
The Rev. W. H. G. SHAPCOTT, London Secretary C.A., will also speak at both Meetings.
COLLECTIONS FOR CHURCH ARMY MISSION WORK.

THE CHURCH ARMY.
THE
BISHOP OF BIRMINGHAM
Will Preach on
FRIDAY NEXT, FEBRUARY 20th,
At 8 p.m.,
In ST. ANN'S CHURCH, DAWSON STREET.
Collection for Church Army Mission Work.

NOTICE.
MILITARY INVESTITURE.
THE WAR OFFICE announces that a "Military Investiture" for Officers (including Ladies), and all ranks of the Army, Royal Navy, and Royal Air Force, both serving and ex-service, will be held at the Viceregal Lodge, Phœnix Park, Dublin, at a time and date to be notified later, by His Excellency the Viceroy, on behalf of the King.
The following decorations will be conferred:—G.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., O.B.E., M.B.E., D.S.O., and Bar to D.S.O., M.C., and Bar to M.C., R.R., Croix de Guerre (1st and 2nd Class), and Bar to R.R. Croix. Recipients of decorations entitled to attend will be those who reside in the Country. Territorial Officers who are entitled to the "T.D." may attend at their own expense.
Recipients of Gallantry Medals (V.C., D.C.M., M.M., and M.S.M.) and recipients of Orders, where the capital of the Order to be conferred is higher than that of Companion or Commander, will not be eligible.
Free railway return warrants (and deduction allowance if absolutely necessary) will be allowed to recipients of decorations, except to ex-Army personnel for service in the Field, or otherwise in connection with the War.
All Officers who are not now serving in the Army, etc., or on Army, etc., service, and who desire to attend, should furnish the Assistant Military Secretary, G.H.Q., Ireland, Parkgate, Dublin, NOT LATER THAN 20th FEBRUARY, 1920, with the following particulars:—
(a) Surname and Christian Names in full; rank (Regimental Number in the case of a Warrant Officer for the M.C.); and the Army Unit served in when the Decoration was awarded.
(b) Full Postal Address.
(c) The Decoration for Decorations awarded, but not yet received; and, if known, the date of the "Gazette" in which the award appeared.
(d) Whether recipient is still in the Army (or on Army Service) or not.
(e) If not now in the Army (or on Army Service), and a travelling warrant is required to take recipient to and from the Investiture, the nearest Railway Station from which he or she will travel.
Civilian guests will be seen at the Investiture, except (1.) by those serving in the Army or on Army Service, and (2.) by those whose uniform (service dress) is still worn.
Recipients of Orders and Decorations referred to in paragraph 2, above, will be given the option of being summoned to an Investiture at Buckingham Palace or interested locally.

DUBLIN COUNTY COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE AND TECHNICAL INSTRUCTION.
POULTRY SCHEME, 1919-20.
TURKEY STATIONS.
Mrs. O. H. Wade, Jackson House, Lucan.
Mrs. Barry, Ellenfield House, Drumcondra.
Mrs. Leonard, Woodfield, Clondalkin.
Mrs. Jordan, Oldtown, Tallaght.
Mrs. Mooney, Cloniska Lodge, Clonsilla.
Mr. Chapman, The Ward.
EGG DISTRIBUTING STATIONS.
The following are the Stations selected by the Committee, and approved by Department, from which residents in any Rural district in the county may obtain settings of Purebred Eggs for hatching purposes on demand (as advertised) for a deposit.
Those who reside in the city or urban areas are not entitled to settings of eggs under this scheme.
Mrs. Barry, Ellenfield, Drumcondra Whitehall—No. 1 (White Leghorns).
Mrs. Byrne, Ballycraddy, Clondalkin—No. 2 (White Wyandottes).
Miss Cullen, Park Lane, Castleknock—No. 3 (Barred Rocks).
Mr. J. Geoghegan, Balcamp, Raheny—No. 4 (White Wyandottes).
Miss Glynn, Green Hills, Tallaght—No. 5 (White Wyandottes).
Mrs. Hamilton, Lakelands, Dundrum—No. 6 (Black Minorcas).
Mrs. Plunkett, Kilgobbin Castle, Sandyford—No. 7 (White Leghorns).
Should the eggs be received to be sent by post, etc., a small charge to defray packing and postage is permitted.
Applications for eggs may be made to any of above stations, and will be attended to in the order of receipt. Those requiring a reply should send a stamped envelope.
Tuition is given at all Stations free of cost if returned to the Station within one month.
The County Instructress will be pleased to visit, free of cost, the poultry keepers in the rural districts of County Dublin.
D. F. GILLMAN,
Secretary.
11 Rutland square, Dublin.

CONVENT OF THE SACRED HEART, MOUNT ANVILLE, DUNDRUM, NEAR DUBLIN.
A Retreat for Ladies will be given by the Rev. E. Downing, S.J., beginning July 19th, ending July 24th.
For particulars apply to the Reverend Mother Superior.

CATHOLIC INSTITUTION
FOR THE
DEAF AND DUMB,
SITUATE AT
CABRA,
Under the Patronage of
THE ARCHBISHOPS AND BISHOPS OF IRELAND.
President—HIS GRACE THE MOST REV. DR. WALSH, ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN.
FACTS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN.
There are nearly 400 Deaf Mutes from all parts of Ireland at present under training in St. Mary's and St. Joseph's, Cabra. Of these over 200 are well instructed in our Holy Religion, and are Weekly Communicants. The others are all progressing in their respective classes. About 40 are prepared for their First Holy Communion every year at the Institution.
Those children, who probably never heard the sound of the human voice, can be thus instructed and prepared for the Sacraments, and they can, moreover, be taught to read and write, be trained to work at trades and at industries of various kinds, and made self-supporting members of society. If sent to Cabra while young much can be done for them, but if neglected till they approach maturity their best chances are lost for life.
Boards of Guardians are empowered to contribute towards the pension of Deaf Mutes, where necessary, to this institution.
If you know of a case such in your locality, please write to the Secretary.
THIS INSTITUTION RECEIVES NO GOVERNMENT GRANT.
DONATIONS and SUBSCRIPTIONS in aid of the Funds of this National Work of Charity received from 8th November, 1919, to 7th February, 1920:—

DONATION:
"A Cashel Priest" £101 17 6
RENEWED ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS:
Messrs. Ferrier, Pollock and Co., Ltd., South William street 1 0 0
Messrs. Pim Bros., Ltd., South Great George's street 1 0 0
Messrs. James McCann and Son, Angier street 1 0 0
Messrs. McMaster, Hodgson and Co., Capel street 1 0 0
Messrs. Maxwell, Weldon and Co., solicitors, 40 Nth. Great George's street 1 0 0
Messrs. Bolands, Limited, Capel street 1 1 0
Mr. E. J. Kiernan, Rathbrist, Louth 1 0 0
Sir George Errington, Bart., Ramsfort, Gorey 3 0 0
Arnott Bequest Fund, per *Irish Times*, Westmoreland street 3 0 0
Mr. and Mrs. Bannon, Marietta, Sandycove, Co. Dublin 2 0 0
Messrs. W. and A. Gilbey and Co., Ltd., Upper Sackville street 1 1 0
Messrs. John Power and Son, Ltd., John's Lane Distillery 1 0 0
Right Hon. Mr. Justice Andrews, 51 Lower Leeson street 1 0 0
Messrs. Arnott and Co., Dublin, Ltd. Most Rev. Dr. Donnelly, Bishop of Canea, Haddington road 2 0 0
Sir Joseph Downes, J.P., North Lord street 1 0 0
Right Hon. Lord Chief Baron Palles, Mountanville House, Dundrum 1 0 0
His Eminence Cardinal Logue, Lord Primate of Ireland 1 0 0
Messrs. Riddells and Co., Ltd., Donegall place, Belfast 1 0 0
Most Rev. Dr. MacRory, Lord Bishop of Down and Connor 1 0 0
Rev. Henry Doran, C.C., Lurgan 1 0 0
Messrs. E. and J. Burke, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin 1 0 0
Messrs. William Hogg and Co., Cope street 1 0 0
Mr. Cecil George Stapleton, Ard Sheil, Stillorgan 1 0 0
Messrs. L. and E. Egan and Co., Arran quay, Dublin 1 0 0
Mr. J. J. Monahan, B.L., Stillorgan Park, Co. Dublin 1 0 0
Hibernian Bank, Ltd., College Green 2 2 0
Vincentian Fathers, St. Peter's, Phibsboro 1 0 0
Messrs. McIlwrey and Co., Ltd., Aston's quay 1 0 0
Messrs. T. F. O'Connell and Sons, Solicitors, 34 Kildare street 1 0 0
Messrs. J. J. Carroll and Co., Ltd., Irish Bronawick street 1 0 0
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Mr. Andrew Tuite, Takardstown, Donaghpatrick, Navan 1 0 0
Mrs. Elizabeth Finegan, Takardstown, Donaghpatrick, Navan..... 1 0 0
Mr. Thomas Leonard, Warrenstown, Trim, Meath 1 0 0
Most Rev. Dr. Brownrigg, Lord Bishop of Ossory, Kilkenny 1 0 0
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Mr. Francis Shortis, 31, The Mall, Waterford 1 0 0
Mr. John Liddell, Bassingstoke, Hants 2 2 0
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The Abbot, Mount Melleray Abbey, Cappoquin, Waterford 1 0 0
Messrs. Gleeson, O'Dea, and Co., Ltd., Christchurch place and Co., Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Mohan, Nicholastown 0 10 0
Mr. Patrick Carroll, Dunleer 0 15 0
Mr. Thomas Dolan, Ardee 0 10 0
Mr. Maria Halpenny, Ardee 0 10 0
Mr. Stephen Feehan, Mansfieldstown... 0 10 0
Mr. Patrick Feehan, Branganstown... 0 10 0
Mr. J. Matthews, Knocknalaw 0 10 0
Rev. P. Rogers, C.C., Louth 0 6 0
Mr. Beckley (Messrs. Kean and Co.), 47 Dame street 0 10 0
Mr. T. D. Lambert, M.R.C.V.S., Store Road 0 10 0
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Messrs. T. R. McCaffery and Co., Ltd., Falls road, Belfast 0 10 0
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Very Rev. P. Dunny, P.P., Rosenallis, Mountmellick 0 10 0
Oblate Fathers, Philipstown 0 10 0
Rev. T. Scally, C.C., Killeigh, King's Co. 0 7 6
Very Rev. J. Dunne, P.P., Borris, Co. Carlow 0 10 0
Very Rev. J. Mooney, P.P., Grange, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. Edward Healy, Bridge House, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mrs. Cantwell, Castle road, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. John Ryland, Glenmore, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. Wm. White, Ballycarron, Jenkinstown, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. P. White, Ulsnain, Jenkinstown, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Very Rev. T. Canon Walsh, P.P., Freshford, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. Richard Walsh, Park, Freshford, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Very Rev. W. Canon Healy, P.P., Johnstown, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. Patrick Kelly, J.P., D.C., Dama, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. Nicholas Grace, Gaulstown, Tullaroan, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Messrs. Rice and Sons, Thomastown, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mr. James White, Inchinor, Kilkenny 0 6 0
Mr. Thomas Walsh, Ostrath, Kilkenny 0 10 0
Mrs. Rice, Ostrath, Kilkenny 0 6 0
Mrs. R. Brady, Newsagency, Kells, Co. Meath 0 10 0
Mr. James Doyle, Clashwilliam, Kilkenny 0 10 0
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Mod. Rev. Dr. Hackett, Lord Bishop of Waterford 0 10 0
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Mr. Samuel Morris, William street, Waterford 0 10 0
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Messrs. H. Galloway and Co., Gladstone street, Waterford 0 10 0
Rev. Mother Convent of the Sacred Heart, Mary Ferrybank, Waterford 0 10 0
Mr. R. A. Kelly, Georgestown, Waterford 0 10 0
Mrs. Barron Newell, Woodstown, Waterford 0 10 0
Mr. James Carmody, Castleykes, Dundrum 0 10 0
Mr. J. H. Farrell, Milltown, Councillor The Irish Creameries Protection Society, Cork 0 10 0
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Very Rev. Mgr. M. Shanahan (Dean), P.P., V.G., Cork 0 10 0
Rev. T. Roche, C.C., Youghal 0 10 0
Mr. E. M. O'Brien, Midcleistown 0 10 0
Anonymous, Queenstown 0 10 0
Rev. Mother, Convent of Mercy, Queenstown 0 6 0
Rev. Michael Carmody, C.C., Dunmanway 0 10 0
Very Rev. P. Fitzgerald, P.P., Ballyfoyle, Waterford 0 10 0
Very Rev. Wm. Canon Meagher, P.P., Tallow, Waterford 0 10 0
Very Rev. Canon Hennebery, P.P., Modelligo, Waterford 0 10 0
And 5/- from each of the following:—Mrs. M. Flood, Termonee Place; Mrs. Crilley, Morganstown; Lady Bellew, Bermuda, Dunleer; Mrs. Harmon, Clonmore; Mr. John Gallagher, Mount Doyle; Rev. Father Geaney, C.C., Dilloontown; Mr. Matthew Clinton, Annagassan; Mr. Charles D. King, do.; Mrs. M'Mahon, Moyne, Bellew; Mrs. Matthews, Capps; Mrs. Henry, Rathergan, Dunleer; Very Rev. Canon Lyons, P.P., Ardee; Mr. Gerald Brophy, Ardee; Ardee Bread Co., Messrs. Hamill and Co., Ardee; Rev. Mother, Sisters of Mercy, Ardee; Mr. James Noonan, Ardee; Mrs. Callan, Dowdstown; Mrs. Malone, Duffey's Cross; Mrs Donnelly, Dromiskin; Mr. Charles Hamill, Castlebellingham; Mr. Thomas T. Caraher, Castlestown; Mr. Walter Gernon, Mountrath; Very Rev. James Maguire, P.P., Louth; Rev. Fr. Rogers, C.C., Louth; St. Patrick's College, Armagh; Mr. J. M. Gallagher, solicitor, do.; Rev. Father Johnson, C.C., do.; Messrs. Samuel M'Causland and Co., Ltd., Victoria square, Belfast; Messrs. 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Mother, Ursuline Convent, Waterford; Dominican Fathers, Waterford; Mr. Edward Phelan, Newrath, Waterford; De la Salle College, Waterford; Brother Laurence, Patrick street, Waterford; Rev. T. Coughlan, C.C., Ballybricken, Waterford; Very Rev. Father Johnson, C.C., do.; Messrs. Samuel M'Causland and Co., Ltd., Victoria square, Belfast; Messrs. Peter Keegan and Co., Ltd., Callender street, Belfast; Messrs. Murray and Sons, Ltd., Lingfield road, Belfast; Mr. William Robinson, Victoria street, Belfast; Very Rev. Daniel M'Donnell, St. Brigid's, Derrysvolgie avenue, Belfast; Messrs. Leahy, Kelly, and Leahy, do.; Messrs. T. and C. Gardiner and Co., do.; Messrs. O. and V. Gallagher, Ltd., Corporation street, Belfast; Messrs. John Kelly, Ltd., Stationers street, Belfast; Messrs. Marsh and Co., Ltd., Stations street, Belfast; The Franklin Laundry Co., Ltd., Springfield road, Belfast; the Passionists Fathers, Attedoyne; Mrs M'Goown, Lurgan; Mrs. Margaret Finegan, Rathriggan Co. Dublin; Lady Morris, 48 Lower Leeson street; Mr. Andrew J. Keogh, 10 Lower Ormond quay; Messrs. Walter Carson and Sons, Rochelle's Walk

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
THURSDAY NIGHT.

This was the first day for questions in the House of Commons, and there were 117 of them on the paper. Ten of these related to Ireland, but not all were asked. Mr. Bridgeman stated that the Government were not prepared at the moment to de-control flax, as to do so would not be fair to the farmers, who had already sold their crops at the official price. Mr. Macpherson was asked by Major Malone to justify the action taken against Sir Joseph Byrne, and replied that this officer had been given three months' leave with a view to his tendering his resignation, as the Government had reluctantly come to the conclusion that he was not equal to all the duties required by the Inspector-General.

Contrary to expectation—for it was thought that he would be detained by the St. James's Palace Conference—Mr. Lloyd George was present to answer questions. He stated that, subject to the requirements of the Conference, he hoped to resume his last-session practice of answering questions in person on Mondays and Thursdays. His list to-day was not particularly interesting. But among other items of information he mentioned that the staffs employed in Government departments had been diminished by 80,000 persons in the last few months, and that he hoped that the bill for the better government of Ireland would be introduced next week.

Mr. Bonar Law announced afterwards that the introduction would be quite a formal affair. The Prime Minister last session, in his speech on the subject, covered the whole ground, and the provisions incorporated in the Bill will, I understand, reveal very little alteration from those outlined on that occasion. Consequently, a speech of introduction is regarded as unnecessary.

It is likely that the area to be included in Ulster under the Home Rule Bill will be left to the discretion of the House. It is believed that last week the majority of the Cabinet were in favour of the whole of Ulster being included, but it is understood that representations which have since been made have resulted in a tendency towards the six counties solution, and that a definite decision on the point is to be postponed.

After the Prime Minister had sat down last night on the conclusion of his great speech on the nationalisation question a member talking in the Lobby remarked that the speech ought to be printed and posted up in every town, just as it would have been in France. Such a course would be a very wise one at the present moment. It does not seem to be realised that the extremists are having things all their own with regard to nationalisation at the present moment. No meetings against nationalisation take place, and very little effort is made in any direction to expose its fallacies. It is time that the Government commenced to counter the extremists by revealing the truth.

Colonel Newman will ask the Food Controller on Monday whether he will say why, if butter is now decontrolled, control is still maintained in Ireland, and the export of butter to this country forbidden except by licence, and will he say if he was consulted by the Irish Food Control Committee before the decision was arrived at?

The removal of the Crown jewels from the Tower of London to the Bank of England seems a most extraordinary step to take in order that the jewels may be protected from thieves. Anybody who has seen the jewels in their great steel cage at the Tower would have supposed that they would have been perfectly safe. It seems, however, that those in charge of them do not think so, and further precautions are to be taken. When the jewels go back to the Tower they are to have further guards, as well as stronger cages.

The authorities of the Underground railways are at last beginning to recognise that the manners of many members of their staff need improvement. Criticism on this point has been very persistent lately, with the result that a silver trophy and monetary awards are to be offered annually to the staff of the station against which the fewest complaints are received from the public. It is hoped in this way to promote courtesy, and the general public will hope so as well. Lately, under the new hustle arrangements, the public finds itself on many occasions treated like sacks of potatoes.

Sir Harry Brittain will ask Mr. Churchill on Monday whether he has any statement to make as to the circumstances under which General Townshend resigned his commission.

Mr. Archdale will ask the Food Controller next Thursday whether the Hides Control Order for Ireland, which has caused so much annoyance and loss to the unlicensed dealers and to farmers, can now be withdrawn. He will also ask the Vice-President of the Department of Agriculture if he is aware that Canadian flax is selling for a much higher price than Irish, and, now that flax in England is not controlled, will he arrange for the control to be taken off Irish flax?

Sir E. Carson will ask the Leader of the House next week when the Government intend to restore fully to His Majesty's subjects the right of trial by jury. This was largely reduced during the war owing to the scarcity of jurors. Sir Edward put questions on the subject last session, and received the assurance that the matter was having Government attention. Nothing has been done in the meantime, however, and judges are pointing out the grave inconvenience of the situation.

The completion of the report of the representatives of the Parliamentary Labour Party who visited Ireland is likely to be somewhat delayed owing to the illness of Mr. A. Henderson. It seems already evident from the speech of Mr. Adamson (who was a member of the deputation) in the House of Commons on Tuesday, that the report will be in favour of a broad measure of Home Rule for an undivided Ireland. Members of the National Democratic Party, who also visited Ireland during the recess, hope to be able to report the result of their observations by the end of the present week. It may be noted that, while the Parliamentary Labour Party is closely associated with the Nationalists, the National Democratic Party keeps in touch with the Ulster Unionist Labour members.

The Chief Secretary will on an early day receive a deputation from the Irish Unionist Parliamentary Party (over which Sir E. Carson presides) to press for immediate, and favourable, Government action in reference to completion of land purchase, delay in official sanction of housing schemes, pensions of retired members of the R.I.C., and other matters.

COURT CIRCULAR.

VICEREGAL LODGE, DUBLIN.
THURSDAY.

His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant entertained Mr. Percy and the Lady Annette La Touche to luncheon at the Viceregal Lodge today on the occasion of their golden wedding. The following had the honour of being invited:—The Right Hon. Frank and Mrs. Brooke, Captain and the Hon. Mrs. Dixon, Sir Thomas Stafford, Sir Charles Barrington, Colonel and Mrs. St. Leger Moore, Colonel and Mrs. F. Blacker, Colonel R. C. Knox, Captain and Mrs. H. Greer, Mr and Mrs. J. Maher, Mr. and Mrs. T. K. Laidlaw, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McNeill, Mrs. H. Crichton, Mrs. S. Saunderson, Miss Griffiths, Captain A. R. Bryce, Captain F. Bald, and Mr. W. S. Hunt. At the conclusion of luncheon His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant presented a gold cup to Mr. Percy and the Lady Annette La Touche as a memento from a few of their friends of the anniversary of their golden wedding.

Mrs. H. Greer and Captain N. Furner, 3rd Battalion Welch Regiment, had the honour of being invited to dine with His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant at the Viceregal Lodge this evening.

Mr. Percy and the Lady Annette La Touche, Mrs. H. Crichton, Mrs. S. Saunderson, and Miss Griffiths left the Lodge to-day.

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

MR. BALFOUR ON THE SITUATION.

The Times comments in a leading article to-day on Mr. Balfour's speech in the House of Commons yesterday, which it describes as displaying in the highest degree the skill of the old Parliamentary hand. The adroitness with which he turned awkward corners, says *The Times*, and the easy, yet caustic, banter with which he treated Lord Robert Cecil, were in the happiest manner of the verbal combats of bygone times. His affected surprise at the feebleness of the attack he had to meet, his taunt that Lord Robert "had sounded the trumpet," and then refused to charge, his confession of ingratitude, because he did not see "that for the moment his noble friend was praising and not attacking the Government"; his apology for having mistakenly supposed that Lord Robert was adopting a charge against them, "which is naturally suggested in some quarters with which my noble friend is acquainted," are highly amusing examples of Parliamentary fence. He could hardly bring himself to believe, he protested, that "the Leader of the Opposition"—in itself a felicitous sneer—was moving an amendment to the Address, so charming were the tones, and so anodyne the temper in which the assault was delivered. The only complaint he had to make was that some of the very proper and interesting observations with which he had to deal were slightly commonplace; he had heard them before. That was a rather dangerous remark for a Minister who, himself, intended to say many things, and not much—to treat the House to a dissertation on an immense number of vital problems, and to give no new information upon them. The objections made by his opponent to the Treaty gave him little trouble. It was easy to show that if Germany thinks the economic terms imposed upon her, and her inability to comply with them, to be so great as does Mr. Keynes, she has her remedy in the provisions of the Treaty, which enable her to make her own proposals for the payment of a lump sum, and which pledge the Allies to consider them. It was even easier to brush aside criticisms on the boundaries laid down for Hungary by averring that the critic was wholly wrong in his facts, and that the boundaries are probably the best that could be found. In his reply to the contention, that the list of war criminals is too long, he could rely on widespread sympathy. The British list is confined to offenders who are charged with the gratuitous perpetration of outrage. It does not include the miserable wretches who stained their hands with the blood of the innocents and the helpless to save themselves from being shot by their superiors. The French list is longer, but, thank Heaven, we have not had to suffer the enormities wilfully and systematically inflicted upon our Allies. We cannot go to the victims and tell them that their demand for justice upon the criminals must be refused in the higher interests of peace.

Of the general condition of Central Europe, continues *The Times*, Mr. Balfour takes the gloomy view with which our readers are familiar. We have done a great deal in the form of financial aid to its peoples. We shall do more if others will join us in bearing the burden; but we cannot bear it alone. To make the attempt would merely ruin ourselves, and, by ruining us, ruin the best hope for the recovery of the rest of the world. Mr. Balfour believes in the League of Nations, but he does not try to delude himself by the fancy that it can cure starvation. Nothing can do that until shattered credit has been restored, and until labour again produces what it used to produce before the war. That is excellent doctrine, but the speech of the statesman who propounds is open to the criticism which he addresses to others. He diagnoses the disease with great exactitude, but when he is asked to prescribe he dilates instead upon the malignant nature of the malady and its complicated ætiology.

POLES NOT ANXIOUS FOR PEACE WITH BOLSHEVISTS.

The Warsaw Correspondent of *The Times*, telegraphing yesterday, says—I understand that it will be at least ten days before the reply to the Bolshevist peace offers is ready to be submitted to the Allies. Meanwhile, the feeling of diffidence about making peace with the Bolshevists has become more pronounced. The fact that practically every Pole in Russia has been treated by the Bolshevists as a counter-revolutionary without further ado, and that several thousands have been murdered in most atrocious circumstances, cannot be expected to count for nothing in public opinion, in spite of the general desire to be finished with war. There is a feeling that the conditions will have to be very good for Poland to be worth accepting. After all, if Poland wants peace badly, Russia evidently wants it worse. The Poles have always defeated the Bolshevists whenever they have met, and to give in to an enemy whom you know you can beat, and whom everybody else unites in voting to be a villain and blackguard of the worst type, just because he blows his own trumpet very loudly, would be a very fainthearted policy. The sanguine manner of viewing the case is susceptible of modification, if taken together with Poland's desperate economic plight. At the same time, it can hardly be denied that, considering that the Poles have a powerful Army which is undefeated, a more unfavourable moment for negotiating peace could not have been chosen than the present, when the Bolshevists are still elated with their victories over Koltchak and Denikin.

A 48-HOUR WEEK.

The Parliamentary Correspondent of *The Times*, writing to-day, says:—The Government are making another attempt to settle the difficulties which have hitherto prevented the passing into law of the bill for the establishment of a national working week of forty-eight hours. The chief outstanding difficulty is the position of agriculture, and Sir Robert Horne has arranged to meet representatives of the two sides in the industry next week. The Government will be prepared at this conference to make a definite proposal for the solution of an admittedly delicate problem. It is understood that the proposal will be that the principle of shorter hours shall be applied to agriculture over the whole year, and not, as in other trades, by a strict limitation, week by week. Under this elastic plan, a farm labourer could put in sixty hours' work a week at harvest time, and forty hours in the depth of winter, but he would not be called upon to average more than forty-eight hours over the whole year. The actual number of hours to be worked in a given week would be fixed by representative boards for different districts.

THE IRISH BILL AND ULSTER.

The introduction of the Irish Bill next week will be a purely formal stage, says the Parliamentary Correspondent of *The Times*. There will be neither explanation nor discussion. The chief gain will be that the bill will be printed at once and circulated among members in preparation for the second reading debate. The delimitation of the area to be administered by the Ulster Legislature has been constantly under review since the Prime Minister outlined the scheme in December. It is understood that the Government are still of the opinion that the carving out of a solid Protestant Block is a better solution than the taking of the whole province. It is possible, however, that a final decision may be left to a free vote of the House.

NEW HOPES FOR UNITED STATES RATIFICATION.

The Washington Correspondent of *The Times*, telegraphing under Wednesday's date, says:—The Treaty came to the front again in the Senate to-day, in spite of the plan to postpone the debate until Monday. It did so in rather encouraging circumstances. In consequence of private intimations from Mr. Tumulty, the President's Secretary, that Mr. Wilson might yield something more than seemed to be indicated by his letter to Mr. Hitchcock last week, Mr. Lodge presented a set of reservations less drastic than those which he originally brought forward. The most important change, from our point of view, is concerned with the reservation upon the vote of the Dominions in the Council of the League of Nations. Mr. Lodge now suggests something substantially as follows:—Until the Covenant of the League of Nations be so amended as to provide that the United States shall be entitled to cast a number of votes equal to that of any member of the League and its self-governing Dominions or Colonies, or parts of its Empire, the United States assumes no obligations to be bound, unless it shall specifically consent in advance by any election, decision, report or finding of the Council or Assembly at which any member of the League and its self-governing Dominions, etc., in the aggregate, have cast more than one vote. The United States assumes no obligation to be bound by any decision, report or finding of the Council or Assembly of the League arising out of any dispute between the United States and any member of the League, if such member, or any self-governing Dominion or Colony, or part of its Empire united with it politically has voted.

GERMAN TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

Mr. Lloyd George's speech, says the Berlin Correspondent of *The Times*, telegraphing yesterday, and especially his reference to Russia, are attracting much attention here, where the interest taken in Russia is extremely keen among all parties. The politicians are looking to her to restore their broken fortunes, and the Communists are looking to her to help them to new revolution. There are many Russians, including Bolshevists, in Berlin, all, doubtless, hard at work, though all keeping their activities very dark. A Berlin News Agency informs me that the German Imperial Ministry of Economics has worked out instructions to the experts appointed to report on trade matters, stating that, in the opinion of the Government, trade with Russia can be undertaken only on a basis of the exchange of goods against goods. The report adds that, so far as the German Government knows, the Moscow Government wishes places quoted for German goods to be based on German home prices. In the case of raw materials for delivery to her, Russia is prepared to seek an arrangement as regards prices according to the urgency of her need for German goods, and to renounce world market prices.

"THE TIMES" FLIGHT.

The anxieties about the fate of Dr. Chalmers Mitchell and the crew of *The Times* aeroplane were set at rest yesterday by the receipt of a telegram announcing their arrival at Jebelein, 208 miles south of Khartum. The machine descended at the landing ground there on Tuesday morning for repairs, and afterwards continued its flight south. It did not, however, follow the air route laid down west of the Nile, for Dr. Chalmers Mitchell reports having forced landing east of the river, where the pilots found an alighting ground on a dry swamp in the midst of thick bush north-east of Renk. Further repairs detained the machine till Wednesday, when the condition of the engines rendered it advisable to return to Jebelein. Dr. Chalmers Mitchell hopes to patch up the defective engine in time to complete the trip before the rainy season in the equatorial belt, which is due in the early part of next month. The message in which he sends a record of his adventures was sent by camel courier to Kosti, a twenty-four hours' journey.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stock markets, says *The Times*, showed a little more confidence at the opening on the improvement in New York exchanges, and the overwhelming majority in the House of Commons against the nationalisation of coal-mines. A fair volume of business was in progress. The continued demand for Argentine Railway securities was again a feature, and an improved tone was apparent in the Oil share market. Gilt-edged securities, however, did not maintain their early improvement, and the running off of the premium on gold induced profit-taking in South African shares.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

LONDON SESSION OPENED.

The London session of the Peace Conference opened at 10 Downing street at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, and after the adjournment for luncheon the sitting was resumed at 3.30, and continued until 6.45. Those present were: Mr. Lloyd George and Earl Curzon (Great Britain), M. Millerand and M. Berthelot (France), Signor Nitti (Italy), M. Delacroix and Secretary-General (Belgium), and Sir Maurice Hankey, with the French and Italian Secretaries.

At the morning sitting the Conference discussed the arrangements for future sessions, and confirmed the decision that Paris should be its headquarters, but to meet the convenience of British Ministers it was decided to continue the present sittings in London for some time, probably for a fortnight or three weeks.

In the afternoon the Conference proceeded to deal with the surrender of persons charged with breaches of the laws of war, and it is understood that a reply was drafted in terms upon which the Allies are in complete agreement.

It has been decided that the Finance Ministers are to meet for the purpose of considering the financial situation, and after exploring the question they will report to the Conference. Marshal Foch and General Weygand were at 10 Downing street during the morning, but neither they nor Field-Marshal Weygand were present in the Conference room.

M. Millerand has to return to Paris on Monday, but will be back in London later.

THE FALL OF ODESSA.

FLIGHT OF THE REFUGEES.

A Reuter's telegram from Paris says:—The latest news from Odessa, received through Constantinople, shows that by February 5th the situation at Odessa had become such that General Schelling, representing General Denikin, who is believed in official circles to be at Ekaterinodar, admitted that he was no longer able to maintain order. He, therefore, turned over the administration of affairs to the Ukraine Council, and embarked in a ship which was leaving for Sebastapol.

On the 9th Odessa was quiet so far as the ships in the harbour could tell. Refugee ships are moving as fast as possible to Sebastapol.

HOME RULE BILL

TO BE INTRODUCED NEXT WEEK.

NO FIRST READING DEBATE.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Lieut.-Colonel Arthur Murray asked the Prime Minister whether he was in a position to say on what date the bill for self-government in Ireland will be introduced.

The Prime Minister said that he hoped it would be possible to introduce the bill in the course of next week.

Mr. Bonar Law, in a statement on the order of business, subsequently said that on the assumption that the debate on the Address would be finished on Friday, it was proposed to take on Monday the War Emergency Laws Continuance Bill, the appointment of a Committee to inquire into the proposal to impose a tax on war-time increases of wealth, and the second reading of the Coinage Bill; on Tuesday, the Coal Mines (Emergency) Bill, second reading; on Wednesday, the Merchant Shipping Bill, second reading, and the Public Utility Companies Bill, second reading; and on Thursday, the Army Vote on account.

The Home Rule Bill, Mr. Law added, would be introduced, and later the second reading taken. The statement of the Prime Minister at the close of the last session was equivalent to a first reading discussion.

POLLING AT PAISLEY.

THREE OPTIMISTIC CANDIDATES.

The polling at Paisley took place yesterday. Whatever the ballot box discloses, it is absolutely certain that the poll will be the biggest on record. Seventy-five per cent. of the electorate voted. Upon calling at the Liberal headquarters last night, the Press Association representative was informed that the party organisers had no doubts whatever that Mr. Asquith was at the top of the poll. The Labour people also said that they had little misgiving about being the winners. Whatever those surrounding him may think, Mr. Maclean maintained a splendid optimism, and expressed himself satisfied that he had beaten both his competitors.

POSTHUMOUS AWARDS TO EARLS ROBERTS AND KITCHENER.

The King has been pleased to approve of the special posthumous award of the war medals (the 1914 Star, the British War Medal, and the Victory Medal) to Field-Marshal Earl Roberts and Field-Marshal Earl Kitchener.

DARING OUTRAGE IN DUBLIN.

DAYLIGHT "HOLD UP."

MILITARY MOTOR STOPPED AND SEARCHED.

UNARMED SOLDIERS HELPLESS.

A daring "hold-up" by armed men of a military motor waggon, containing two officers and two soldiers, took place in Dublin yesterday afternoon. The scene of the occurrence was one of the busiest thoroughfares on the northern part of the city. The affair, when it became known, caused the greatest excitement in the city, and many rumours added to the sensation caused in all quarters.

The "hold-up" took place on the Berkeley road at a point opposite Nelson street, and within a very short distance from Mountjoy Prison. The time is fixed at between one o'clock and 1.15 o'clock, an hour when many pedestrians are passing to and fro at this particular place, while tramcars are continually passing to and from Glasnevin and Phœnix Park. The whole thing, however, came so unexpectedly, and occupied such a short space of time—it is estimated not more than four or five minutes—that residents in the locality are uncertain as to what actually happened. The accounts given by them are in the circumstances of a most varying character. It was stated, for instance, that the military waggon contained a large number of soldiers, that they were held up by some twenty armed men, and that the occupants of the vehicle were deprived of their arms and accoutrements.

That the "hold-up" was a cleverly conceived one is generally admitted. During the morning a General Courtmartial was held at Ship street Barracks, at which Mr. R. C. Barton, a Sinn Fein M.P., was put on trial. It is believed that the purpose of the attacking party was to rescue Mr. Barton on his return from the courtmartial to Mountjoy Prison, where he had been kept since his arrest in the recent "round-up." This is borne out by the remark, "He's not here," which was made by some members of the attacking party after they had made a search of the motor waggon.

As indicated already, conflicting statements were in circulation during the afternoon as to the extraordinary affair, but an *Irish Times* representative, as a result of careful inquiries in official and other sources, was enabled to gain a fairly clear account of what really happened. It would appear that the motor waggon in question was really a Ford car covered with canvas in the way in which most military vehicles are covered. It contained two officers who had taken part in the General Courtmartial at Ship street Barracks, at which Mr. Barton, M.P., was tried earlier in the day; one private, and one military prisoner, as well as a military chauffeur. The two officers sat with the chauffeur in the front part of the car, the private and his prisoner being in the interior of the vehicle. The car was going from Ship street Barracks, it is stated, to Marlborough Barracks, and had got as far as Berkeley road, when from Nelson street, which runs from the Broadstone Railway Station, a ladder, resting on a hand-cart was wheeled across the road, and interfered with all vehicular traffic. Almost simultaneously a number of men rushed across from both sides of the road and took up positions in front of the military waggon.

The men, it is stated, were not masked or disguised in any way, but each held a revolver, which was pointed at the officers and chauffeur, who were ordered to halt. The vehicle came to a standstill, and the men, whose numbers vary from five or six to twelve, surrounded the waggon. All the occupants were ordered to get out and were then directed to file up at the rear of the car. Some of the men remained in front of the car and others covered the soldiers with revolvers or automatic pistols. During this particular period a revolver was pulled out from the front of the car, but whether it was fired at anyone particularly is a matter for conjecture. In any case, a man who had been standing was seen to fall on the footpath almost exactly opposite the residence of Dr. Redmond, some twenty-five or thirty yards away. The man, who had evidently been wounded in the left leg, was seen to fall, and immediately a motor-cycle and sidecar attached, and on the scene. The driver assisted the wounded man into the carrier, and drove away in the direction of Phibsborough. He has not been traced to his destination.

In the meantime, while the officers and soldiers were covered by some of the attacking party, a search was made of the motor waggon, and this was carried out with extraordinary quickness. On the completion of the search several of the "holders-up" were heard to remark, "He is not here."

As the officers and soldiers carried no arms, the statement that they were disarmed of rifles and revolvers is obviously untrue. After the search the military, who were still covered by revolvers, were ordered to remount the motor vehicle, and, having done so, they drove away in the direction of Marlborough Barracks. The members of the "hold-up" then pocketed their revolvers, and walked away quietly in different directions.

Although the affair had occupied such a short space of time, it had attracted a great deal of attention, and several tramcars going to and from the city were held up. Spectators standing at houses adjacent and witnesses on the top of tramcars state that the armed men presented a most threatening attitude. They stood opposite the military while on the road at a yard's distance, but beyond the firing of the one shot, which is believed to have been accidental, there was no discharge of arms.

Further inquiries last night gathered the information from the police authorities that 25 or 30 men took part in the "hold-up." They were, it is stated, aged between 20 and 30 years of age, and wore trench coats and soft hats pulled over their eyes. It is further stated that the man who was wounded was assisted into the motor sidecar by three men, and the belief is entertained that the injured man himself was one of the attacking party placed as a look-out at the particular spot where he fell.

The police are investigating the affair with every thoroughness, but no arrest has been made.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

The Press Association says:—An official account issued in Dublin last evening states that shortly after one o'clock an ordinary Ford motor car, containing two officers who were members of the general courtmartial which tried Mr. R. C. Barton earlier in the day, one private, and a military prisoner, was passing through Blessington street, and had got into Berkeley road when the car was stopped by a number of armed men. A ladder placed on a handcart was drawn across the road, and the occupants of the car, at whom revolvers were pointed, were ordered to get out. They left the car as requested, and the car was then searched by the men, several of whom remarked: "He is not there." After the search the soldiers, who were unarmed, were permitted to re-enter the car and proceed on their journey towards the Marlborough Military Barracks. No arrests have been made. It is believed that the object of intercepting the car was to ascertain if it was conveying Mr. Barton to prison, and, if so, to rescue him.

COUNTY CORK BARRACKS BLOWN UP.

CONSTABLE DIES OF INJURIES.

The Press Association's Berehaven Correspondent telegraphs:—Between 3 and 4 o'clock on Thursday morning a raid by armed men was made on the Abilliss Police Barracks situated in the Berehaven copper mine district. One of the gable ends of the barracks was completely blown away by an explosive, and two police constables were injured, one, Constable Noonan, a native of Clare, succumbing to his injuries in the afternoon. The other, Constable O'Driscoll, was slightly injured in the foot.

Telegraph and telephone wires connecting the district with Castletown and Berehaven were cut during the night, and the main road had been blocked in some places.

THE LIMERICK SHOOTING.

The inquest on Miss Lena Johnson, who was fatally shot in Limerick on the night of the 3rd inst., in that city, when a military patrol fired on men who, it is alleged, shot at them with revolvers, was opened yesterday by the Limerick City Coroner. Evidence was given similar to that at the inquest on Mr. Richard O'Dwyer, who was also killed on the same occasion as Miss Johnson, and the inquiry was adjourned.

PARLIAMENT.

POST-WAR PROBLEMS.

THE GERMAN INDEMNITY.

CENTRAL EUROPE'S PLIGHT.

MR. BALFOUR AND THE ECONOMIC REMEDY.

PLAIN SPEAKING TO THE CRITICS.

In the House of Commons yesterday, the Speaker took the chair at 2.45 p.m.

RELIEF OF CENTRAL EUROPE.

Mr. Chamberlain, in reply to Mr. Gideon Murray, said that the final arrangements for the economic relief of Central Europe could not be made until the United States Congress granted the necessary power for administration. His Majesty's Government would prefer, if it had been possible, to make no final decision until the co-operation of Allied and neutral countries, in comprehensive plans, which they regarded as of great importance, had been arranged. In view, however, of the great urgency of the matter, and despite the difficulty of the financial situation in the United Kingdom with regard to foreign exchange, the British Government had informed the United States Government that, over and above the £24 millions voted in the current financial year for relief, they were prepared to contribute a further sum to European relief, not exceeding half the sum contributed by the United States, and not exceeding, in all, 10 millions. The British share would be applicable to the provision of British supplies of foodstuffs, raw material, and other essential commodities, and to the payment of freight charges for goods carried in British vessels, whether the goods were purchased out of British credits or not, provided that such vessels could be made available. The Ministry of Shipping informed him that if the American grant was limited to 50 million dollars, as appeared to be proposed by the Ways and Means Committee of the Congress, the necessary tonnage for transportation of the American supply could be provided. The Canadian Government had intimated to His Majesty's Government their desire to make a contribution—(cheers)—and His Majesty's Government were confident that other Governments, both Allied and neutral, would also cooperate in these emergency measures for dealing with what could be truly called the desperate needs of certain parts of Europe. His Majesty's Government regarded it as essential, and they understood that the United States Government shared their views, that the conditions governing the grants for such relief should include a provision ensuring that they should be utilised for the purpose of stimulating production and the unfettered interchange of fundamental commodities between the various countries in need of assistance, with a view to the early restoration of self-supporting economic life.

DEBATE ON THE ADDRESS.

The debate on the Address was continued.

Mr. George Thorne formally moved an amendment—

> Regretting that His Majesty's Ministers "have not recognised the impracticability of the fulfilment by our late enemies of many of the terms of the Peace Treaties, or shown an adequate appreciation of the grave dangers caused to our economic position at home and abroad by the continuance of the delay in the restoration of settled conditions in many parts of Europe and the Near East."

Sir Donald Maclean said that he was glad that the question of the Peace Treaties and of the economic condition of Europe was being discussed that day, because an historic event was taking place at St. James's Palace, by the holding of the meeting of the Council of the League of Nations. Lord Curzon had recently stated, in another place, that a good deal of the Peace Treaty would have to be revised, and that the agreement concluded with our Allies early in the war had also caused difficulties. There appeared to be a large measure of agreement between the Government as a whole and hon. members, who agreed that something must be done. On what lines were the Government going to move in the readjustment to present conditions?

THE GERMAN INDEMNITY.

No one could accuse him of sentimental tenderness towards Germany. He thought her present position was a just punishment for the crimes she had committed. In his view it was folly not to fix a sum she could pay. To talk of 25,000 millions was sheer stupidity. Was there any chance of Germany's paying such a sum. It was said competently that the sum of two thousand millions should be fixed as the sum to be paid. It was not, however, so much a question of amount as of fixing the amount and taking a long view as an essential part of the whole position. It had been suggested that the rate of exchange should be fixed at which the indemnity should be paid. At present the rate was about 320 marks to the gold sovereign. It might be an inducement, and might stabilise the rate of exchange if the amount were fixed, and if at the same time it was stated that we would accept payment at a fixed rate of exchange.

THE WAR CRIMINALS.

There is another question, he said, which is a very difficult one. I refer to the bringing to justice of what are called the war criminals, and I would say this at once—that I was astonished and alarmed at the long list of names which were published the other day. (Hear, hear.) That seems to me to take the whole question out of the region of practicability. (Hear, hear.) What was in the minds of the members of this House, and, certainly, I should judge, in the minds of Mr. Asquith and the Prime Minister and the leaders of the Opposition who have spoken on the subject, was that these men should be brought before the Bar of the world's public opinion and made to answer for their crimes. Nobody will disagree with this. But if it is to be done, it must be fairly done. First of all, there should be a competent tribunal; secondly, the tribunal should act with reasonable speed; and, thirdly, it should be fair. I hope that common-sense will prevail with regard to this question, and that the whole matter will be dealt with on such lines as I have suggested. Passing to the case of Austria, Sir Donald Maclean said that the position of the whole of the Austro-Hungarian Empire was one of the greatest difficulty. The country had been split up into various States, and one of the main troubles there was that these newly set-up States were all at present working independently, and their arrangements with regard to the revenue and Customs barriers to be set up were leading to the gravest confusion. He, therefore, urged upon the Government that the only sound way of treating these new entities under the Treaty, from an economic point of view, was by establishing complete Free Trade amongst them. (Hear, hear.)

RUMANIA AND SERBIA.

It was reported that it was proposed to give to Rumania and Serbia territories to which they were not entitled upon the principle of nationality. He had heard that the Rumanians claimed the whole of Transylvania, though they had no right ethnologically to more than three-fifths, and would be faced with the impossible task of subjugating the Magyar people. The Serbians claimed South-west Hungary and Czecho-Slovakia North-west Hungary. Frontiers should be considered by an impartial commission of experts, and any doubtful part should be settled by a plebiscite. After quoting from Sir William Goode's report on the condition of starvation in Vienna, Sir Donald Maclean said that if humanity is to go on on civilised lines, we must get rid of the idea that we could reconstruct the world on the sufferings of children. What were we to think of the Treaty which included a condition that Austria should give up to her conquerors so many thousand cows? He felt that the burden was falling on shoulders which were already overburdened, and that the situation would become one of reasoned hope if we had the United States with us. With regard to the Congress, he hoped that after the initial stages there would be publicity. We welcomed what the Prime Minister had said as to the policy of leaving Russia to manage her own affairs. In regard to France, he thought she must realise that the only hope for her future and ours was to grasp fully the fact that there was no hope of development on sound lines of progress unless it was borne in mind that Europe and the world were essentially one, and that we ourselves had borne our full share of the heat and burden of the day. He thought that there was a drawing back on the part of public opinion in this country from complete identification with many of the aims of France in relation to Germany and Austria. He did not believe that the people of this country were prepared to pledge themselves to be moral or

CONTINUED ON PAGE 6, COLUMN 1.

SPECIAL EXTRA.

INTERNATIONAL MINERS' COMMITTEE AND FRANCE.

A telegram from Brussels yesterday says:—The International Committee of Miners has decided that the next International Congress of Miners will be held on August 2 at Geneva. The Committee decided to place the question of the nationalisation of mines on the agenda of the Congress immediately after the reconstitution of the International Federation. A resolution was passed saying that, in face of the repeated refusal of the French Government to accept the reasonable claims of miners with a view to the revision of the pensions law, the Committee call on all miners in coal-producing countries to oppose all deliveries of coal in excess of tonnage already sent to France, and in the event of a strike of French coal miners to refuse to work overtime in order to produce coal intended for French consumption. In opening the sitting, Mr. Smillie, the President, remarked on the absence of delegates from the Central Powers in spite of the efforts made to facilitate their arrival, and proposed that their presence should then be dispensed with.

CRISIS IN SPAIN.

Reuter's Agency has received an urgent telegram from Madrid, despatched at 3.20 a.m. yesterday, stating that the Ministers are assembled to consider affairs of immediate importance.

IRISH QUESTIONS.

RAIDS BY MILITARY FORCES.

Mr. Macpherson, in reply to Lieut.-Commander Kenworthy, who asked if he would state the reasons for the raids by military forces in the night and early morning of 30th-31st January, 1920, in which over a thousand private houses were entered and thirty persons arrested without warrant or charge, including the hon. members for the St. James's Division of Dublin, North-East Cork, and West Wicklow, and when it was proposed to bring the accused to trial, said:—The raids were carried out by police and troops provided also to capture certain leaders and important persons in the Irish Volunteers (or Irish Republican Army), the organisation which has been responsible for recent attacks on police barracks and other outrages, and for the state of lawlessness and terror now obtaining in Ireland. The individuals selected, who are believed to be those responsible for plotting, organising, and carrying out outrages, have been reported under the Defence of the Realm Regulations. The number of houses raided is grossly exaggerated.

DOGS AND IRISH MURDERS.

Replying to Colonel Gretton, Mr. Macpherson said that the matter of using trained dogs to trace persons guilty of the murders of Irish police and others in Ireland had been fully considered, and it was found that no trained dogs were available in the War Dogs School in England. On the instructions of the Government, the Inspector-General of the Royal Irish Constabulary consulted the Commandant of the War Dogs School with a view to devising a scheme for the training of dogs in Ireland, but, owing to the length of time it would take to procure and train suitable dogs, and the cost which would be incurred in setting up a training school, it was finally decided by the Government that the scheme could not be proceeded with.

ALDERMAN T. KELLY'S DEPORTATION.

Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy asked the Chief Secretary if he would state on what charge the hon. member for St. Stephen's Green had been imprisoned; if he was aware that the hon. member had been unanimously elected Lord Mayor of Dublin; whether it was proposed to bring the hon. member to trial, and, if so, when this would be done.

Mr. Macpherson—Under an order made in pursuance of the Defence of the Realm Regulations the hon. member referred to in the question has been deported from Ireland, and interned in Wormwood Scrubbs, as a person suspected of having acted, and being about to act, in a manner prejudicial to the public safety and the defence of the realm. The answer to the second part of the question is in the affirmative.

Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy asked whether there was any intention of bringing the hon. member to trial.

Mr. Macpherson—I have already said the order was for his deportation.

SIR JOSEPH BYRNE'S POSITION.

Replying in the House of Commons, yesterday, to Major Malone, Mr. Macpherson said that Sir Joseph Byrne had been granted three months' leave pending a reply to a request that he should avail himself of an opportunity to send in his resignation. He had been informed that the Government came to the conclusion with reluctance, and after prolonged and anxious consideration, that he was unequal to the active discharge of all the essential duties of Inspector-General of the Royal Irish Constabulary for which, in the circumstances now prevailing in Ireland, the Government were compelled to look.

IRISH POSTAL SERVICES.

THE NIGHT COLLECTION IN DUBLIN.

Mr. Edward Kelly having addressed a question to the Postmaster-General as to the extreme inconvenience occasioned to the public of Dublin and its suburbs by the withdrawal of a night collection of letters,

Mr. Pike Pease writes in reply—The last collection of letters in Dublin has been fixed at 9 p.m., that was called the war criminals, and I would say this at once—that I was astonished and alarmed at the long list of names which were published the other day. (Hear, hear.) That seems to me to take the whole question out of the region of practicability. (Hear, hear.) What was in the minds of the members of this House, and, certainly, I should judge, in the minds of Mr. Asquith and the Prime Minister and the leaders of the Opposition who have spoken on the subject, was that these men should be brought before the Bar of the world's public opinion and made to answer for their crimes. Nobody will disagree with this. But if it is to be done, it must be fairly done. First of all, there should be a competent tribunal; secondly, the tribunal should act with reasonable speed; and, thirdly, it should be fair. I hope that common-sense will prevail with regard to this question, and that the whole matter will be dealt with on such lines as I have suggested. Passing to the case of Austria, Sir Donald Maclean said that the position of the whole of the Austro-Hungarian Empire was one of the greatest difficulty. The country had been split up into various States, and one of the main troubles there was that these newly set-up States were all at present working independently, and their arrangements with regard to the revenue and Customs barriers to be set up were leading to the gravest confusion. He, therefore, urged upon the Government that the only sound way of treating these new entities under the Treaty, from an economic point of view, was by establishing complete Free Trade amongst them. (Hear, hear.)

WAGES OF DUBLIN TRAMWAYMEN.

The employés of the Dublin Tramway Co. have accepted the offer of the company to increase the wages of the men by 2s. a week and of the boys by 2s. 6d. a week, retrospective as from the 1st of January last.

DUBLIN PORT AND DOCKS BILL.

The Dublin and South-Eastern Railway Co. has petitioned against the Dublin Port and Docks Bill, as well as the Kingstown Urban Council and the London and North-Western Railway Co.

IRISH DOCTOR'S APPOINTMENT IN CAPE TOWN UNIVERSITY.

Professor Crichton has been appointed to the Chair of Obstetrics and Gynæcology in the University of Cape Town. Professor Crichton is a graduate in Arts and Medicine of Dublin University. He devoted himself to the study and practice of obstetrics and gynæcology

PARLIAMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM COLUMN 5, PAGE 5.)

material supporters of the mere policy of revenge. It was wrong for France, in all her best interests, and it was profoundly wrong for us. He believed that if the Government took the high and lofty line, they would have the support of their countrymen.

LORD ROBERT CECIL.

Lord Robert Cecil said that the worst parts of the Peace Treaties were the economic parts, but there existed power to mitigate those parts. Sooner or later, some of the terms of the Treaties would have to be revised, and he cordially welcomed what had been said by Lord Curzon on this subject. But it would be rash to ask our Allies for an immediate revision of the treaties. The position abroad was profoundly serious in every direction. He thought that the dangers in the Middle East were largely attributable to the long delay in dealing with the Turkish question. (Hear, hear.) He hoped that every possible effort would be made to fix up speedily a Treaty with Turkey. He criticised the long delays in establishing peace and the undue prolongation of the blockade. The separation clauses in the Treaty with Germany was founded on the entirely wrong principle that the more Germany made the more we would take from her. That was a fantastic proposal. Further, he did not think that there had been a sufficient appreciation of the necessity for the restoration of peaceful conditions, especially in Russia. He blamed the Government for their oscillation between the two sides in Russia. It was not the way to carry on the foreign policy of the country. If the Government encouraged the Poles to attack the Bolsheviks, they would be courting grave disaster for Europe. Partial trading with Russia was not an adequate way of dealing with the situation. As the Paris Conference had lost *prestige*, he suggested that the League of Nations should take action, and should send representatives to Russia to learn the truth there. While he was still in favour of punishing the Kaiser and other war criminals, he gravely doubted whether, after waiting eighteen months after the armistice, they ought to demand 900 Germans. Such a demand must arouse every spark of national feeling that was left in Germany, and if the Allies succeeded in their demand they would run the risk of producing revolution in Germany. If they failed, they would present a quite unnecessary victory to the Military Party in Germany. The Labour Party must remember that a coal strike here meant the death of thousands of persons on the Continent of Europe.

Sir W. Mitchell-Thomson said that the League of Nations should not be allowed to revise the Peace Treaty. Germany's resources were reported to be vastly in excess of the 2,000 millions quoted by Mr. Asquith as the limit of her capacity for reparation. Economic projections were notoriously unreliable. The amendment would "queer the pitch" of the Reparation Commission.

MR. BALFOUR.

Mr. Balfour, in the course of his reply, said—I am not yet certain of the object of Sir Donald Maclean in moving the amendment. Really, the Treaty was not attacked at all. In fact, judging merely by the charming tone and pleasing temper of the right hon. gentleman's speech, I never should have conceived it was the Leader of the Opposition who moved the amendment. (Laughter.) There was a slight improvement when we came to Lord Robert Cecil's speech. I do not refer to the impressive lamentations he made, but in some parts of his speech I thought I detected the note of war to which we are accustomed. Unless my memory, My noble friend, having sounded the trumpet, declared that he could not support Sir Donald Maclean, and was not in favour of the amendment. I, therefore, rise under quite unexpected circumstances to deal with very proper and interesting observations, some of them rather common-place and familiar, but all of them interestingly put and worthy of the consideration of the House. I will begin with the two criticisms which he made upon the provisions of the Treaty. The first relates to what he described as the folly of not fixing what they ought to pay. He dwelt upon the embarrassments to German finance, industry, and enterprise involved in hanging over the heads of the German people sums vast, indefinite obligation which there was no power to deal with or relax, which could never be fulfilled, and which was sure to destroy the industry of every German worker; that whatever he might do in adding to the wealth of his country would fall into the hands not from his country by his country's former enemies. There is really no basis for that accusation. My hon. friend who has just sat down pointed out the extreme difficulty of fixing a sum. He has pointed out with unanswerable power that the economic future of Germany is a thing which the most acute and well-informed economist cannot foresee. But even about the present condition of Germany the most expert economists differ from each other. With regard to the amount of money which Germany can pay, Germany herself differs from Mr. Keynes by placing her maximum possibility of contribution two and a half times above that of Mr. Keynes, and, as the German calculation is far lower than the calculation made by our own experts, and still lower than the calculation made by the French experts, if the present experts with all their knowledge are not able to agree as to the sum which Germany can pay, how can anybody in the years 1919 or 1920 foresee what Germany can be able to pay? Therefore, my hon friend who has just sat down is perfectly right in saying that there would be a great danger in the Council at Versailles fixing the amount then and there which our late enemy is expected to pay by way of reparation.

WHAT THE TREATY DOES.

But it is quite inaccurate to suggest that in the Treaty of Versailles no provision was made for dealing with the financial difficulties of Germany. May I just read a sentence or two from the annex to the Peace Treaty?—"At any time within four months of the signature of the Treaty, Germany shall be at liberty to submit, and the Allied and Associated Powers will receive and consider, such proposals as Germany may choose to make. The particular proposals may be made on the following subjects for the following purposes:—Germany may offer a lump sum in settlement of her whole liability, or in settlement of her liability in any particular category, in order to carry out by her own *modus* the restoration and reconstruction," and so on. It is perfectly clear that not only was it an equitable piece of machinery, but it is a machinery for equitable adjustment. We have offered Germany to put before us her propositions with regard to a lump sum, we have promised to consider these proposals of Germany, and I really cannot understand what more you could put into a Treaty, or you ought to put into a Treaty. (Cheers.)

BOUNDARIES OF HUNGARY.

The second criticism is with regard to the boundaries of Hungary. My right hon. friend suggested that these, as settled and laid down in the Peace Treaty excluded from Hungary, and included in Rumania a large Hungarian population, who might have been, and ought to have been, in Hungary; and he also suggested that the proper remedy for that was that these boundaries should be resubmitted to the Commission for examination and enquiry. I think he is wholly wrong in his facts, and I believe that the boundaries are the best which can be found. While, undoubtedly, the main and governing question is that of population, you cannot leave out the question of railways, and other economic questions. These subsidiary considerations were taken into account when the Conference at Paris dealt with these difficult problems, and when my right hon. friend talks about resubmitting these for reconsideration, I do not think he can be aware how adequate the enquiries into these questions were.

THE WAR CRIMINALS.

I now come to the third and last criticism made by my right hon. friend on the actual terms of the Treaty. It relates to the war criminals. On this point alone my hon. friend went the full and extreme length that anybody could go in the direction of desiring punishment of anyone who could properly be regarded as concerned, from the Kaiser downwards, in any illegal or brutal acts. The British Government have always been most anxious to keep down as far as possible the number of those charged, because enormous lists produce a kind of shock on public opinion, both in Germany and in other countries, and among the neutrals, and it is the kind of shock that you would gladly avoid if you could. The British Government had no opportunity of examining other peoples' lists, but we examined our own, and I can assure you that our list, which is between 20 and 100, contains nobody who did an illegal act because he was ordered to do it, and was not going beyond his orders. The captain of a submarine who was given orders, as we think, of monstrous cruelty, quite contrary to the law of nations, but who carried out his orders without excess or brutality beyond the orders, is not attacked. In our list of submarine commanders whom we believe on evidence which has been examined by those who are competent to form an opinion, are those who have gone beyond their orders in regard to the sinking of merchant ships, and have behaved with quite gratuitous brutality on their own account to their unhappy victims. Do you want to cut down that list? (Cheers.) That list of other countries are much larger than our own, and the total of 900 is chiefly made up of the lists of our Allies. I am entirely in accord with Lord Robert Cecil, whose view is that the man in the highest place, clearly guilty, personally guilty, not in any merely ministerial or amendment capacity, but personally guilty of any of these crimes, ought not to be allowed to escape. I am sure he agrees that those minor instruments of crime who go beyond, in their brutality, even the brutality of their orders, ought not to be allowed to escape. (Hear, hear.) If that be the principle, as I hope it is, on which the general list is framed—as it certainly is the principle on which our list is framed—much as I regret the number of criminals, as at present advised, it seems to me very difficult to find any principle on which it can be reduced. The whole subject is under discussion, but having put the problem before the House, I am sure members will feel sympathy with the difficulties of the problem with which we are faced. (Cheers.) The rest of the speech of my right hon. friend, Lord Robert Cecil, was not an attack on the Treaty, but either attacks on the Government for not having finished the Treaty more quickly, or else lamentations for the present state of the world in general and Europe in particular.

THE DARK EUROPEAN POSITION.

I do not believe that any colours are too dark in which to paint the position of a large part of Europe at the present time. Sir Donald Maclean and Lord Robert Cecil drew a lamentable pictures, supported by extracts from Sir William Goode's reports, of the condition of things in Vienna. What is going on in Vienna is going on, I hope with less intensity, over great areas that five years ago were regarded as civilised, prosperous, secure, well-to-do. That is not the fault of the Treaty. (Cheers.) That is the fault of the war, and no paper provisions in any treaty could carry them out now any more could put that right. Take even a class of evil which may at first sight seem to arise directly out of the conditions of the Treaty. I mean the fact that some of those new States show little desire for co-operation with their neighbours, and little capacity for it, and the result is that the Zollverein, which was one of the merits of the Austrian Empire, and which did bring economically together the populations of that part of the world, has been replaced by a commercial fiscal policy, which I have not the slightest doubt is extremely injurious to the parties concerned. But that is not the result of the Treaty, but the result of the war. The evils would have gone on if there had been no Treaty, and in a much more aggravated form. They are the result of the war, and, if you like, of the application of the principle of self-determination to this part of Europe. My right hon. friend, who must have known that these evils were directly due to the application of the principle, forebore to say what seems to me the logical conclusion of his criticisms—that we ought to have pursued Political Economy, abandoned the rights of population, and left the Austrian Empire in its original form. If we are to establish these new States with their populations which, if not homogeneous, are as homogeneous as we could make them, and are so thereupon going to try to compel them to make their foreign fiscal policy the mere subservient tool of the Great Powers? We do not encourage a free State to refuse coal to another. Precisely the reverse. We do our very best. But, after all, there are limits to what your best may be with regard to States which are independent. My right hon. friend says that the condition of the exchanges is so horrible that something must be done to put it right. He made no suggestion of what should be done, but he seemed to think that the Government were indifferent. I believe I am quite accurate in saying that we already spent 12½ millions sterling in the relief of a population which is starving at this moment because it joined in an unjust war against us and our Allies. (Cheers.) We have also offered to spend ten millions sterling, provided others adequately share the burden. I do not think we can do more. I do not think we ought to do more. (Cheers.) It is a horrible task to contemplate what is going on, and I think we ought to make every reasonable effort to help, whether the people are our ex-enemies or our Allies. Like the right hon. gentleman, I wish to wage no war against women and children. (Cheers.) But the burden which this country has borne, is bearing, and will be called upon to bear, is, I think, as much as we can carry. (Cheers.)

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NATIONAL LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION.

WORK OF THE DUBLIN BRANCH.

MOTOR LIFEBOATS FOR IRELAND.

The annual meeting of the City of Dublin Branch of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution was held at 110 Grafton street, Dublin, yesterday afternoon. Mr. John Good, J.P., presided. Mr. R. J. Newcombe, Assistant Secretary, read letters of apology from the Lord Mayor, Mr. Andrew Jameson, D.L., Chairman of the Committee; Sir James Murphy, Sir William Fry, Mrs. Haynes, and Captain McCombie.

The annual report stated that the Dublin Lifeboat Flag Day and special effort appeal was carried out in the month of August, and, although great difficulty was experienced in getting lady helpers to sell flags, the total result was satisfactory, and the Committee again tendered sincere thanks to the ladies who assisted, as well as to the merchants, hotel and restaurant proprietors, and others who allowed special collections to be made on their premises. The Institution was now more than ever in need of funds for the great scheme now in hands of building and equipping fifty newest design motor lifeboats, of which Ireland was to receive her fair proportion, according to her coast line and shipping. The statement of accounts showed that the total revenue amounted to £785 0s. 9d., and at the close of the year there was a balance on hands of £5 17s. 6d.

THE CHAIRMAN.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, said that in these days of peace too many were prone to forget how dependent they were on the mercantile marine. It would be information to many to know that seaborne goods to the value of over one hundred million sterling were imported into this country in the past year. These comprised raw materials, food-stuffs, and coal, 98 per cent. of the coal used in this country being imported. Their exports amounted to an almost similar figure, large quantities of food-stuffs being sent to the neighbouring isle, and on these exports depended largely the prosperity of this country. (Hear, hear.) Just as they had ambulance stations dotted over the country at home, the National Lifeboat Institution provided the ambulances of the sea along the coast, ready in the case of call to go to the assistance of vessels in distress, and it was of the greatest importance that the new design motor lifeboat scheme should be carried into effect as soon as possible. (Hear, hear, and applause.)

Major Whewell seconded. The nine months' subscriptions showed a yield at the rate of £1,000 a year, which was highly satisfactory. (Applause.)

Mr. H. G. Solomon supported the resolution, and said that the annual contribution of Dublin to the Lifeboat Institution had gradually grown during the five years of the war, and to-day the city was practically the only large contribution than any other part of Ireland. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

THE ELECTION.

Sir Gabriel Stokes proposed:—"That the Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery be re-elected President."

Mr. Tenison Collins seconded the motion, which was unanimously adopted.

On the motion of Colonel Perry, the following were elected on the Committee:—Chairman, Andrew Jameson, D.L.; Vice-Chairman, Frank V. Martin; Hon. Treasurer, Howard B. Guinness; Hon. Sec., R. N. Guinness, and the outgoing Committee, together with Mr. David Barry, Sir Joseph Glynn, and Rev. Dr. Denham Osborne.

A PRIZE ESSAY.

The Chairman made a presentation to Master Charles M. Blake, of Dunboyne National School, Co. Meath, winner of the Institution's shield and award of merit, as well as £5 War Savings Certificates, for the best essay on "The Heroic Work of the Lifeboats," which he won in open competition with all other boys in the United Kingdom.

The presentation was then made amidst loud applause, and Master Blake briefly returned thanks.

MOTOR LIFEBOATS.

Commander Douglas, in proposing a vote of thanks to the outgoing officers and committee and to the many ladies and helpers for their services in 1919, said that five out of twenty-four motor lifeboats for the whole of Ireland. These lifeboats were now at Wicklow, Arklow, Baltimore, Donaghadee, and Kingstown, and they would shortly have motor lifeboats at Wexford, Dunmore East, Port Oriel (Drogheda), Portrush, and Largs.

Sir John Moore seconded the vote of thanks, which was passed with acclamation.

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman, moved by Mr. D. Barry, O.B.E., and seconded by Captain A. H. Webb.

The attendances included:—

Mr. Michael Dalton, Mr. T. M. Blake, Mr. Charles Blake, Miss Farran Barragry, Major Arthur Whewell, Mr. F. Tenison Collins, Rev. E. Denham Osborne, Mr. H. G. Soomon (Organising Secretary for Ireland), Commander Stopford C. Douglas, Colonel Cecil Perry, Sir G. Stokes, K.C.S.I., Captain J. H. Webb, Mr. William T. Stewart, Mr. Howard B. Guinness, Mr. H. Mayne, Mr. Harold Pim, Mr. Arthur Pim, F.C.A.; Mr. D. Barry, O.B.E.; Sir John Moore, M.D.; Mr. D. J. Newcombe, Assistant Secretary.

THE O'MARA OPERA COMPANY.

"UN BALLO IN MASCHERA."

Mr. O'Mara, in deciding to include Verdi's "Ballo in Maschera" in his Dublin programme, did a needful service, as it is many years since it was last performed—probably not since the Rousbey Company visited Dublin. Immediately succeeding a performance of "Il Trovatore," comparison with that work was inevitable last evening. While it has not the melodious charm of that opera, it has some distinctive music; but, on the whole, it was rather disappointing, and it is interesting chiefly as an index to the gradual change in Verdi's method of dramatic treatment which culminated in "Aida." Certainly was not the fault of the artists that the opera could not be regarded as a success, as they gave the most of their opportunities. Miss Evelyn Birks, as Amelia, sang her music admirably, and created an excellent impression by her confident style and artistic method. As Adelia Miss Dorothy Phillips was also effective. She has a voice of much purity, especially in her upper register. Miss Florence Cahill did well in the exacting part of Ulrica, the sorceress. The principal male parts were capably filled by Mr. John Pegg, whose Riccardo was a notable feature of the performance, and Mr. John Olivere, who filled the part of Renato, and sang throughout with consistent accuracy and finish. As Silvano, Mr. Wilfred Davies was also successful. The choral work was uniformly good; while Mr. Wm. J. Hekker utilised his orchestral forces to the best advantage. To-night—"Madam Butterfly."

CONGESTED DISTRICTS BOARD FOR IRELAND.

A meeting of the Congested Districts Board for Ireland was held at their offices, 23 Rutland Square, Dublin, on Tuesday. There were present:—The Right Hon. James MacMahon, Under Secretary (presiding); the Most Rev. Dr. O'Sullivan, Roman Catholic Bishop of Kerry; the Right Hon. Sir David Harrel, G.C.B.; the Rev. Dr. Gwynn; Professor McAlpine, P.P., V.G.; the Rev. Denis O'Hara, P.P.; the Very Rev. Patrick Canon Glynn, P.P.; W. J. D. Walker, C.B.; Thomas Francis Smyth, Sir Henry Doran, W. L. Hicks, and J. R. O'Brien, Esq., Secretary.

BACON AND FLAX.

The Banagher Branch of the Ulster Farmers' Union has passed a resolution protesting against the increased price of bacon to the consumer, and requesting the Executive to approach the Food Controller with a view to having the price brought back to its original level. The branch also protested against the imposition of summer-time this year.

The Clonghmills Farmers' Association has passed a resolution approving of the action of the Ballynahinch farmers in withholding their flax from the market, in view of the Flax Control Board failing to fulfil its promise as to improved grading.

In pursuance of the policy recently agreed upon by the Ulster Farmers' and Flax-Growers' Union for the de-control of flax, a further phase of the agitation was manifested on Monday in the flax market in Banbridge, which, hitherto largely attended, was virtually boycotted, only five small lots, 225 stones in all, being marketed. The grading, as anticipated, was higher than usual, 3lbs. to 4lbs. per stone.

The Allied Premiers and a number of British and foreign statesmen met in conference at 10 Downing street yesterday morning. Marshal Foch was present.

The influenza epidemic has been growing in severity as well as in extent in Berlin during the last few days, and inflammation of the lungs frequently sets in.

IRISH CATTLE AT BIRKENHEAD.

THE MERSEY DOCKS BOARD'S ORDER.

A discussion took place at the meeting of the Mersey Docks and Harbour Board yesterday on the recent Order of the Ministry of Food to the effect that fat stock from Ireland would not be accepted at any British ports on Sundays. The Dock Board have given notice that Irish animals will not be allowed to land at Birkenhead cattle wharf between noon on Saturdays and midnight Sundays.

Mr. W. J. Chambers asked what was going to be the effect of the Order. Did it mean the closing of Birkenhead Wharf for about three days in the week?

Mr. Willmer (Chairman of the Traffic Committee) said that he did not think so, but probably the wharf would be closed on part of Monday.

Mr. J. H. Beazley asked what was the necessity of the Order. It seemed to him a great waste of time. Could not the Traffic Committee help the steamship owners to put a stop to that interference with their trade, and the danger of more congestion through delayed vessels at the docks?

The Chairman—The Ministry of Food has given an Order, and we have got to obey it.

Further discussion followed, in the course of which it was pointed out that the Order applied to all ports, and that it was not anticipated that the Board would suffer.

It has been alleged that the Order was due to cattle drovers' demands for higher wages, but the men repudiate this. They have been pressing for the abolition of Sunday work for some time.

NATIONAL TEACHERS' TRAINING COLLEGES.

A deputation was received at the House of Commons yesterday by Mr. Stanley Baldwin, M.P., Secretary to the Treasury, on behalf of the training colleges for national teachers, with a view to putting their claims for an increase in the present grants, which have been increased only 15s. since 1914. The deputation consisted of:—Messrs. Wm. Jellett, M.P.; E. J. Kelly, M.P.; Rev. J. Russell, Principal St. Patrick's Training College, Drumcondra. Mr. Baldwin was impressed by the facts and figures which were brought forward on behalf of the colleges, and promised his careful consideration.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

DUBLIN TECHNICAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE.—The first meeting of the recently-formed Technical Education Committee for the County Borough of Dublin was held on the 11th instant. Councillor Patrick Mahon was unanimously re-elected Chairman, and Councillor P. T. Daly was unanimously re-appointed Vice-Chairman. The several sub-committees were appointed, including the Consultative Committee with representatives of Employers' and Men's Associations in connection with the Day Apprenticeship Scheme.

PETROL-PROPELLED RAILWAY "PORTER."—Travellers who occasionally complain of the tardy manner in which railway porters summoned to take luggage from trains and steamers to cabs and cars may, doubtless, welcome the advent of what may be termed a petrol-propelled "porter," whose speed is greatly in its favour, and who has no use for tips. An innovation of this description has arrived from across Channel, and was performing satisfactory trials at the North Wall yesterday. It is an ingrass collector is a flat and side-less truck, fitted with steering apparatus and a motor. It carries about a quarter of a ton luggage on each deck, and a boy can do all that is necessary to keep it in the strict path of duty.

COST OF LOSING A PONY.

Mr. Swifte, K.C., at Kingstown Police Court yesterday made an order that a pony in the possession of Thomas O'Sullivan, Adelaide road, Kingstown, be returned to the owner, William Moorehouse, Little Bray, within seven days on the payment of £5 and £5 costs, including cost of maintenance, etc. Evidence was given that the pony originally cost £3. It was lost and was found by Mr. Weafer, who, having reported the matter to the police, advertised that a claimant it would be sold to cover cost of keep. It was then sold privately for £5 to O'Sullivan, who was summoned by the owner to give up the animal. Mr. J. M. Magee, solicitor, submitted that the animal had not been sold in market overt, and that O'Sullivan's claim for a refund of purchase money, etc., was invalid. Mr. Gerald Byrne, solicitor, proved that his client had not bought the pony until he had consulted the police as to the legality of his action, and the police had told him that there was no claimant. Mr. Magee imputed nothing derogatory to O'Sullivan, but submitted he had worked his animal and got value for his keep. His worship held with Mr. Byrne, and made the order stated.

ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES.

The monthly meeting of the Committee of Management was held at the Hospital yesterday (Thursday) morning at 9.30—Colonel Oliver J. Bentley, Esq., J.P., presiding. Also present—Sir William P. C. Royd, Bart., K.C.B., C.V.O.; Sir Alfred G. Hollinshead, Esq., J.P. (Hon. Treasurer); Francis Bewley, Esq., J.P.; Sir Earle Bland, Esq.; Sir Walter H. Royd, Bart., K.C.B., C.V.O.; Sir Thomas Right Rev. Monsignor J. J. Dunne, P.P., V.G.; Rev. Stoughton Fry, Esq., Right Hon. Denis Henry, K.C., Mahon, P.C., Under-secretary for Ireland; Henry J. Monahan, Esq., K.C.; John Mooney, Esq., C.V.O., J.P.; Sir John R. O'Connell, Bart., D.L., J.P.; B. M. O'Grady, Esq.; Archibald Robinson, Esq., J.P.; Theodore H. Welch, Esq.

Apologies for non-attendance were received from Patrick J. Brady, Esq.; Wm. M. Hatle, Esq., J.P., and W. T. Kennan, Esq.

The appointment of Chairman and Vice-Chairman for the first business proceeded with, the by-laws of the hospital providing for their election in the month of February in each year.

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Books of the Week.

THE FEDERATION OF THE WORLD.

Students of history will welcome the second edition of Professor Phillips's valuable work. The first edition appeared in 1914; but so many far-reaching changes have taken place in the meanwhile, and the very problem which Professor Phillips discusses has come into such prominence and occupied such an important place in the public mind, that, while leaving the main portion of his work virtually untouched, he has re-written his concluding chapters in the light of events since the outbreak of the great war. It is a sad pity that copies of the first edition did not fall into the hands of half a dozen of the world's "leading" statesmen before they set out on their great adventure little over a year ago.

The work deals with the various attempts made to establish a confederation of European nations, more particularly during the period of, and immediately after, the Napoleonic wars. What a lesson President Wilson might have learned from Professor Phillips's brilliant analysis of the character and ideals of Alexander I.! How many glaring mistakes might have been avoided had Mr. Lloyd George known something about the diplomacy of the famous Castlereagh! Incidentally Professor Phillips depicts this much maligned *diplomat* in totally new, or, at any rate, unorthodox, colours. His policy at Vienna, and, indeed, throughout the negotiations is strikingly vindicated, and his figure stands out in bold and realistic relief against a background of shadowy idealism, insidious intrigue, and myopic opportunism. *Mutatis mutandis*, and with slight readjustments of personal prejudices, Alexander I., as portrayed by Professor Phillips, might be mistaken for the now disillusioned President of the United States. At heart both were sincere; but neither was able to translate his vague transcendentalism into the idiom of nations and the language of every day.

The Holy Alliance was no better and no worse than the League of Nations as conceived in the brains of their respective authors. A hundred years separated them in time. Human nature, after as before, was subject to the same passions, the same prejudices, and was vitiated by just the same faults. Space does not allow a discussion of the Vienna Congress, with its preliminaries and its results. Suffice it to say that the men who at that time were the virtual arbiters of world destinies, although ostensibly no. so enlightened as their successors a century later, were no less impotent to remodel human nature and create a new heaven and a new earth. "If ever the Powers," wrote Gentz, "should meet again to establish a political system by which wars of conquest would be rendered impossible and the rights of all guaranteed, the Congress of Vienna, as a preparatory assembly, will not have been in vain." Are we, after all, so very much wiser than our ancestors?

From the standpoints of the student of contemporary affairs and the general reader Professor Phillips's last chapters are of very great value. He deals first with the genesis of the Monroe Doctrine, and subsequently with the present project for a League of Nations. As a historian he has no illusions. He does not regard President Wilson as a prophet; indeed, he questions the President's qualities of international altruism very closely, and is not at all impressed by his sonorous eloquence. Professor Phillips does not admit that America is *par excellence* the pacific power of Christendom. The Monroe Doctrine is not what it seems to be. An American historian, in fact, draws a contrast between "the principle that foreign nations must not annex American territory, and the equally well-established principle that the United States may annex what she pleases." There never was a more startling assertion of the right to hand peoples about from potentate to potentate, declares Professor Phillips, than the Louisiana Purchase in 1803. Once started, the process went on. West Florida was annexed by military force in 1810-1814. East Florida followed five years afterwards. Texas was taken in 1845. New Mexico and California were annexed after the war with Mexico, 1846-1848. In 1846, furthermore, the Oregon dispute with Great Britain ended in a compromise, and the United States acquired possession of the great North-West. Thus the Monroe Doctrine lost its theoretical significance and became eventually a purely "American Doctrine" which gave the United States virtual hegemony in the Americas.

So far as the League of Nations is concerned, Professor Phillips does not believe that the millennium has arrived. A new Holy Alliance is in existence, he says, but, like its predecessor, it is, to all intents and purposes, an alliance of the Great Powers. He makes some valuable criticisms of the idea of the grouping of nations. Hitherto groups have been formed to protect themselves against other existing groups, and a sense of competition has preserved their inner cohesion. When this competition ceases to be felt—as would be the case in a really efficient and all-embracing League of Nations—the group or groups begin to lose their feeling of cohesion and to dissolve into their elements. Centrifugal forces immediately come into play.

Professor Phillips quotes the example of the British Empire. Prior to the war, when Great Britain was undisputed mistress of the seas, and held the world's trade in the palm of her hand, the Empire was almost allowed to fall to pieces. Its component parts were welded together only as a result of the challenge of a menacing Germany. "Those federations which have survived have done so because, as in the case of the United States, they have developed a common sentiment far stronger than any which may divide their constituent States, a sentiment based on the consciousness of interests, traditions, and ideals distinguishing them from other political groups. They have survived, in short, because they have become nations. Seeing the world as it is, it is difficult to believe that any such powerful cement of sentiment could be found to bind together even the civilised peoples, not to mention the semi-civilised and the uncivilised. In the absence of such a sentiment the stability of the League of Nations must depend on a system of checks and balances, and this in the long run is unlikely to prove any more effective in keeping the peace than were the expedients of the old diplomacy."

Here is a masterly piece of practical criticism. The League of Nations as an ideal is worthy of the highest praise; but, as we all are gradually beginning to realise, no artificial grouping of peoples can be successful if its foundations are laid without due regard to the foibles and weaknesses of human nature. President Wilson was sincere; so was Alexander a hundred years ago. Professor Phillips concludes with a quotation from Mirabeau: *Le temps viendra sans doute où nous n' aurons que des amis et point d'alliés, où la liberté de commerce sera universelle, où l'Europe ne sera qu' une grande famille, mais l'espérance a aussi son fanatisme.*

"The Confederation of Europe." By Walter Alison Phillips. London: Longman's. 12/6 net.

SPORTING REMINISCENCES.

Mrs. Conyers's reminiscences of sporting days are distinctly breezy; there is a feeling of wholesome and vigorous fresh air about the whole book. No attempt is made to solve the Irish problem, though the scene is laid in this country. The nearest we get to a problem of the moment is the account of a Sinn Fein raid. In 1918 the author went through the experience now so common. Fifteen men in masks entered her house. They put revolvers to her head. She was comforted by the reflection that probably they were not loaded. She abused them roundly, and they listened to her abuse. One of them then offered her a match for her cigarette. "No one," she comments, "but an Irish raider could have done this. They got no arms except some old spears, which they carried off triumphantly. I was alone in the house but for the two maids, who were quite calm, though frightened."

From first page to last the whole book deals with fox-hunting. In spite of the attractions of the fox, every now and then emerges a story which shows how terrible were the days of the author's youth. It is no wonder that she makes the remark that life was a thing for land agents to carry lightly in their hands when she recounts the tale which her father told her. He spoke of one who lived near Bruff, who was travelling with his wife. A man stopped him at his own gate, asking carelessly, "Are you Mr. ——?" On receiving an affirmative answer, he shot the agent dead. He was, adds Mrs. Conyers, never caught. At the same time it is well for *assassinat les assassins* to remember that, though isolated murderers have escaped, murderers who work in bands have not. The lesson of the Phœnix Park murders of 1882 is that, though the mills of the law grind slowly, they grind.

Mrs. Conyers cares more to speak of the packs with which she has hunted in the County Limerick. She draws an attractive picture of one master, Thady Cooney. There is a passing reference to Whyte Melville, who wrote one of the best of hunting songs. If anyone desires to feel the glow of the description of the best run which the author ever had, let him turn to the delightful fourth chapter. The love of sport which really exists among the Irish comes out in a hundred different ways. For instance, there was a special train at Limerick. The stationmaster was new to his work. He saw a stranger with two red setters about to travel on the train for the huntsmen. "No one," he interposed, "but huntsmen were to travel. No one, and not them dogs." "Specially going out for Major Wise." came the quick retort—"deerhounds." He eyed the red setters. "Huntin' dogs," he observed; "into a first class with them, Johnny, straight away. All that belongs to the huntin' party can go an' welcome." On another occasion the author was on the railway platform, stamping her feet in order to keep warm. A friendly engine-driver invited her in to his fire. "For I was a sportin' man myself onst," he said proudly; "didn't I drive the hunting special for a year?"

Some of the claims for compensation read curiously. One farmer fiercely required money for damages to a haggard of cabbages. "An it wasn't the hunt he minded, but that Hanley from —— on his great gevaul of a horse, an' that Miss O'Connor, that long, lean scrag of a woman, that would not go on or back, but hither an' over among me cabbages." Another farmer asked the master to come at once to kill a fox that was doing great mischief. "For I have not made claim yet," he wrote, "nor me neighbours, but there isn't a hin or a duck he'll leave, an' I'd ask the master to come to see to him, or he'll be a very dear fox on the Hunt Club." It would be easy for us to go on quoting from the agreeable accounts of Irish servants, of some good horses and some frauds, and of hunting stories. The best thing, however, is to buy the book, and rich enjoyment is sure to fall to the reader.

"Sporting Reminiscences." By Dorothea Conyers. London: Methuen. 15/-.

THE IRISH CHURCH HYMNAL.

The result of the ten years' work of the Committees who have been engaged on the compilation of a fresh edition of the Hymn-book of the Church of Ireland is now before the public. We have no hesitation in offering our congratulations and thanks to all those who have brought their labours to such a happy issue. It is no easy matter to improve a hymnal. Popular taste is so undiscriminating that it is not easy to change bad tunes for unknown, but good, ones. It is not difficult to tread on some one's corns when the suggestion is made to delete a hymn which appeals only to a few; and the eagle eye of the heresy-hunter is so keen to detect the introduction of what he considers dangerous doctrine in words which have an unaccustomed ring that the task seems to be a thankless one. We think that the compilers have exercised a careful judgment in their revision, and that few, if any, will feel aggrieved as they turn over the pages of this book.

We welcome many hymns new to Irish Church people—*e.g.*, "All Things are Thine," "When on my Day of Life the Night is Falling" (J. G. Whittier), Rev. W. Aitken's "Quit You Like Men," Kipling's "Recessional" (to E. Grieg's fine tune), Tennyson's "Crossing the Bar," "The Soul's Desire" (Irish), "Thou Art the Way" (Bishop Doane), "Prayer is the Soul's Sincere Desire" (James Montgomery), "Breathe on Me, Breath of God" (Rev. E. Hatch), "Behold a Little Child" (Bishop Walsham How). Some of these reach a high literary standard.

The tunes have been selected from all the best extant tune books. Some of them have never appeared before (*e.g.*, "Palmerston," and S. Bronagh, by the late Dr. C. Marchant, and arrangements by Dr. Kitson). Uninteresting tunes have been removed in favour of more attractive or more musical settings. Thus new life will be given to some of the fine hymns that one wished to sing, but could not because of the dreary or monotonous melody attached to them. In other cases the old tune was quite unsuited to the words—*e.g.*, No. 509, "Peace, Perfect Peace." Hitherto it was quite impossible to give expression to the interrogation in the first line of every verse, but we can do so quite easily in the air from Orlando Gibbons which is provided in this book. The results of the musical research of recent years are shown in the number of traditional melodies which appear. Some have come from old psalm books or from collections of plain song or of carols; others are folk-songs and national airs. There are many Irish airs, but we think that opinions will differ as to the suitability of some of these for hymn tunes. One is grateful for the late Rev. Cluff's harmonised "Londonderry air" to No. 30 ("O Strength and Stay Upholding all Creation"), and for the lullaby which accompanies the children's hymn, "Now the Daylight Goes Away"; but it will take some time to grow accustomed to S. Sechnall for "Draw Nigh and take the Body of the Lord," or to the Irish air for "Fierce Raged the Tempest."

Verses have been added to some hymns —*e.g.*, the fifth verse has been added to "The Church's One Foundation"; or a verse has been omitted, as in No. 417 ("Oh! for a Thousand Tongues to Sing"). The sections for Holy Communion and for children have been enriched by many additions. So, too, has the section for Saints' Days, whilst there are also selections for personal use and for Mission Services. Church choirs will welcome the varied selection of Christmas carols at the end of the book, and will also appreciate the writing down to a lower key of many popular tunes.

The indices of authors, translators, and composers, together with the index of tunes and the metrical index, give some idea of the thorough way in which the work has been performed. The amount of research involved is also indicated by the dates attached to poem and to tune where it was possible to do so.

"The Irish Church Hymnal, with Tunes." Edited by C. H. Kitson, Mus.D., Oxon., and C. O. Marchant, Mus.D., Dublin. Dublin: A.P.C.K. 4/6 net.

MONS, ANZAC, AND KUT.

The writer of "Mons, Anzac, and Kut," who conceals his interesting personality under the letters "M.P.," is one of those Englishmen, like the celebrated traveller, Burton—and like one Hodkinson, mentioned in this book—who combine a rare knowledge of Near-Eastern tongues with a love of high adventure. He saw war on three different fronts, and amid all the exciting chances that befel him he managed to find time to keep a diary. In spite of defective eyesight he succeeded in getting to France as an interpreter, and was in the retreat from Mons. He was wounded and taken prisoner, but was fortunate in being rescued. Afterwards he went as Intelligence Officer to Egypt, the Dardanelles, and Mesopotamia. He had thus exceptional opportunities of seeing things as they are, and he turned them to good account. That he has not reproduced all that was in the original diary is evident. "Sensational" disclosures and severe criticisms are wanting; but it is better so. Mistakes were inevitable, and no great war was ever carried on in which big blunders were not committed even by the winning side. "M.P.'s" journal is an interesting and entertaining volume. There are frequent little *aperçus* into the mentality of Egyptians, Greeks, and Arabs, which to the student of forms of civilization different from our own are invaluable.

"Mons, Anzac, and Kut." By an M.P. London: Jarrold. 14/- net.

A FISHERMAN'S HANDBOOK.

The writer of "The Life History of Wye Salmon" and several other enthusiastic fishing books, as well as articles in the *Fishing Gazette*, has published a pocket-sized volume dealing with the methods of angling for salmon. It is a book for practised anglers, not mere beginners, and it abounds in technical expressions and descriptions. It is the sort of book that a keen angler will not be able to lay down until he has read it through, studied the diagrams, and admired the photographs. He will then keep it as a book of reference, and continually pick it up to while away odd hours in the close season.

"Rod Fishing for Salmon on the Wye." By J. Arthur Hallon. London: The *Fishing Gazette*.

RECENT FICTION.

In Dorota Flatau's fascinating story of reincarnation the seven journeys are taken by the soul down the ages in progressive development. The "First Journey" depicts Rhoea, a beautiful maiden of the cave folk, and Ugiso, an agile hunter of an alien tribe, as lovers. The affinity persists through aeons of time, in every recurring earth-sojourn, until in the "Seventh Journey" (time present day) they meet in a London studio. He is a rising young artist and she a loving girl, and they recognise each other at once. "'Tell me what is your name?' . . . 'Ugiso,' he told her. . . . 'You are?' (he paused). 'Rhoea,' she supplied quickly." There is an element of the ridiculous in this concluding passage, but the author, nevertheless, has cleverly indicated the gradual growth, through hampering conditions, of Rhoea's soul.

"Seven Journeys." By Dorota Flatau. Hutchinson. 7/6 net.

Those who like short stories of the adventurous type will find an attractive collection in Mr. Victor Cook's "Grey Fish." Every story, while complete in itself, forms an episode in the career of Donald Bruce, an agent for a firm of wine merchants. Bruce's activities, however, were not directed so much towards the ostensible business of his employers as this statement would suggest. The "grey fish" are German submarines, and Bruce, aided by his Spanish friend, "Little Bird," misses no opportunity of interfering with their nefarious plans. The Spanish coast afforded many hiding places from which, with the aid of trusted agents, supplies of food and fuel were obtained by the U-boats. Bruce was well furnished with information as to their movements, and turned his knowledge to good account, as these tales will show. The book abounds with the mystery and romance which surround the Secret Service.

"Grey Fish." By W. Victor Cook. Chambers. 7/- net.

That the war has taught humanity at large to regard life's problems "with other eyes" is Miss Lorimer's theme. Evangeline, a high-spirited Canadian girl, fills the rôle of principal heroine, and there is another, Alex. Hemingway, who leaves a pleasure-seeking husband to make a home for her little boy. The changes that war brings to their individual lives, through the men who love them, are skilfully presented. The action of the story takes place mostly in Glastonbury, and the author has retailed much Arthurian lore for our edification. Miss Lorimer, however, will always be at her best amid the mysteries of Egypt.

"With Other Eyes." By Norma Lorimer. Stanley Paul. 7/- net.

Mrs. Perrin's novels of Indian life are bound to be appreciated by the discriminating reader. The adventures of Stella Carrington, who marries an elderly Anglo-Indian and becomes the head of her little circle, and wife of the Chief Commissioner, are graphically set before us. It has been Stella's ambition to reach India at any cost, but she has learned all too soon that gratified desires can pall sufficiently to make way for others not so easy of attainment.

"Star of India." By Alice Perrin. Cassell. 7/- net.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Biography.

HENRY FOX, FIRST LORD HOLLAND, HIS FAMILY AND RELATIONS. By the Earl of Ilchester. London: Murray. Two vols. 32/- net.

ARTHUR HUGH CLOUGH. By James Issley Osborne. London: Constable. 8/6 net.

HENRY GRATTAN. M.D. By T. Percy C. Kirkpatrick, M.D., M.R.I.A., Fellow and Registrar of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland. Dublin: The University Press. 10/6 net.

Books for Children.

FAIRY TALES. By "Rosalie." Amersham: Morland. 3/6 net.

Books Relating to the War.

A KEY PRISONER. By H. C. W. Bishop. London: Lane. 6/6 net.

THE AUSTRALIAN VICTORIES IN FRANCE IN 1918. By General Sir John Monash, G.C.M.G., K.C.B. London: Hutchinson. 36/- net.

THE PRESS IN WAR TIME. By Sir Edward Cooke, K.B.E. London: Macmillan. 7/6 net.

Fiction.

LADIES WHOSE BRIGHT EYES. By Ford Madox Hueffer. Constable. 3/6 net.

CAL. MR. FORTUNE. By H. C. Bailey. Methuen.

WAR OF THE CLASSES. By Jack London. Mills and Boon. 2/- net.

SKINNER'S BANK. By Henry Irving Dodge. Jarrolds. 1/9 net.

BY THE WAY OF BOHEMIA. By Mark Allerton. Skeffington. 6/- net.

THE PREVENTIVE MAN. By G. V. M'Fadden. Lane. 7/- net.

THE ANCIENT ALLAN. By H. Rider Haggard. Cassell. 8/6 net.

THE OLIVEDENS AND OTHERS. By Archibald Marshall. Collins. 7/- net.

MARY GIRL. By Hope Merrick. Collins. 7/- net.

Literature.

ENGLISH LITERATURE. By E. V. Downs. London: Hodder and Stoughton. 4/6 net.

ARROWS OF INSIGHT: ESSAYS IN OUR NATIONAL CHARACTER AND OUTLOOK. By Professor J. S. Mackenzie. London: Allen and Unwin. 10/6 net.

Miscellaneous.

PHYSIOLOGY OF FARM ANIMALS. By T. B. Wood and F. H. A. Marshall. Cambridge: The University Press. 16/- net.

THE BIRDS OF THE BRITISH ISLES AND THEIR EGGS. By T. A. Coward, F.Z.S. London: Warne. 12/6 net.

MATHEMATICS OF BUSINESS AND COMMERCE. By O. H. Cocks and E. P. Glover. London: Hodder and Stoughton. 4/6 net.

BRITNOT: Its Trade and Commerce, 1919. Compiled by J. E. Vose. London: Bemrose Publicity Co.

PETER'S ADVICE: An Alphabet of Golden Counsel. London: Jarrolds.

DIPLOMACY AND THE STUDY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS. By B. F. Heatley. Oxford: The Clarendon Press. 7/6 net.

NEWS FROM A RAILWAY PLATFORM. By William Vincent. London: Fisher Unwin. 3/6 net.

WHAT IS WRONG WITH THE STAGE. By William Poel. London: Allen and Unwin. 2/- net.

BOXDAY'S RUSSIAN READERS, No. 6—"How I Became an Actor." By K. Kouprin. Edited by F. Boxday. London: Bellingham Wilson. 2/- net.

REVELATIONS OF MONTE CARLO ROULETTE. By J. Cousins Lawrence. London: Fisher Unwin. 3/6 net.

Political.

RED TERROR AND GERMS. By Richard Dawson. London: Murray. 5/- net.

THE NEW GERMANY. By George Young. London: Constable. 8/- net.

Theology.

THE MAKING OF A GOD—DEMONSTRATING THE THEORY OF RELIGION AS ALLEGORICALLY CONVEYED IN THE BIBLE. By Roland St. Clair. London: Heath Cranton. 12/- net.

THE FOURTEEN SPIRIT OF CHRISTIANITY. By H. Woodward, M.A. London: Scott. 2/- net.

IF JESUS DID NOT DIE UPON THE CROSS: A STUDY IN EVIDENCE. By Ernest Brougham Docker, M.A. London: Scott. 2/6 nets.

Verse.

THE SPACIOUS TIMES, AND OTHERS. By Francis Cowles. London: Lane. 3/- net.

THE WHEEL OF BRIDO. By Herbert Jones. London: Lane. 5/- net.

THE SONG OF TIDARTHU. By Captain Owen Rutter. London: Fisher Unwin. 4/6 net.

THE LICENSED TRADE STRIKE.

ASSISTANT SENT FOR TRIAL.

In the Northern Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Lupton, Patrick Neville, a grocer's assistant, was charged by Sergeant 17 B with having been guilty of conduct calculated to provoke a breach of the peace, or whereby a breach of the peace might be occasioned.

Mr. Davis appeared on behalf of the police, and Mr. E. H. Burne defended.

The sergeant stated that, between 9 and 10 o'clock yesterday morning, he saw a brewer's dray proceeding up George's street, and there were five or six grocers' assistants, a number of them carrying sticks, following it. They followed the dray through several streets, and at the corner of Clarendon street the defendant approached the dray. Witness asked him where he was going, and he said: "I want to see where the porter is being delivered." Witness asked him if he wanted to prevent delivery, and he said, "Yes, if I can." Witness told him he was acting illegally, and again asked him if he wanted to prevent delivery of the porter, and defendant repeated his answer. Witness arrested him, and took him to the College Station, where, on being charged and cautioned, he replied: "I have nothing to say but that I tried to prevent the delivery of the stuff."

Cross-examined by Mr. Burne—Defendant was not guilty of disorderly conduct, and walked along peacefully. It was when witness put the words into his mouth that defendant said he was going to prevent delivery if he could.

Constable 26 B gave corroborative evidence.

Mr. Burne, on behalf of the defendant, urged that he had spoken truthfully and acted peacefully.

Mr. Lupton said that the law was that pickets could act merely "for the purpose of peacefully persuading any person to work or abstain from working."

Mr. Burne—That is what they were there for.

Mr. Lupton said that these pickets shouted at the public, and seemed to think that they had a right to peacefully persuade the members of the public.

Mr. Burne—We do not want to interfere with the public—that is against the instructions of the Association.

Mr. Lupton said that the difficulty was that the individuals who were doing this were prejudicing the Association among a very large number of persons. They were prejudicing the people who would have to pay in the end—the public—and if they went on that way they would get the backs of the public up against them. He intended his observations for the benefit of the public. No member of the public wanted to see differences in trade, and it was a pity that any party should do acts that would get the people who had to pay in the end up against them.

Mr. Burne—Some of your worship's remarks have been for the good of the public, and have been acted upon.

Mr. Lupton altered the charge to one of intimidation, and committed the defendant for trial to the next City Sessions on his own bail in £10.

LINEN AND COTTON GOODS TRADES.

The Minister of Labour has made a Special Order applying the Trade Boards Acts, 1909 and 1918, to the above trade, which includes—The making of such articles as handkerchiefs, bed-linen, table-cloths, cushion-covers, etc., from linen or cotton or mixed linen and cotton fabrics, including machine embroidering and other operations incidental to the manufacture of these articles; and the making-up in linen warehouses or establishments mainly engaged in linen-lapping of linen or mixed linen and cotton or other textile fabrics in the piece or cut from the piece.

Copies of the Special Order may be obtained from the Secretary, Ministry of Labour, Irish Department, Lord Edward street, Dublin.

Your Great-Grandmother knew Goodall's quality

IN your Great Grandmother's time practically the chief thing in life was the household cookery. Every kind of baking, boiling, roasting, etc., was undertaken by the housewife and she took great pride in turning out dainty well-flavoured dishes, recognising always that success depended not only upon the skill of the cook but also upon the quality of the ingredients used.

This was the period when the firm of Goodall Backhouse was founded and began to build up a big reputation for the quality of their products. Founded upon this secure basis, the firm has now become a huge organisation distributing the famous Yorkshire Relish, Goodall's Egg Powder, Goodall's Custard Powder, Goodall's Salad Cream, etc., to all parts of the world. Wherever the products go they carry with them the positive assurance that they are the finest which scientific knowledge and manufacturing skill can produce.

In the chef's palatial kitchen as in the ordinary household, Goodall's products have helped to make many a cook's reputation. A dozen of the most famous London chefs have expressed their admiration for the Goodall Backhouse productions.

Monsieur Edouard Geneux, Chef de Cuisine, Naval and Military Club, writes:—"I find Goodall's Egg Powder supersedes the use of eggs, makes light, wholesome and delightful pastry, and is vastly more economical than eggs themselves. More than this, I am quite certain of its nutritious and sustaining qualities, for I have carefully noted its effects in general use."

Mr. Henry Hammond, Chef de Cuisine, writes:—"Yorkshire Relish is a real essence of what a professional man requires in his culinary tasks. It is full of zest and piquancy and so efficiently compounded that not only is taste pleased but digestion assisted."

And we hold many letters in the same vein from other noted chefs.

In these days of high prices, more and more cooking should be undertaken at home. Use Goodall Backhouse products to help you to success and you will be delighted with the excellence of your cookery and the great saving in your weekly bills.

Yorkshire Relish

The Most Delicious Sauce in the World.

To impart a delicious touch to your soups, stews, gravies, etc., add a few drops of Yorkshire Relish—the unique flavour will be a revelation.

Full of that pleasing piquancy so much desired by the average palate, Yorkshire Relish is neither thick nor watery—neither wasteful nor insipid—but just the right consistency to ensure a correct flavour under all conditions.

Use Yorkshire Relish with any kind of meat, fish or fowl, hot or cold—boiled or roast. Then you will get the flavour that has helped to make many a chef's reputation—and will make yours.

Per Bottle 1/-, 2/- and 4/- from your Grocer.

Goodall's Jelly Crystals.

Delicious Jellies, with nature's own exquisite flavour—the flavour of the finest freshest fruit when in the pink of condition, luscious Strawberries, Apricots, Cherries, Lemons, Blackberries, each give their individual fascinating flavour to Goodall's Jelly Crystals. Pick whichever flavour you fancy—you cannot fail to be delighted with this delicious product of Nature's own garden.

The dainty appearance and delicious flavour make Goodall's Jellies a great favourite with children and the purity of such natural ingredients cannot possibly harm them. When you see them thoroughly enjoying this delicious dainty, you will think it a blessing that Goodall's Jelly Crystals are so pure and economical.

Ask your Grocer for a packet to-day.

Of all Grocers. Pint Packets 9d.

Goodall's Egg Powder.

For a fraction of a penny you can get pastry and pudding as deliciously light and wholesome as if you had used new laid eggs at 5d. each by using Goodall's Egg Powder.

There is no egg substitute so satisfactory or so wholesome. Use it always and you can depend upon the results being consistently satisfactory.

The Greatest Chefs in the land have used and praised Goodall's Egg Powder. Monsieur Stempfer, Chef at Marlborough House, refers to it as "the most efficient and valuable egg substitute I know," and Monsieur Amblard, Chef de Cuisine, writes:—"I rely very greatly upon the use of Goodall's Egg Powder for my cakes, pastries and puddings." Let these expert opinions guide you. Ask your Grocer for Goodall's Egg Powder to-day.

Large packets 1½d. Tins 8d. and 1/4.

Goodall's Custard Powder.

Delicious and nourishing Goodall's Custard Powder is a worthy associate of the other famous Goodall Backhouse products. There is none other quite like Goodall's—none quite so cream, so delicious in flavour, or so easy to prepare. For this reason it is worth your while to insist on GOODALL'S.

As a custard sauce with puddings or pies, as a delightful accompaniment to fruit of all kinds whether fresh, dried or tinned, there is nothing to equal Goodall's Custard Powder. If you have not yet tried Goodall's Custard Powder, put it on your shopping list now—we know quite well that if you once try it you will never be without Goodall's.

Packets 7½d. and 1/3, large tins 1/6.

Return your Bottles.

Your Grocer will be glad to pay you 2d. for each empty Yorkshire Relish bottle you return. Just see that every one you buy has the name Goodall Backhouse blown in the glass and turn them into money.

GOODALL, BACKHOUSE and Company, LEEDS.

BY ROYAL APPOINTMENT

Sole Proprietors of Yorkshire Relish.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

WAR OFFICE, 10th February, 1920.

REGULAR FORCES.—Commands and Staff.—The undermentioned relinquish their appts.—Hd. Qrs. of Admin. Servs. and Depts.—6th Trans. Officer (Cl. 6G).—Transp. Capt. J. W. Barlow, Serv. Bn., R. Ir. Regt.; Hd. Qrs. for Conscription Duties.—Asst. Cmdt. Staff Officer (Cl. 1).—Maj. H. E. Thompson, R. Innis. Fus. The undermentioned appt. on special supplement to Gazette of 3rd inst.—Capt. A. F. B. La Touche, 10th Lond. Bn., T.F. Hd. Qrs. of Admin. Servs. and Depts.—Asst. Dir. of Supplies and Transport (Cl. 1).—Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) R. Strickland, C.B.E., D.S.O., R.A.S.C. (Mob.), then a Dep. Dir. (Cl. 1), and relinquishes the temp. rank of Col.—3rd FOOT GUARDS.—Lt. (temp. Capt. and Bt. Maj.) Hon. Lt.-Col. R. E. C. Baggallay, D.S.O., M.C., is appd. Staff Officer (Cl. 2).—Capt. H. H. Wills, D.S.O., M.C., is restd. to the estab.

INFANTRY.—R. Ir. Regt.—The undermentioned in the Gazettes of 4th and 19th Dec., 1918, regarding the promotion and appt. of Lt.-Col. (temp. Brig.-Gen.) J. W. F. Baird, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Gord. Highrs., to the rank of Lt.-Col. are cancelled. R. Ir. Fus.—Lt. G. Wadeson is restd. to the estab.—Lieut. S.—Resid. to the estab.—Capt. F. G. Cavendish, M.C., Capt. and Bt. Maj. F. Oxway, M.C., Lt. E. S. F. Harvey, R. Muns. Fus.—Resid. to the estab.—Lieut. and Qr.-M. J. Pudgeter, Capt. H. C. Griffin, Lt. D. J. P. Daly, Lt. J. H. C. Vawter and Lt. H. Jordeson, M.C., R. Dub. Fus.—Resid. to the estab.—Capt. and Bt. Maj. R. M. Watson, D.S.O., Capt. and Bt. Maj. J. R. W. Kinis, Staff Officer (Cl. 2).—Maj. H. L. Creagh, M.C., Capt. J. P. Walters, Capt. T. Brady, Lt. U. A. F. Williamson, R. Ir. Fus.—Resid. to the estab.

SPECIAL RESERVE OF OFFICERS.—Reserve Units.—The undermentioned resigns his commn.—Lieut. and Hon. Capt. (Lieut.) H. O. Button, and is granted the rank of Capt.

REGULAR FORCES.—Service Battalions.—R. Innis. Fus.—The undermentioned temp. 2nd Lts. to be temp. Lts.—R. Wetton (actg. Capt.), with precedence next below H. E. McMahon, J. C. Chiacken, with precedence next below L. C. Cockrell, R. Ir. Fus.—Maj. (Bt. Lt.-Col.) F. G. Johnson, D.S.O. (R. Ir. Fus.), relinquishes the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. on ceasing to comd. 8th Bn. R. Dub. Fus.—Temp. Lt. A. E. Lang relinquishes his commission on account of ill-health caused by wounds, 3rd Apr., 1919, and retains the rank of Lieut.

ARMIES OF OCCUPATION.—Regular Forces.—Service Battalions.—R. Ir. Regt.—5th Bn.—Capt. (Bn. Maj.) M. C. C. Harrison, D.S.O., M.C. (R. Ir. Regt.) relinquishes the temp. rank of Lt.-Col. on ceasing to comd. the Bn.

SERVICES AND ANTHEMS.

St. James's Schoolroom, South Circular road.—To-night, at 8 o'clock, Men's Scripture Study Class. Rev. Ernest Hunt.

£1 TO £1,000

Advanced on Demand at KELLY'S Great Central Money Office, 48 FLEET STREET (Westmoreland street), Dublin, on Deposits of Jewels, Silver, China, Paintings, Waterford Glass, etc. Call or write; modified rate if required. Telephone 4497.

CROCKERS LIMITED.

GREAT EXTENSION OF TRADING.

STRONG FINANCIAL POSITION.

The nineteenth annual general meeting of Crockers, Ltd., was held yesterday at Cannon Street Hotel, London, E.C., Mr. John Eccleston Sheldon (the Chairman) presiding.

The Secretary (Mr. F. W. Bebbington) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The Chairman said—Gentlemen, the report and accounts have been in your possession for some time, and have, doubtless, had your consideration, and I trust you have come to the conclusion that the shareholders are to be congratulated, not only on the results of the trading for the past year, but also on the increased strength of the financial position, with which I shall deal later. As hasty and erroneous conclusions are often formed, and somewhat misleading statements are sometimes made, on account of the whole of the facts not being in the possession of those who criticise, I propose to deal more particularly with what has taken place during the last six years in relation to our own business, the profits that have been earned, and particularly the financial position to-day.

When I first had the pleasure of addressing you as your Chairman, I think I made it clear to you what the policy was that your Board intended to pursue, and I now propose to point out what we have to show as a result largely of the policy, coupled with special attention to organisation and in our methods of trading generally. I would remind you, as I did on another occasion, that our business has not been materially assisted by Government orders for goods necessary to the carrying on of the war. On the other hand, there is the fact that the result has been assisted by enhanced prices. There has been nothing in the way of "profiteering," but there has been a very great extension in our trading generally, owing largely to our opening up markets in which the company had little, if any, interest prior to 1914.

GROWTH OF BALANCE SHEET FIGURES.

Proceeding to the facts, the total of the assets side of your balance sheet for 1914 was £386,358. It is now £887,055. You are aware of the dividends which have been paid in the meantime, and I may incidentally remark that we have increased our reserves, under the heading of "General Reserve and Contingent Reserve," from £24,000 to £85,000—that is, if the recommendations we make to you to-day are adopted. Besides this we have made allocations to Debenture Stock redemption fund and the staff benevolent and pension fund. I will now deal more particularly with the figures for last year—that is, 1919—and the first I would call your attention to is that of stock, which is a little over £60,000 less than the previous year; but as there may possibly be a doubt in some minds as to the wisdom of reducing the stock in view of the scarcity of goods, I would state that we are well bought for the future, and on a satisfactory basis as regards delivery, which so far has been all we could desire. With regard to the item of book debts and bills receivable, these are in excess of the 1918 figures by about £25,000, and the item of cash at bankers is about £30,000 more. As to investments, we still continue to redeem our Debentures as favourable opportunities offer, and I may say that the opportunities that have offered so far have been, in the opinion of your Board, very favourable.

Turning to liabilities, the Ordinary Share capital has been increased by £100,000, in pursuance of a resolution passed at our last annual meeting, and I think the wisdom of that procedure is fully warranted by the results. I will now take the items of creditors on open accounts and sundry creditors, etc., which together total roughly £312,000, against £484,000 for the previous year, or £152,000 less. Now if you take these items and compare them with items on the assets side—namely, stock book debts, bills receivable, and cash at bankers—you will find that after allowing £60,000 for the smaller stock the balance of those assets over those liabilities is increased by the sum, roughly, of £153,000, as compared with 1918. Now, gentlemen, this is a strong position for us to be in, especially in view of the extended business we are hoping for, and which, I may say, I venture to think will be realised; but I may add that, in spite of talk of the boom or a boom—whichever way it is at present viewed—there are many dangerous positions, and we shall continue, as we have always done, to pursue a cautious policy, which we firmly believe to be in accordance with your wishes. We are very watchful for possibilities, and I may add, both pro and con., the necessity for which you will fully realise in view of the fact which I have already related to you, of the extension of our business abroad, and the manner in which it is affected by the rates of exchange.

APPROPRIATION OF PROFITS.

I will now pass on to the report of your directors, which shows that we have a disposable balance of profits, including the carry forward from last year of £73,810 18s. 4d., which we propose should be appropriated as set out in the report, the dividends and bonus absorbing a total of £24,504 2s. 4d. In connection with this dividend and bonus on the new issue, I may say that I propose to deal specially with that matter, as I had several questions put to me personally, and our Secretary has been approached by one or two shareholders directly, as to the allocations and appropriations we have made—of course, with the consent of your auditors—with regard to the dividends. Now I would remind you of this—the terms of the issue, as per the prospectus, dated 11th April, 1919, were—"The new shares will rank *pari passu* with the 85,000 Ordinary Shares already issued, the several instalments ranking for dividend as follows:—(a) Instalments payable on application and allotment as from the date of allotment; (b) instalments payable on the 30th June, 1919, as from that date. Article 117 of the Articles of Association of the company provides that "all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amount paid or credited as paid on the shares. As regards shares not fully paid up, all dividends thereon shall be apportioned and paid *pro rata* according to the amounts called up during the portion or portions of the year." The date of the allotment of the shares was May 1, 1919—that is the date when the new shares literally came into existence—and the amount paid on application and allotment per share was 10s. One-half of the nominal value of each share, therefore, ranks for dividend from the 1st May to the 31st December, or 8 months, and the other half ranks from the 30th June to the 31st December, or 6 months. This is equivalent to the full nominal amount of the share ranking for 7 months of the year. New shares, therefore, are entitled to receive 7-12 of any amount paid on the old Ordinary Shares. The old Ordinary Shares receive a dividend and bonus for the year of 12½ per cent. The new shares, therefore, are entitled to receive 7-12 of the 12½, or 7 7-24 per cent. (actual). In accordance with the resolution, which will be placed before you, the new shares are to receive 10 5-3 per cent. per annum, or 5 1-3 per cent. (actual), and a bonus of 1 11-24 per cent., or, together, 6 19-24 per cent., and, in addition, there has been paid an interim dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, or on the amounts called up ½ per cent. (actual), which, together with the 6 19-24 per cent., makes 7 7-24 per cent. which is, as previously stated, 7-12 of the amount paid on the old shares. Now we propose to place to Debenture Stock redemption fund, £5,500, which will raise that fund to a little over £11,000. I would make it quite clear that this is irrespective of the amount under investments on the assets side of £4,836. We are also placing £3,500 to the staff benevolent and pension fund, making this fund nearly £10,000. Then we propose to transfer to general reserve £15,000, and to contingent reserve £5,000, which, as I have before stated, makes a total of £85,000 reserves. Expenses of underwriting, advertising, etc., in connection with the capital issue were £8,304 3s. 5d., and, as you will see, we propose to wipe this out. This will leave us with a balance to carry forward to next year of £15,912, against £14,330 for 1918.

EXTENSION OF PREMISES.

At the last meeting and at our previous meeting I referred to certain extensions we were making in connection with the considerable expansion of our business. I am pleased to say that the negotiations for the acquisition of further premises which I reported to you at the last meeting have been satisfactorily completed. The necessary alterations and equipment have largely been carried out, and we are in occupation; but there are certain portions, which at the present time we do not require, and these are let on satisfactory terms.

Before sitting down, I should like to refer to the loyal support which your Board have received from the officers and managers and staff generally. I may say there is a very close association between your Board and managers, which, I think, has been and will be in the future a matter of great mutual assistance. In view of my personal knowledge and experience of the staff, it gives me great pleasure once again to express my appreciation of their services. (Applause.) I now beg to move—"That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1919, be received and adopted."

Mr. H. E. Bubble (managing director), in seconding the motion, said he thought the shareholders would agree with him that the balance sheet submitted was an eminently satisfactory one from practically every point of view. (Hear, hear.) This was the company's nineteenth birthday, and, although perhaps, as a child, it did not grow for a few years as they might have desired, he thought that as it approached maturity it was assuming a healthful condition altogether, and he certainly had great anticipations with regard to the future of the undertaking. (Applause.) The motion was carried unanimously, and the dividends and bonus recommended were unanimously approved.

The retiring directors (Mr. F. C. Chalmers and Mr. E. Eberratt) were re-elected, and Messrs. Viney, Price, and Goodyear were reappointed auditors.

A vote of thanks having been accorded to the officers, managers, and staff of the company,

Mr. W. H. Paterson proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman. In doing so, he said he wished to thank Mr. Sheldon for his very able speech, and the way in which he had placed the position of the company before them present. As a new shareholder, he really came to the meeting in order to make the acquaintance of the directors, and he had had one or two points in his mind, but he was so satisfied with the way in which the general outline of the company's position had been laid before the meeting by the Chairman that he had refrained from asking any questions.

The vote was seconded by Mr. Mayell, supported by Mr. Cherry, and carried with acclamation.

The Chairman briefly acknowledged the compliment, and the proceedings terminated.

DOMINICAN CHORAL SOCIETY.

"MEG BLANE."

The ambitious programme given last night by the Dominican Choral Society in the Aberdeen Hall was more than justified by the musical sense and fidelity with which it was carried out. The earlier part of the programme was taken up with some part-singing by the choir, which, if not entirely irreproachable was nicely balanced and controlled, and had only one quality often missing—clear diction. "Soft, soft wind" (Lovats) and "Sleep, baby, sleep," were two tastefully managed studies in piano effects, though overanxiety tended towards slight exaggerations and uncertainties. But these unaccompanied lullaby part-songs are trying to the finest choirs, and these students are to be congratulated upon very praiseworthy study of the various examples. "Sigh no more ladies," with less tension, and more definition as to voice-parts went well, the altos especially sympathetic. The two Irish airs, "Iris! the tear and the smile" (arr. Forsyth) and "Believe me if all those endearing young charms" (arr. J. F. Larchet) the choir sang with instinctive feeling as to words and music. In the latter Dr. Larchet's arrangement for a humming support, on the supranos is a pretty touch, but in this instance too much evidence of the closed lips rather destroyed the effect. "The Fairies" (Stanford) is a dainty little picture-suggestion, nicely outlined with bright buoyant voice-parts full of true Stanford colour. "Be quick" and "Be wise," in each last word is an impressionist sketch most happily caught and interpreted.

Miss Dina Copeman, who is rapidly coming to the front as a pianist, made a further advance last night in her rendering of Mendelssohn's "Serenade and Allegro Giojoso," accompanied by the orchestra. The work demands a certain brilliance of execution rather than temperament, and Miss Copeman came through it with ease, and where touch was demanded showed dormant temperament and the sense of atmosphere that characterised her playing at the R.D.S. Least used to say when asked for the quality most needed for a pianist; "Technique, technique, and technique." But we have outgrown that, and insist upon technique being reinforced by temperament.

For Coleridge-Taylor's "Meg Blane" the choir was augmented by male voices, and accompanied by the orchestra. This work, a rhapsodical in the main as it is in Robert Buchanan's vivid vocabulary, it is a most powerful study. The rich delicate instrumentation adds a glowing colour to the heroic story, and forms an appropriate frame for the whole. The rushing strings easily suggest wind, but the phrasing requires to be dictated, and Dr. Larchet lost no point in this. The pause, suggesting watching the boat ride to the top of the surf, was very impressive, and the rush of the final engulfment quite nerve-racking, while the peace of the *finale* came as it does in all calms, with a disregard of previous tragedy—a quick, well-managed transition both for conductor and orchestra. Miss Agnes Veale was the vocalist of the rhapsody, and helped much to its success. Miss Kathleen Reddy earlier had sung "Sea Wrack" (Harty) and "A Butterfly" (Cowan) with a pleasing, bright simplicity that brought her an encore. In the "Butterfly" excerpt she gave, she showed much feeling and shades of voice that should develop very considerably. This, the second concert of the choir, is a marked advance, and Dr. Larchet is to be congratulated upon the results of his training.

CONTROL OF FLAX.

Replying in the House of Commons yesterday to questions by Captain Craig, Mr. Brown, and Mr. Lynn, drawing attention to the widespread agitation over the Government control of flax,

Mr. Bridgeman said that the facts were that, in continuance of a policy adopted during the war and to induce Irish farmers to grow flax for the maintenance of the important linen industry of Belfast, the Government announced at the beginning of last year that any flax sown at the 1919 sowings would be purchased at prices which it appeared probable at the time might involve the Government in a loss. Subsequently, at the instance of the Ulster Farmers' Union and the Irish Agricultural Organisation Society, the Government purchase price was increased, and the representatives of the two organisations undertook to use their best endeavours to secure the success of the scheme. He was aware that in some quarters there was now dissatisfaction expressed owing to the possibility of obtaining higher prices if the market were open; but, inasmuch as more than one-half of the Irish crop had been delivered to the Government at the fixed price, the abandonment of the scheme as regarded the remainder would obviously be extremely unfair to those farmers who had delivered their crops to the Government. It was not proposed to apply the scheme to the 1920 crops.

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The meeting of the Prayer Book Revision Committee of the Church of Ireland, summoned for 10 o'clock to-day at 37 Dawson street, Dublin, will not take place. The Committee will meet at 2 p.m.

THE STANDING COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL SYNOD OF THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The Standing Committee of the General Synod of the Church of Ireland met on Thursday, the 12th inst. The Primate presided. The other members present were—Archbishop of Dublin, Bishop of Ossory, Archdeacon of Down, Dean of Christ Church, Mr. J. A. Magauchy, Major Wellesley, Sir James H. Stronge, Bart., D.L.; Mr. Gustavus Rochford Hyde, Mr. Hugh de Fellenberg Montgomery, D.L.; Archdeacon of Derry, Archdeacon of Kilmore, Rev. Canon Stoney, D.D.; Archdeacon of Emly, Mr. Henry D. Conner, K.C.; Archdeacon of Clonfert, Rev. Canon Kingsmill Moore, D.D.; Dean of St. Patrick's, Sir Algernon Coote, Bart., H.M.L.; Earl of Belmore, D.L.; Rev. Chancellor Hemphill, D.D.; Mr. H. W. A. Armstrong, D.L., Mr. Gerald FitzGibbon, K.C.; Mr. Henry Cole Bowen. Having transacted business, the Standing Committee adjourned to Thursday, the 18th of March.

THE REPRESENTATIVE BODY OF THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The Representative Body of the Church of Ireland met on Wednesday, the 11th inst. The Primate presided.

The other members present were:—Archbishop of Dublin, Bishop of Cashel, Bishop of Limerick, Bishop of Cork, Bishop of Killaloe, Bishop of Ossory, Sir James Stronge, Bart., D.L.; Henry B. Armstrong, D.L.; George Knight, Gustavus Rochfort Hyde, Archdeacon of Derry, General Ricardo, D.S.O.; Archdeacon of Down, Rev. A. Ferrar, Archdeacon of Kilmore, Willoughby James Bond, Dean of Kildare, John Arthur Maconchy, Henry Bewen, D.L.; Archdeacon of Emly, Henry D. Conner, K.C.; H. Cole Bowen, B.L.; Archdeacon of Clonfert, Dean of Limerick, Cecil Ernest Vandeleur, Sir Algernon Coote, Bart., H.M.L.; Robert Frederick Stewart Colvill, Henry S. Guinness, Lord Farnham, D.L.; Dean of Armagh, Andrew Jameson, D.L.; Gerald FitzGibbon, K.C.; Right Hon. Sir Wm. J. Goulding, Bart., D.L.; Sir Plunkett Barton, Bart.; Sir Ralph S. Benson, W. B. Carson.

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A Suva (Fiji Islands) telegram, dated Thursday, states that when arresting 200 rioters three European special constables were injured.

MARKET REPORTS.

CATTLE—DUBLIN METROPOLITAN, North Cattle Market, Thursday.—Our supplies of store were on the smaller side of last week's gathering. Quite trade was always in the leading industry also, both across Channel and North of Ireland. The proceedings of the market, taken as a whole, were a long way in front of every little previous one, and as the quality was generally satisfactory, and the attendance of buyers large, a fairly extensive business was transacted. Prices of fine weight sharply advanced, and for the best of these a further 10s. per cwt. was obtained. Medium and coarse descriptions of the stirkers was particularly slow, and again irregular.

Cattle on sale, Thursday, compared with same day, 1919. 1918.

Cattle	3,336	Increase	415	4,066 3,490
Sheep	6,943	Decrease	970	5,903 5,020
Veal calves		Decrease		1 1

There was a late and cautious opening in trade for cattle, but prices gradually improved, and the quality proved at the top rates of last week in best descriptions, while in the case of fine cattle a shade more money was realised. Steers and heifers 85/- to 90/- per cwt., and best bullocks 85/- per cwt., for one or two extra good quality beasts, while a few extra choice bullocks made 90/- per cwt. Another lot of cattle were rather a better run of quality to other days, but not sufficiently good to class as worthy of the name of beef to be purchased under 90/- per cwt., on account of the dearness of feeding stuffs. Another better run of cattle, especially for beef, which sold at from 80/- to 85/- per cwt., and for one or two super-choice animals up to 90/- and 91/- was paid by the butchers. Another lot of cattle, consisting of steers and cows, however, (which were very coarse indeed), particularly fat, and butchers' stock, that these stood from 1/10 to 2/- per lb., or coarse less than 1/- per lb. The bulk of the cattle, however, sold within the above limits, and a good clearance effected at the close of the market. Quotations:—Best steers and heifers, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.; second quality, 80/- to 85/- per cwt.; best bullocks, 85/- per cwt.; second quality, 80/- to 85/- per cwt.; best cows, 1/- per lb.; second quality, 1/- per lb.; inferior cows, 1/- per lb.; inferior cows having brought matters in this direction to a standstill; prime steers, 90/- per cwt.; medium, 85/- per cwt.; best heifers, 85/- per cwt.; second quality, 80/- per cwt.; best bullocks, 85/- per cwt.; second quality, 80/- per cwt.; best cows, 1/- per lb.; second quality, 1/- per lb.; inferior cows, 1/- per lb.—Advt.)

In the sheep department, trade in the main again ruled slow, and prices were easier for all descriptions and sorts, however, (which were very scarce indeed) particularly fat, and butchers' stock sold at prices fully equal to last week's rates. Sheep and lambs, 90/- to 91/- per cwt., for one or two extra good quality animals up to 95/- was paid by the butchers. Another lot of sheep, consisting of ewes and wethers, which were very coarse indeed, and particularly fat, and butchers' stock, that these stood from 1/10 to 2/- per lb., or coarse less than 1/- per lb. The bulk of the sheep, however, sold within the above limits, and a good clearance effected at the close of the market. Quotations:—Best sheep, 90/- to 95/- per cwt.; second quality, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.; best lambs, 90/- to 95/- per cwt.; second quality, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.—(Advt.)

In the pigs department, trade in the main again ruled slow, and prices were easier for all descriptions and sorts, however, (which were very scarce indeed) particularly fat, and bacon stock, that these stood from 1/10 to 2/- per lb., or coarse less than 1/- per lb. The bulk of the pigs, however, sold within the above limits, and a good clearance effected at the close of the market. Quotations:—Best pigs, 90/- to 95/- per cwt.; second quality, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.; best bacon pigs, 90/- to 95/- per cwt.; second quality, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN STORE (North Circular road), Thursday.—There was another fairly large supply of cattle on offer to-day, but the supplies privately held brought in for the several auction fixtures to-day and to-morrow, and the general uncertainties with which the trade continues beset, business must be described as very unsatisfactory on the whole. Many more last day's biddings were occasionally accepted, but the most useful drafts of cattle generally figured out about previous currencies, only backward and poor class of cattle showing either irregularity and disappointment. Quotations:—Best cattle, 90/- to 95/- per cwt.; second quality, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.; medium, 1/4 to 2/- per lb.; inferior, 1/- per lb. Sheep, 90/- to 95/- per cwt.; second quality, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.; medium, 1/6 to 2/- per lb.; inferior, 1/- per lb. Pigs, 90/- to 95/- per cwt.; second quality, 85/- to 90/- per cwt.; medium, 1/6 to 2/- per lb.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN DAIRY (North Circular road), Thursday.—There were just 145 milch cattle entered in this branch of market, trade forwarded was very discouraging throughout, and only a handful of the number of lots of cattle for which £100 had been paid in the meantime and which could not be sold had been at all disposed of, those endearing young charms" (arr. J. F. Larchet) the choir sang with instinctive feeling as to words and music. In the latter Dr. Larchet's arrangement for a humming support on the supranos is a pretty touch, but in this instance too much evidence of the closed lips rather destroyed the effect. "The Fairies" (Stanford) is a dainty little picture-suggestion, nicely outlined with bright buoyant voice-parts full of true Stanford colour. "Be quick" and "Be wise," in each last word is an impressionist sketch most happily caught and interpreted.

Miss Dina Copeman, who is rapidly coming to the front as a pianist, made a further advance last night in her rendering of Mendelssohn's "Serenade and Allegro Giojoso," accompanied by the orchestra. The work demands a certain brilliance of execution rather than temperament, and Miss Copeman came through it with ease, and where touch was demanded showed dormant temperament and the sense of atmosphere that characterised her playing at the R.D.S. Least used to say when asked for the quality most needed for a pianist; "Technique, technique, and technique." But we have outgrown that, and insist upon technique being reinforced by temperament.

For Coleridge-Taylor's "Meg Blane" the choir was augmented by male voices, and accompanied by the orchestra. This work, a rhapsodical in the main as it is in Robert Buchanan's vivid vocabulary, it is a most powerful study. The rich delicate instrumentation adds a glowing colour to the heroic story, and forms an appropriate frame for the whole. The rushing strings easily suggest wind, but the phrasing requires to be dictated, and Dr. Larchet lost no point in this. The pause, suggesting watching the boat ride to the top of the surf, was very impressive, and the rush of the final engulfment quite nerve-racking, while the peace of the *finale* came as it does in all calms, with a disregard of previous tragedy—a quick, well-managed transition both for conductor and orchestra. Miss Agnes Veale was the vocalist of the rhapsody, and helped much to its success. Miss Kathleen Reddy earlier had sung "Sea Wrack" (Harty) and "A Butterfly" (Cowan) with a pleasing, bright simplicity that brought her an encore. In the "Butterfly" excerpt she gave, she showed much feeling and shades of voice that should develop very considerably. This, the second concert of the choir, is a marked advance, and Dr. Larchet is to be congratulated upon the results of his training.

CONTROL OF FLAX.

Replying in the House of Commons yesterday to questions by Captain Craig, Mr. Brown, and Mr. Lynn, drawing attention to the widespread agitation over the Government control of flax,

Mr. Bridgeman said that the facts were that, in continuance of a policy adopted during the war and to induce Irish farmers to grow flax for the maintenance of the important linen industry of Belfast, the Government announced at the beginning of last year that any flax sown at the 1919 sowings would be purchased at prices which it appeared probable at the time might involve the Government in a loss. Subsequently, at the instance of the Ulster Farmers' Union and the Irish Agricultural Organisation Society, the Government purchase price was increased, and the representatives of the two organisations undertook to use their best endeavours to secure the success of the scheme. He was aware that in some quarters there was now dissatisfaction expressed owing to the possibility of obtaining higher prices if the market were open; but, inasmuch as more than one-half of the Irish crop had been delivered to the Government at the fixed price, the abandonment of the scheme as regarded the remainder would obviously be extremely unfair to those farmers who had delivered their crops to the Government. It was not proposed to apply the scheme to the 1920 crops.

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The meeting of the Prayer Book Revision Committee of the Church of Ireland, summoned for 10 o'clock to-day at 37 Dawson street, Dublin, will not take place. The Committee will meet at 2 p.m.

THE STANDING COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL SYNOD OF THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The Standing Committee of the General Synod of the Church of Ireland met on Thursday, the 12th inst. The Primate presided. The other members present were—Archbishop of Dublin, Bishop of Ossory, Archdeacon of Down, Dean of Christ Church, Mr. J. A. Magauchy, Major Wellesley, Sir James H. Stronge, Bart., D.L.; Mr. Gustavus Rochford Hyde, Mr. Hugh de Fellenberg Montgomery, D.L.; Archdeacon of Derry, Archdeacon of Kilmore, Rev. Canon Stoney, D.D.; Archdeacon of Emly, Mr. Henry D. Conner, K.C.; Archdeacon of Clonfert, Rev. Canon Kingsmill Moore, D.D.; Dean of St. Patrick's, Sir Algernon Coote, Bart., H.M.L.; Earl of Belmore, D.L.; Rev. Chancellor Hemphill, D.D.; Mr. H. W. A. Armstrong, D.L., Mr. Gerald FitzGibbon, K.C.; Mr. Henry Cole Bowen. Having transacted business, the Standing Committee adjourned to Thursday, the 18th of March.

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CHARGE AGAINST A MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT.

COURTMARTIAL IN DUBLIN.

"REPRISALS ON LORD FRENCH."

At a general courtmartial at Ship Street Barracks, Dublin, yesterday, presided over by Lieutenant-Colonel R. A. Collings, C.M.G., D.S.O., 2nd Royal Berkshire Regiment, Mr. E. C. Barton, Sinn Fein member of Parliament for West Wicklow, was charged in connection with two speeches delivered on 2nd February, 1919.

Major E. V. Longworth appeared as Judge Advocate and Captain H. O. Wallis as Prosecutor.

Considerable public interest was taken in the proceedings, several ladies and Roman Catholic clergymen being amongst those present.

The accused was charged with doing an act calculated to cause sedition amongst the civilian population, in contravention of the Defence of the Realm Act, in that on February 2nd, 1919, he spoke in public to a large number of persons at Shillelagh, County Wicklow, the following words:—I have not come to protest against the arrest of Fleming. I will tell you what will happen if Tom Fleming is hurt." He said that they should stop hunting, as it was the sport of the "garrison." He referred to the "so-called Viceroy in Dublin Castle." He said that there were 200 men on this side of Shillelagh and 200 more on the other side, and that if Fleming was injured there would be reprisals on Lord French and Mr. Frank Brooke. They were to suffer just as Fleming did.

The Prosecution can you explain the reference to Fleming?

The witness—Mr. Tom Fleming had been arrested some time previously for distributing seditious handbill in Aughrim.

The Judge Advocate asked the accused if he wished to ask the witness any questions, and Mr. Barton replied: "I am a soldier of the Republic; I repudiate your authority, and I refuse to answer any question."

Sergeant Daniel Chambers, R.I.C., stated that after the Labour meeting, which was attended by about 140 persons, Mr. Barton read the Dail Eireann declaration of independence. He then said that the meeting had not been called to protest against the imprisonment of Tom Fleming, but if Tom Fleming was killed as the result of being in jail, or was injured in any way, reprisals would be taken upon the men, French and Brooke, of Shillelagh. Those people who kill in jail," he went on, "shall be shot themselves. There are hundreds of men in Wicklow who are going to put it into practice. About hunting in this district, you have the gentry riding roughshod over your lands while they are putting your comrades in jail; but we will take measures to stop this here. It has been done elsewhere."

Constable Joseph Twamley, R.I.C., stated that Mr. Barton said that if Fleming was murdered in jail, like Thomas Ashe and Dick Coleman, they would have reprisals by shooting Lord French and Frank Brooke, and if he was injured in health like Sean Etchingham they would have reprisals by taking Lord French and Mr. Frank Brooke as hostages. He said that he was not using any threats, but the men of the hills of Wicklow would carry out those threats. The accused then mounted a car which was about one hundred yards away and shouted to the crowd: "Now, men, don't break my word. You remember what the police in Tipperary got the other day."

Corroborative evidence was given by Constable Lonnigan.

In reference to the speech at Carnew, Sergeant Dolan, R.I.C., said that in the evening Mr. Barton addressed a meeting in that village, and delivered a speech, in the course of which he said that he had been warned at Shillelagh by District Inspector Murphy not to hold that meeting, but he would address his constituents in spite of "the traitorous D.I." The witness then described the speech in words similar to those in the charge sheet. Mr. Barton, he said, made a reference to "Tipperary medicine," and emphasised that if nothing happened Tom Fleming there would be no reprisals. In the witness's opinion Mr. Barton's speech had very little effect upon the people. There were about two hundred people at the meeting.

Constable O'Shea, R.I.C., who was with Sergeant Dolan, was also examined.

Lieutenant Rudge deposed to arresting the accused in a house in Oakley road, Dublin, on 31st January and bringing him to Portobello Barracks.

To the Judge Advocate—He made no charge against the accused.

This closed the case for the prosecution, and the accused declined to answer when asked if he intended to call any witnesses or say anything in his defence.

The Court reserved judgment.

WAGES IN THE TOBACCO TRADE.

The Tobacco Trade Board (Ireland) met in Dublin yesterday, and, after considering the objections that had been lodged to their proposals, dated October 17th, 1919, decided to fix the rates therein proposed, and to ask the Minister of Labour to confirm the said rates, and make them effective on and after March 5th, 1920. The general minimum time rate fixed for male workers of 21 years of age and over is 48s. 6d., and for female workers of 21 years of age and over 38s. 6d., in each case for week of 47 hours, with corresponding rates for younger workers. The following overtime rates have also been fixed:—Time and a quarter for the first two hours on any day; time and a half after the first two hours on any day; double time for Sundays and holidays. A notice containing full particulars of the Board's determination will be issued to all employers in the trade in due course.

POLICEMAN'S PAY.

The new scale of pay under the Desborough Committee was issued yesterday to the Dublin Metropolitan Police. Under this scale a first class constable receives a wage of £5 4s. a week.

GROCERS' ASSISTANTS' STRIKE.

The Bray and Kingstown Trades Council at their meeting in Kingstown on Wednesday voted a grant to the strike fund of the licensed vintners' assistants, and appealed to the Unions affiliated to the Council to contribute to the fund.

BRAY WORKERS' DEMANDS.

The Bray Branch of the Transport Workers' Union has issued in a demand for 6s. a week increase for the members of the Union employed by the Bray Urban Council.

MARKET REPORTS.

BRISTOL, Thursday.—Moderate supply of beef; Government price for best, 67/- per cwt. live weight. Mutton scarce; nominal charge, 141/- per cwt. live weight. Calves, 80/- per cwt. 400 store cattle; dull trade; prices easier. 3,000 cows, calves, sheep, and pigs.—(Advt.)

LONDON METROPOLITAN, Thursday.—Moderate supplies of fat cattle of various grades, and a fair trade was being done, prices being well down to full to last quotation prices.

Lovell's Pedigree Nut Cake and Meal, Dairy Meal, Lobe Pig Meal. Sensational drop in prices. Agents—W. Rourke, 38 N. Circular rd., Dublin. 'Phone 54417.—(Advt.)

YORK, Thursday.—Light show of Irish store cattle, and every one of English trade continues very slow. Quality is only fair for dairy stock, and for fattening purposes, but especially for beef, which is very scarce. Irish sheep and lambs, the latter in good demand, but the former are not wanted. Irish pigs, and late sales maintained prices.

CATTLE FOODS.—The Market for Linseed Cakes and Decorticated Cotton Cakes keeps very firm, and stocks are small. On the Home Island, Palm Nut Cakes and Undecorticated Cotton Cakes are still further reduced, and can now be purchased at 9/- less than previous prices. Quotations on application.—Apply Cunningham, Boyce and Co., Ltd., 11 Burgh quay, Dublin.—Advt.)

GRAIN.—FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES.—BALTIC.—Thursday.—MAIZE and also BARLEY, round Plate. Arrivals and sales unofficial, but generally nominal, in absence of offers. Maize, 58/9 to 59/-, March-April 59/6 to 59/9 per 480lbs.

BRISTOL.—Thursday.—Fair amount of English wheat; negotiations average prices 16/6 per 504lbs. Foreign wheat, supplies moderate, prices 16/6 per 504lbs. Barley still in fair supply, prices 16/6 per 448lbs. Oats in demand, and values maintained. Business generally quiet.—Thomas Bowman and Co., Ltd.

PROVISIONS.—Thursday.—

BACON—Higher quotations generally were called from Chicago, but fair arrivals only were to hand this week, and business here is without material change. There are still liberal supplies of Canadian, Danish, and Wiltshire cuts with fresh Irish coming in, while bacon moves fairly to Dublin and some of the best Wiltshire and Irish, but prices remain unchanged. Irish conditioned lots of poorer grades are coming forward, and sell at 2/- per cwt. less than last week's prices. Hams and sides and arms at fixed rates, though a large quantity of Canadian arrived from New Zealand which is to be sold at 2/- per cwt. from Ireland at further reduced prices. Stocks of 26,000 tons, including 5,000 tons of Irish, and 1,000 tons of Canadian.—Thomas Bowman and Co., Ltd., 16-19 Thomas st., Dublin. 'Phone 1716. Specialising in O'Mara's, Ltd., products.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN FRUIT AND VEGETABLE, Thursday.—Heavy supply of particularly fresh interest attending to-day's market. Auction prices, however, generally ruled lower. Cabbage, 2/- to 3/- per dozen; averaged 2/6; 2/- per barrel, and 10/- to 12/6 per cwt. Cauliflowers, 2/9 to 3/- per dozen; 2/6 per barrel, and 10/- to 12/6 per cwt. Brussels sprouts, 2/- per dozen; 2/6 per cwt. York Cabbage, 2/- per dozen; 7/- to 8/- per cwt. Carrots, 1/6 to 1/9 per dozen; 6/- per cwt.; carrots, 1/6 to 1/9 per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Parsnips, 2/- per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Turnips, 1/6 per dozen; 5/- per cwt. Beetroot, 1/6 per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Onions, 2/- per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Celery, 1/6 per bundle; 6/- per cwt. Leeks, 1/6 per bundle; 6/- per cwt. Parsley, 1/6 per bundle; 6/- per cwt. Mint, 1/6 per bundle; 6/- per cwt. Rhubarb, 2/- per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Tomatoes, 1/- per lb. Apples, 2/- per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Pears, 2/- per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Grapes, 2/- per lb. Oranges, 2/- per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Lemons, 2/- per dozen; 6/- per cwt. Bananas, 1/- per lb. Pineapples, 1/- per lb. Nuts, 1/- per lb.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN FISH.—Thursday.—There came only a couple of packages of fish on market this morning, for the purpose of sale, and these were more than previously which prices ranged:—Cod, 1/- per lb. Soles, 2/- per lb. Whiting, 3/6 to 4/- per lb. Haddock, 1/- per lb. Herrings were also 80/- per 60 brought in 150 boxes, and these were which arranged up to 2/- per dozen. Mackerel, 1/- per lb. Salmon, 2/- per lb. Plaice, 2/- per lb. Lobsters, 2/- per lb. Crabs, 2/- per lb. Prawns, 2/- per lb. Shrimps, 2/- per lb. Oysters, 2/- per lb. Scallops, 2/- per lb. Mussels, 2/- per lb. Cockles, 2/- per lb. Winkles, 2/- per lb. Whelks, 2/- per lb. Eels, 2/- per lb. Salmon trout, 2/- per lb. Trout, 2/- per lb. Turbot, 2/- per lb. Brill, 2/- per lb. Halibut, 2/- per lb. Skate, 2/- per lb. Dogfish, 2/- per lb. Conger eel, 2/- per lb. Monkfish, 2/- per lb. Gurnard, 2/- per lb. Red mullet, 2/- per lb. Grey mullet, 2/- per lb. Sea bream, 2/- per lb. Sea bass, 2/- per lb. Sea trout, 2/- per lb. Sea perch, 2/- per lb. Sea pike, 2/- per lb. Sea bream, 2/- per lb. Sea bass, 2/- per lb. Sea trout, 2/- per l

The following is published for public information only, and is not an invitation to subscribe for shares.

British Glass Industries,
LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL - £2,000,000

Divided into 2,000,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each.

ISSUED CAPITAL - - £1,400,000

President.
CLARENCE C. HATRY.

Directors.

CHARLES WILLIAMSON MILNE (Chairman),
GEORGE E. ALEXANDER (Managing Director),
Sir ERNEST M. CLARKE,
PETER HAIG THOMAS,
CLARENCE C. HATRY,
PERCY J. MITCHELL,
JOHN R. PAYNE,
HENRY W. PELHAM-CLINTON,
Baron HENRI de ROTHSCHILD,
Sir FRANCIS W. TOWLE, C.B.E.

Solicitors—J. D. LANGTON & PASSMORE, 6 Austin Friars, London, E.C.2.

Auditors—HARRIS, ALLAN & CO., 20 Copthall Avenue, London, E.C.2.

Secretaries—MAURICE D. BOOTH, A.C.A., W. ERNEST TREWEEK, F.C.I.S.,

Registered Office—6 Austin Friars, London, E.C.2.

The following is a list of the businesses and interests which British Glass Industries, Limited, either directly or by its holding of shares in other Companies, owns or controls, or is about to own or control.

Large modern glass works at	Canning Town
Glass works at	Hunslet, Leeds
Queenborough Glass Bottle Works, Limited	Queenborough, Kent
British and Foreign Bottle Company, Limited	London
Interchangeable Stopper Company, Limited	London
British Window Glass Company, Limited	Queenborough, Kent
Glass works at	Wilmer Gardens, London
Large modern glass works now being erected by United Glass Bottle Manufacturers, Limited, at	Charlton, Kent
Cannington, Shaw and Company, Limited	St. Helens
Nuttall and Company, Limited	St. Helens
Robert Candlish and Son, Limited ...	Seaham
Alfred Alexander and Company, Limited	Hunslet, Leeds
Aire and Calder Glass Bottle Works (E. Breffit and Company, Limited) ...	Castleford
United Glass Bottle Manufacturers (Charlton), Limited	Woolwich
Thomas Webb and Son, Limited	Dennis Glass Works, Stourbridge
Edinburgh and Leith Flint Glass Company	Edinburgh
Corbett and Company, Limited ...	Tutbury, Staffordshire
Medway Glass Works, Limited	Queenborough, Kent.—A large modern factory now being erected
Robert Johnston Lamp-Blown Glass Ware and Accessories Company, Limited ...	London
R. Johnston and Company, Limited ...	London
E. M. Patents, Limited	London
Phillips, Limited	London
Glass Engineering (Edinburgh) Company, Limited	Edinburgh
Irish Glass Bottle Company, Limited ...	Dublin

The acquisition by the Company of the entire or controlling interest in the above businesses, together with its immense Works now approaching completion at Canning Town and Charlton, the recent acquisition of the Queenborough Glass Bottle Works now being largely extended, and the substantial interest acquired in British Window Glass Co., Limited, will create for the Company a predominant position in the United Kingdom in respect to the Glass Industry generally and will enable it to meet effectively foreign competition at home and abroad.

The whole of the Works will be under one central control and direction, which will place the Company in a most favourable position to make contracts for immediate and future deliveries, and will thus ensure considerable economies in transport and distribution, in the purchase of raw materials, and co-ordination in the work of the highly-skilled technical staffs now employed.

The Company in one or other of its various factories now manufactures, or will be manufacturing, every description of bottles, jars, electric light bulbs, tubing, bulbs for miners' lamps, wireless telegraphy and motor head-lights, lamp-blown glass ware for scientific, medical, chemical and industrial purposes, soda tubing, illuminated glass-ware, best crystal glass, fine glass, light blown glass, both plain and decorated, table glass and tumblers, and window glass.

The majority of the above Works are now earning substantial profits, which will be considerably increased by the more general use of automatic machinery. The new Works at Canning Town and Charlton, the extensions at Queenborough and those of the Lamp Bulb and Crystal Group of factories when in full operation will be of considerably greater magnitude than the existing Works, and the profits to be derived therefrom should be very much larger.

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

WEAKER PRICES, BUT BUSINESS BETTER. TEXTILES EASY. DUNLOP RUBBER GOOD.

Business on 'Change yesterday was rather more brisk, with a fair share of irregularity in which the balance of price movements were adverse to holders. The Funds, Drapery, Mining, and Dunlop Rubber Ord. almost alone among the markets were in request, and higher prices realised. Quotations of Banks eased further, and Guinness issues further receded. Rails were stagnant and uninfluenced by dividend notifications. Dunlop Rubber Ord. shares were in steady, but at the same time keen, request at a slight gain. Todd Burns shares were scarce. Textiles were under realisation sales, and a general, but moderate set back established. Tobacco and Oil shares were all lower on sales to secure profits. Mining ventures were occasionally better.

There was a well established gain in the Funds, with the exception of Consols, which fell ¼ to 50. War Loan 5 p.c. rose ¼ to 99⅝, ditto 4 p.c. ⅞ to 100⅜. Victory Bonds ¼ to 82½, and Irish Land 2½ p.c. ¼ to 51½, and India 3½ p.c., ¼ to 58⅜. Guaranteed Land 2½ p.c. Stock, seldom deals in, fell 1½ to 58.

Banks remain on offer. Hibernians fell ¼ to 5½ for a small lot, and Nationals ½ to 18⅞, while Munster and Leinsters repeated 6½, and Royals 11½.

In Breweries and Distilleries Guinness were dull and easier. The Ord. fell ¼ to 34¼, and the Pref. ¼ to 10½, while John Jameson and Son Debs. rose ¼ to 6½.

In Steam City of Dublin Pref. repeated 96.

Marconi shares were entirely neglected.

Home Rails were quite idle, and appeared sellers for choice. Great Northern repeated 77½, and Great Southern and Western Debs. 71½. The Guaranteed stock of the latter offered at 68, or 1 under last marking. Cork and Bandon and Dublin and South-Eastern Debs. were called sellers.

Tramways were idle.

In Dunlops, Parent Tyre Pref. repeated 14s. 10½d., but Dunlop Rubber Ord. rose ½ to 13½/5/-, while D. A. T. "Pool" Trust Shares were called 23s. 6d.-23s. 9d. prem.

In Drapery Shares, Todd Burns Ord. alone quoted, and rose 1s. 3d. to 27s.; the Pref. were still held for 95s.

As regards Manufacturing Shares, Textiles suffered a general relapse on profit-taking. Bleachers fell 1s. 3d. to 52s. 9d. Bradford Dyers 2s. to 65s., the Pref. 1½d. to 17s. 9d., Calico Printers 3d. to 38s. 9d., Coats Ord. 6d. to 71s. 6d., Cottons 1s. 3d. to 53s. 9d., and Spinners 6d. to 88s. 9d. Lever Bros. 6 p.c. "A" Pref. eased 3d. to 18s. 3d., but Vickers rallied 4½d. to 24s. 10½d.

In Trading, etc., Chartered rose 1s. 9d. to 22s. 9d., while Burke Pref. repeated 70s.

Other business done included Coats "B" Pref. at par, Imperial Tobaccos fell 10½d. to 75s.-72s. 6d., Mexican Eagle Oil ½ to 10⅛-⅜, and Shells ¼ to 12 13-16. Scottish-American Oils rose 3d. to 40s. 9d.

BANK OF IRELAND.

Discount ..... 6 per cent., 6th November, 1919.
Deposit ..... 3 per cent., 6th November, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE—

Consols	(95½) 95⅞	Todd Burns...	(25/9) 27/-
5% War Loan	(90½) 90⅝	Bleachers ...	(54.) 52/9
4% do.	(100½) 100⅜	Brad. Dyers...	(67/-) 65/-
Victory Bonds	(82½) 82⅝	Do. Pref. ...	17/6
2½ Land Stk.	(60½) 59	Calicos ...	(39/-) 38/9
2½ Land Ach.	(51) 51	Coats ...	(38/-) 38/9
War Bonds (1928)	99	Do. "B" Pref.	95
India 3½% ...	58⅜	Sew. Cotton...	(55/-) 53/9
Hibernian Bk.	(9½) 9⅝	Fin. Spin. ...	(92/-) 88/6
Mun. & Lein.	(6½) 6⅝	Lever "A" Pref.	
National ...	(18½) 18⅞		(18/6) 18/3
Royal Bank ...	(11½) 11¾	Vickers, Ltd.	(24/6) 24/10½
Guinness ...	(33) 34¼	Burke Pref.	(70/-) 70/-
Do. Pref. ...	(10¼) 10⅜	Chartered ...	(21/-) 22/9
Jameson Deb.	(6½) 6⅝	Merch. Warehousing	
City Steam Pref.	(96) 96		(36/-) 36/-
G.N. Rail. ...	(77½) 77½	Imp. Tobacco.	75/- 2/6
G.S.W. Deb.	(72½) 71½	Mexican Eagle Ord.	
Parent Pref.			(11) 10½-¾
	(14/10½) 14/10½	Scottish American	(40/6) 40/9
Dunlop (15/-)	12½-¾	Shells ...	12⅛
Gas Deb. ...	(67½) 68	Mid Ist.	

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

DULLER STOCKS.

ARGENTINE RAILS AGAIN THE BEST FEATURE.

OTHER INVESTMENT SECURITIES HAVE AN EASIER TENDENCY.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

A fair volume of business came to the Stock markets, and a rather more cheerful tone was engendered by the Premier's bold resistance to the nationalising proposals and by his equally bold and sound policy enunciated by Mr. Chamberlain in his manifesto on the European economic situation. All the same, the note of absolute confidence was still lacking, and in some sections dulness prevailed. The Funds had an easier tendency. As previously pointed out, the ever increasing requirements of capital for industrial development is compelling many gilt-edged securities to find a new home, while the onerous demands of the tax collector just now possibly have an even more intimate connection with the steady offering of high class stocks. Canadian Pacifics and other American dollar securities again declined heavily under the influence of a further improvement in the American exchange and the continued flatness of Wall street. The Industrial section again provided new attractions, and Oils hardened up towards the close, but South African Gold Shares, after being active, became dull towards the close, in sympathy with the decline in the gold premium.

LONDON STOCKS EASIER.

CONFIDENCE IN GENERAL OUTLOOK.

The Stock Exchange had another irregular session yesterday, and business, apart from a few groups of specialities, was lacking in sustained briskness. The investment groups were not lacking in a stable undertone, the Premier's recent statement that the next Budget would balance, the defeat of the miners' coal nationalisation proposals and the excellent character of our foreign trade have combined to increase confidence in the general outlook. Monetary conditions, however, are less clear, and markets just now are lacking a good deal after their recent exuberant demonstrations. Oil shares were run forward moderately during the first part of the session, but South African Mines were weaker, owing to the further reaction in the price of gold, though East Rand Props. recorded a big jump, closing, however, rather under best. Gilt-edged issues were inclined to sag, and Home Rails were steady to dull, moving narrowly either way. Consols, at 50¼, were unchanged.

Changes.—Rises: India 3 p.c., ½ to 51; do. 3½ p.c., ¼ to 58⅜. Falls: 4½ p.c. War Loan, ⅛ to 82⅛; 5 p.c. do., ¼ to 99⅜; 4 p.c. do., ¼ to 100⅜.

FOREIGN BONDS SLOW.—In the Foreign Market, general conditions were slow and hesitating, but French Loans were steadier with the franc exchange. The Fives were unchanged at 56. The better Brussels exchange also reacted upon Belgian Threes, which were up to 52.

Changes.—Rise: Brazil 4 p.c., 2 to 48. Fall: Portuguese Threes, 1 to 34½.

HOME RAILS UNCERTAIN.—Home Rails were checkered and hesitating. Several stocks were marked ex half yearly dividend, and, after allowing for these, price losses were rarely wide. L.N.W. Ord. was a little support for Scotch stocks from the North, but it failed to stiffen values.

CANADIANS DULL AND MEXICANS QUIET.—"Canpacs" fell 3 to 170¾. Grand Trunk senior stocks still tended forward, but junior stocks left off ¼ to ½ down, and the Guaranteed Fours, at 62½, lost 1. Several Argentine Rails registered fresh advances of a point. United of the Havana were up ½ to 21, and there was fair support for Brazilian Rails.

FAIR INQUIRY MAINTAINED IN INDUSTRIALS.

GLOUCESTER WAGONS PROMINENT—GENERAL ELECTRIC RUMOURS.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

There was a fair amount of quiet business put through in the Miscellaneous and Industrial market yesterday. Interest again centred on specialities, among which several active features contributed to enliven the proceedings. Gloucester Wagons were again in good form, and changed hands with much freedom on announcement regarding an amalgamation with Baldwins being regarded as imminent. The rumour was first reported in this column some weeks ago, since when attention has been consistently drawn to the profitability of a fusion between the two concerns. In the absence of any official information regarding the terms, the market was talking of two Baldwin shares for one Gloucester wagon and £1 in cash. Elsewhere Howard and Bullough were in good demand on absorption talk, and Palmers Shipbuilding showed improvement. Spillers Milling enjoyed a rise on reports that negotiations are proceeding for the absorption of another firm in Lancashire, in addition to the Vernon deal recently announced. Stores were not quite so popular, though Wariags were again being bought, and Whiteleys showed slight improvement. Dunlops were in better request, and advanced in price, and Federated Rubber Growers, which have many features in common with the Dunlop Company, again came in for some strong bidding, showing considerable improvement on the day. Contraulds were easier, though Amalgamated Cottons were fairly firm. The Textile collection as a whole lacked brightness. Maypole Def. showed up well again, business in the shares being brisk and in considerable volume. In the Motor section Humbers and Rolls Royce were wanted, and closed with a rise in value, but Austins were still flat. B.A.T. opened at 5¾, and closed at 5¼ ex ½, the new shares ruling at 4 premium. The old bearer shares were still cum. div. at 7¾. Imperials, on the other hand, were easier. Cements also showed less resistance, closing lower on the day. General Electrics were a good market. The possible developments to which reference was made by "Midas Minor" yesterday were regarded as not very wide of the mark, and official information on the matter was anticipated.

In the Iron and Steel section interest was again confined to individual shares. As a whole the group failed to derive much benefit from the activity which characterised some of the issues. The protracted period of delay as to the possibilities of amalgamation seems to be approaching its end as regards Gloucester Wagons. Yesterday the shares enjoyed a sharp rise to 4½ on the widely-entertained assumption that a fusion with Baldwins would be announced shortly. A guess at the terms was two Baldwins for every one Gloucester and £1 in cash. Baldwins were easier after their improvement of the previous day at 52s. Palmers Shipbuilding were good at 28s. 3d. ex div., and Howard and Bullough put on ¼ to the figure on absorption talk. Hickmans were quietly bought at 43s. Vickers were the turn easier at 34s. 6d. and Swan Hunters at 2½. Northumberland Shipbuilding Preits. at 8s. 6d., and Guest Keens at 37s. 9d. were all down on the day. Cements, after opening at 33s., closed easier at 32s. 6d., and John Knights gave way ¼ to 2½ on the agreement with Levers, which disclaimed all talk of absorption. Maypole Def. were better at 25s. 9d., and Yo Meccas came into favour again, improving slightly to 16s. 9d. Borax Consolidated advanced ¼ to 4½, but Eastmans, among Meat Shares, were the turn lower at 25s. Welsbach Ord. hardened to 2½. General Electric closed at 24, after being better on suggestions of a forthcoming bonus which the market felt to be assured. Among Motors, Rolls Royce hardened to 2½, and Vauxhalls were in request up to 25s. 6d. Humbers improved to 29s., but Austins were flat at 30s. Dunlops showed signs of reinstitution, advancing ¼ to 13¾, and Federated Rubber Growers continued their upward trend to 30s. Most Textile issues were, on the whole, weaker yesterday, though one or two shares showed signs of activity. Courtaulds eased ¼ to 8½, as also did Cottons at 2½. Spinners were ⅛ lower at 4½, but Calicos gained the turn at 38s. 9d. Dyers receded ⅛ to 3¾, and Bleachers were 1s. worse off at 53s. 6d. Amalgamated Cottons were harder at 5½. Coats also advanced ⅛ to 3¾.

MINES MOSTLY EASIER.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

While the Mining market retained a healthy undertone yesterday, there was certainly rather more selling than buying, and prices suffered accordingly. In the Kaffir department professionals were busy securing profits—indeed, the bulk of the selling was on account of inside speculators—and the public demand was not of sufficient volume to check a fairly general downward movement of values. Moreover, a fall of 5s. to £6 per ounce in the price of gold did not help to maintain markets, and in the circumstances it was not surprising that the excellent monthly returns from the Rand now being published failed to attract the attention they deserve. A few shrewd operators, it is true, were picking up the good class shares on any appreciable set-back, but these unostentatious purchases had little influence on the course of prices. One or two favourites shook themselves free from surrounding influences, and a big business was put through in East Rand, while several of the other low-priced descriptions, such as Witwatersrand Deep, West Rand Consolidated, Wolhuter and Langlaagte Estate, were well supported. Central Mining, Rand Mines, and the Randfonteins were dullish, and the "Street" market was a tame affair in comparison with that of the preceding day or two. Rhodesians followed the lead set them by Kaffirs, and Chartered lost a fairly general decline, but Globes and Cam and Motor were exceptions, the latter improving to 14s. on the receipt of the good development cable. Advices from Paris were rather less cheerful, and De Beers Def. fell away. An unusual incident nowadays was the buying in of a line of De Beers Pref. against, it was said, sales by French holders, who could not, or would not, pay the price of 7½ full last night—83-5s to 4580 15s. per ton, but the Share market was not affected. In fact, there was rather more buying than on Wednesday, and Malayan, Kintas, and Gurnun were all in request. The Rand fluctuated considerably, and rumour was again busy with the company's trading business and its possible future, but the price of the shares finished appreciably lower on the day. West African Gold Shares were inclined to ease, but barriers kept steady, despite a set-back in silver to 88½ per ounce. Among Westralians Horse Shoes were wanted, and went ahead, and Ivanhoe, allowing for the deduction of the dividend, were distinctly harder. Coppers were easier for choice, and Rio Tinto fell away, while Mount Morgan and Pilbarra also receded. Elsewhere the Mexican issues received support, Santa Gertrudis in anticipation of the announcement that the reduction plant is to be enlarged, thus foreshadowing increased profits. The exploration dividend, with 15 per cent. against 7½ per cent. last year, was also a helpful factor.

SHELLS AND ROYAL DUTCH THE BEST SPOTS IN OILS.

BUSINESS ON A REDUCED SCALE.

(FROM THE FINANCIAL NEWS OF TO-DAY.)

The Oil Share market presented no outstanding feature of interest yesterday, the volume of business being smaller than for some considerable time past. Some uncertainty prevailed at the start owing to the fears of further liquidation, but when it was found that there was no pronounced pressure to sell, the market took a turn for the better, under the lead of the principal shares. The firmest spots among the leaders were provided by Shells and Royal Dutch, the former making a good recovery, and the latter meeting with a steady demand throughout the day at advancing prices. Eagles made a display of firmness, but were finally a trifle down. Burmahs were a better market, and with them British Burmah and Assam Oil improved. Trinidad issues took a turn for the better, recoveries being recorded in United British, Leaseholds, and Centrals. Russian descriptions had a slightly harder appearance. Scottish-Americans went ahead in the early hours, and although they slipped back later they were still higher on the day. Caltex, however, continued the subject of profit-taking sales, and further weakened. Closing prices:—

Anglo-American ...	7¼	7⅝
Anglo-Bulgarian ...	9/0	10/0
Anglo-Egyptian ...	9⅛	9⅛
Anglo-Maikop ...	7/0	8/0
Anglo-Persian 8 p.c. Pref. ...	23/0	24/0
Assam ...	2½	2⅝
Black Sea Amalgamated ...	2¾	2¾
British Borneo Petroleum ...	2⅜	2⅝
British Burmah Petroleum ...	3¼	3⅜
British Controlled Preferred ...	1⅛	1⅛
British Motor Spirit ...	2/-	2/1
Burmah ...	20/-	21⅛
Caltex Oil (31) ...	18/9	18/9
Charles Ord. ...	20/0	21/0
Copan Oilfields ...	4/0	5/0
Cyprus Oil Trust ...	4/0	5/3
Empire Transport Pref. ...	5/6	6/0
English Oilfields ...	3/-	3/-
Eagle Oilfields ...	1⅛	1⅛
Globe Oilfields ...	⅞	⅞
Havana Oil ...	3/6	4/0
Kern River ...	26/6	27/6
Lobitos ...	4½	4⅝
Mallroy Tamas ...	19/6	20/0
Maikob Petroleum Trust ...	10/0	11/0
Mexican Eagle Ord. ...	10⅛	10⅜
Mexican Eagle Pref. ...	10⅛	10⅜
National Petroleum ...	10/0	11/0
New Grosny Oilfields ...	7/6	7/8
New Sobieski ...	⅞	⅞
North Caucasian ...	1⅞	1⅞
Oilfields Finance ...	10/3	10/3
Oilfields of England ...	⅛	⅛
Oil Trust ...	2/3	2/3
Premier Oil ...	3/9	3/9
Ratcorzyn (Galicia) Pref. ...	3⅛	4
Rumanian Oil ...	22/0	23/0
Royal Dutch ...	86⅛	87⅛
Scottish-American ...	40/6	42/6
Shell Transport ...	12/1	12/3
" Pref. ...	8⅛	8⅜
Spies ...	2/-	2/-
Steel Oil ...	8/0	9/0
Stevenel Tamas ...	7/0	7/6
Tampico Panuco Pref. ...	7/3	7/9
Trinidad Central ...	6/6	6/9
Trinidad Leaseholds ...	9/6	9/9
United British of Trinidad ...	2/3	2/3
Ural (Caspian ...	1/0	1/0
Ural Oilfields ...	1⅛	1⅛
Venezuelan Oil Concessions ...	4⅛	4⅜

RUBBER SHARE MARKET REVIEW

It is sometimes suggested that the present return on Rubber investments is inadequate. It is, of course, a mistake to estimate this from the results of the past few years, as outside influences have curtailed profits. Now that the industry is returning to normal conditions, higher profits derivable from increased acreage and output, accompanied by lowered cost of production, should be the rule. For example, in 1912 Linggi realised 4s. 5d. for its rubber, which cost 1s. 10d. all in, and a dividend was paid of 143 p.c. This was not approached again till 1916, when 140 p.c. was paid from an increased output of rubber, realising 2s. 6¼d., but costing 1s. 0¼d. For 1918, the year when rubber was worst hit by the war, we have a price of just under 2s., a cost of over 1s. 7d., and a dividend of 50 p.c. To-day all in costs are tending towards the 1916 standard, and for 1920 all in costs around 1s. per lb. should be comparatively common. In 1919 the average price of rubber was 2s. 3½d., the lowest this century; yet, owing to the re-establishment of more normal conditions, the improvement shown over 1918 is very marked. So far this year rubber has averaged 2s. 9d. per lb. With costs all in at 1s., this gives, say, 1s. 6d. profit, allowing for scrap, etc., which, on a production of 400lbs. per acre, gives a return of 90 p.c. at a market capitalisation of £150 per acre. Now, making allowances upon a generous scale for unforeseen adverse factors, a clear profit of 1s. per lb. shows 13 1-3 p.c. on rubber at £150 market capitalisation, as before. Calculating, therefore, on a maintenance of present conditions, many rubber shares may be considered as returning quite 10 p.c., allowing for immature plantings. The obtaining of an extra 1d. per lb., or saving of 1d. in costs, means an additional profit of 1 p.c. on a yield of 400lbs. per acre, capitalised at £150.

CLOSING PRICES.

The quotations in the following tables were made up at an earlier hour than, and may therefore vary to some extent from, those given in our commercial news.

HOME RAILS.

Brighton A ...	53¾-¼	L. & S.W. new 5% Pf.	84-6
Cal'dn. Def. Or. ...	10⅜-½	Metropolitan ...	22½-3½
Cent. Lon. Def. ...	22-4d	do. Pref. ...	39-7d
Cent'l'n Or. ...	9⅞-½	do. District ...	19⅝-⅜
Cent'l'n Pf. ...	21⅞-½	Midland Def. ...	36⅝-½
do. Eastern ...	33⅞-¼	N. Brit. Def. ...	18⅜-½
do. N. Pref. ...	39⅝-¼	N. East. Con. ...	84¼-¼
do. Def. ...	30-32	do. 4% Pf. ...	69-70
do. Western ...	39⅞-½	8th. Eat. Def. ...	32½-31-2
Hull & Barns'y ...	42-3	do. 1st. Pref. ...	49-50
Lanes. & Yks. ...	89¾-¼	Taff Vale ...	31-3
L. & N.W. Ord. ...	53-3-½	Under Elec. ...	2½-¾
do. 4½ Pf. ...	90-3	do. 1st. Rfs. ...	77-9
L. & S.W. ...	74-8-1	do. 4% Deb. ...	57-9
do. Def. ...	23¾-4¼		

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

Can. Pacific ...	169-72-3	B. Ayres Gt. S. ...	86-7-1
Grand Trunk ...	7½-¾- ¼	B. Ayres Pac. ...	71½-3¼-1½
do. 4% Gen. ...	47-8	B. Ayres & W. ...	97-8-1
do. 1st. Pref. ...	42½-3½-1½	Cen. Arg'tine. ...	74½-3¼-1
do. 2nd Pref. ...	41¼-2¼-1	Cen. Uruguy ...	79-81-1
do. 3rd Pref. ...	17⅛-¼	Entre Rios ...	45-7-1
do. 4% Deb. ...	66-91	do. 6 p.c. Pf. ...	86-7-½
do. 5% Deb. stg. ...	89-90	Mex. Rails ...	19-20
Antofa. Pf. Or. ...	32-4	do. 8 p.c. Pf. ...	44-50
do. Def. ...	17-8	do. 4 p.c. Pf. ...	30½-1½
Arsen. G. W. ...	45-7	do. Nt. 1st Pf. ...	16-18
Arnavic To'ps. ...	25-30	do. 2nd Pf. ...	6½-7½
Bahia Blanca ...	20-2	San Paulo Or. ...	84-6
do. 4½ 2nd Deb. ...	53-3-1	Un. Havana ...	90½-1½-½
Brazil Rail. ...	47-8		

TELEGRAPHS.

A.-Amer. Def. ...	27-½	Marconi Can. ...	12-3-13-3-0-3
Marconi Ord. ...	4⅛-¼	do. Amer. ...	2-0-3-0-0-3
do. Pref. ...	3⅛-¼	do. Spanish ...	12-3-13-0
do. Marine ...	2⅞-¼		

MISCELLANEOUS.

Aerated Bread ...	41-6	Horne & Cul. Pref. ...	4⅞-½
Armstrong ...	34-0-6	do. 1st. Con. Or. ...	4⅞-½
A.P. Cement ...	37-0-3-0	Im. Tobac. Or. ...	71-9-2-9
do. Pref. ...	19-0-19-6	J. Bevan ...	31-6-3
Abbokir Land ...	7-½	Lever Bros. (£1 pd.) ...	15-½
Ary'nt. N'n Ld. ...	1-½	do. for 2-6 ...	4-½
do. South. Ld. ...	1-½	Lipton ...	33-3-4-3-0-3
Anglo-Arg. Def. ...	3⅞-¼	do. Pref. ...	14-9-15-9
Anglo-Arg. 1st Pf. ...	3⅞-¼	Lyons ...	5⅞-¾
Allenby Con. ...	19-0-1	Maple & Co. ...	6-½
Allenby Ord. ...	42-5-1	Lovell & Ch. ...	3⅝-½
Alby United ...	15-0-16-0-0-3	Lagunas ...	1⅞-2⅛
Aguas Blancas ...	30-0-7-0	do. Synd. ...	4-3-5-0
Allenas ...	27½-¾	Lamaro Nit. ...	13⅝-14
Anglo-Chilean ...	41-2-¼	Liverpool Nit. ...	4⅛-¼
do. Pref. ...	18½-19½	London Nit. ...	2¼-3
Angus ...	6-0-8-0	Maple ...	7-½
Antofa. Ord. ...	31-2-¼	Magadi Soda ...	30-3-1-9
Antofa. Pf. ...	31-2-¼	Maypole Def. ...	1-9-¼
Bolivia ...	2-½	Mond. Nickel ...	24-5-½
Bt. Met. Trust ...	19-0-0-9-1½	Mont'al St. Deb. ...	83-7
B.A.1. Mex. ...	3⅝-7⅛	Monterey Def. ...	31-4
Base. Ext. Pf. ...	70-4	Mex. Trans. ...	30-3
Brit. Oil & Ck. ...	3⅞-½	do. Bonds ...	49-3
Bremner Mex. ...	3⅜-½	do. L. & P. Bs. ...	36-3
Bynakonay Pf. ...	3⅞-¼	Nigers ...	6-½
B.N. Nor. 1st Pf. ...	44-5-½	N'w'Tam'pai ...	35-6-7-0
Brazil's Rest 3½% ...	47-8	Pahang (Sel.) ...	1-½
Brit. Cohas. Pf. ...	6⅞	Parent Tyre Pf. ...	3⅞-¼
do. 4½ 2 Ins. ...	42-5	Pennell'rfoot'n ...	3⅛-¼
Bryant & May ...	3-0-4-0	P. & O. Def. ...	63-0-60
Bleachers ...	3⅞-¼	Pinguin Isla'd ...	1⅞-2
Bradford Dyers ...	3⅞-¼	Paripas ...	2-½
Brit. Cottons ...	12-6-13-0	Pan Am. Amer. ...	16-17-½
Calico Printers ...	38-9-39-0	Pekin Syn. ...	36-3-7-6-4-0
Cammell L'd. ...	17-½	Petters ...	25-6-6-3
Cargo Fleet ...	11½-¾	Pacific Nit. ...	1-½
Coats ...	3⅞-¼	Royal Mail Or. ...	21-6-22-0
Courtaulds ...	8⅛-¼	Rio Lands ...	12-9-13-3-0-3
Court Line ...	4-0-6-0	Rio Tinto ...	47-8
Cunard Ord. ...	3⅞-¼	Sow. Cotton ...	2⅞-¼
Cartagena War. ...	1⅞-2	Shipping ...	28-3-0-3-0-3
Criterion ...	3⅞-4-0-3	Sch Union ...	1-9-0
Cable's Pf. ...	15-0-16-0	do. Pref. ...	1-½
Duff Dev. ...	1⅛-1⅜	S. Durham Bl. ...	2-½
Dick Kerr. ...	1⅞-2	Sao Paulo Db. ...	82-4-½
Dawes ...	1-½	8th. Af. Prov. ...	3⅞-¼
De Trey ...	3⅞-¼	Shaw W'terDo. ...	36-6
Do. Pref. ...	18⅞-¼	San Paulo ...	23-6-¼
Dunlop Rub. ...	13⅞-¼- ½	Sahr. Def. Cmm. ...	41-6-4-0
Easimans ...	22-3-½- ¾	Santa Catalina ...	42-6-4-0
Empress Whlp. ...	2-½	San Sebastian ...	11-6-12-0
Forestal L'nd. ...	46-3-4-3-0-3	Tarapaca ...	23-6-4-0
F. & A. Glass Pf. ...	23-3-4-3-0-3	Tin Fingoes ...	3⅞-¼
Fortune ...	43-0-4-0-1-0	Un. Sis. S.P. ...	19-3-20-0
Pins Spinners ...	4⅞-¼- ½	Vickers ...	34-6-5-0
Guinness ...	240-0	VanDen Berghs ...	3⅞-¼- ½
do. Pref. ...	10-4	Weard'le c.p.o. ...	23-6-4-0
Hammonds ...	3⅞-¼	Wallsend ...	29-3-4-3
Hudson's Bay ...	31-6-¼- ½	Do. Def. ...	18-6-20-3-¼
Harrod's ...	4⅞-¼		

MINING SHARES.

Anglo-French Shares.

Aboso ...	2/6-6d
Assocd. N. Blks. ...	5/6-6d
Brakpan Mines ...	3⅞-¼
Brit. Bor. M'Kabwa. ...	6/9-3d
Bultfontein ...	1¼ (x.d.) -¼
Bk. Hill Sout'n ...	3⅜-¼
Bk. H. Rfs. ...	10.3-0-3-1-3
Con. G.F. of S.A. ...	2⅜-¼
Con. Main. Rel. ...	35-3-¼
Cam. & Motor ...	14-3d
Chartered ...	21/7-1/-
Cen. Mella ...	2/6-3
City Deep ...	3⅛-¼
E. Rand Prop. ...	17-3-4-1
Central Mining ...	1¼-¼
De Beers Def. ...	30/-
Do. Ord. ...	16-¼
Falcon ...	17/- 3d
Fanti Cons. ...	11/-3d
Geduld Proprietary ...	3⅞-¼
Gold Col. Amal. ...	1⅛- ½
Griqualand West ...	5⅛ (x.d.) -¼
Gaika Gold ...	17/-6d
Geldenhuis Est. ...	3⅞-¼
Geldenhuis Deep ...	16/6 (x.d.) -1/6
Geduld ...	3⅞-¼
Goch (New) ...	5/6-6d
H.E. Prop. ...	11/6-6d
Heriot (New) ...	13/6-6d
Jagersfontein ...	61/-
Johannesburg Con. Inv. ...	53/-1/-

RUBBER SHARES.

Allastar ...	2/9-3d
Anglo-Ceylon ...	55/7½-1/-
Anglo-Dutch ...	54-3-1d
Anglo-Java ...	7/9 (x.d.)
Anglo-Malay ...	32/6-1/1
Batang Malaka ...	5(x)-1½d
Beaufort Borneo ...	2/6-6d
Bernam Perak ...	52/9-3d
Bessoki ...	44/9
Bukit Kajang ...	76/3-1/3
Bukit Panjang ...	12/9-3d
Bukit Rajah ...	11/6-6d
Bukit Rajah ...	11½ (x.d.)
Cheriot ...	3⅞-¼
Ceylon ...	15/-1-6d
Cent. Sumatra ...	3/-3d
Gopeng ...	27/6-1/-
Hayong ...	27/10½-1/4½
Java Amal. ...	55/4½-9d
Kamuning ...	4/4-6d
Kasintoe ...	4/6-4½
Kepong ...	3⅞-¼
Klanang ...	9/10½-1½d
Kombok ...	7/-4-3d
Kuala Lakor ...	2/3½-1½d
Langen Java ...	5/- (x.d.)
Lendu ...	33/3-1/9
Linggi ...	45/9-2/6
Lok. Kawi ...	20/3-1/0½d
Lumut ...	65/9-4/3

AUCTION OF HIGH-CLASS MODERN DUBLIN-MADE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

DONEGAL, ROYAL AXMINSTER, & FRENCH CARPETS;
3 UPRIGHT GRAND OVERSTRUNG COTTAGE PIANOS, &c.

TO-DAY AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK,

COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.

Comprising:—An Upright Grand Overstrung Piano, by Rogers, London, in rosewood case; do., by Schiedmayer, Berlin, in burr walnut case; Full Trichord and Iron-frame do., by Collard & Collard—all sweet-toned instruments; magnificent Dublin-made Mahogany Three-door Bookcase; 7ft. Bow-fronted Glass-back Mahogany Sideboard, fitted with drawers and sliding trays; two 6ft. do.; Jolly Glass-back 6ft. Solid Walnut Sideboard, beautifully carved; 15ft. Set of Round-ended Mahogany Screw Dining Tables; 8ft. Set of do., three loose leaves; Chesterfield and two Arm Chairs; Single Chesterfield Settee, hair-stuffed; six Queen Anne Dining Chairs (2, four small and two carvers); 6ft. Mahogany Enclosed Glass-back Sideboard; eight Spanish Mahogany Dining Chairs, covered in ruby velvet; three Mahogany Bookcases, richly carved, and Davenport; Suite; Single Couches; 5ft. Dark Oak Bookcase, fitted with drawers and cupboards, richly carved, and Davenport; Suite; Single Couches; 5ft. Dark Oak Bookcase, fitted with drawers and cupboards, richly carved, and Davenport; Suite; Single Couches; 5ft. Dark Oak Bookcase, fitted with drawers and top; Sheraton Falling-leaf Table, with drawer; very fine Gilt Overmantel Glass, wood-carved frame; lofty Walnut and Black and Gold Overmantel Glasses; six Queen Anne Bedsteads, Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs (2 carvers); fine old China Display Cabinet, Cabinet Singer Sewing Machine, Pair of old Sheffield Three-light Candelabra, Piano Seat, Music Double Reverds; 12 Mahogany-framed Dining Chairs; Dinner Service, 100 pieces, Lowestoft Set, large Copper Stock-pot, Pair of Carved Mirrors, Pictures, Brass Fenders and Brasses, Decorative and other China; large assortment of Bedroom Furniture, including a magnificent 9ft. Mahogany Inlaid Wardrobe, in three parts, fitted with double glass doors, sliding-trays, drawers, and hanging compartments; 6ft. Mahogany Bedroom Suite (i.c., Three-part Wardrobe, with glass door, and Duchesse Pair); 4ft. Light Oak do., Dark Walnut Duchesse Pair; Satin Walnut Bedroom Suite, nine pieces; Mahogany Cheval Dressing Chest, Presses, Wardrobes, Dressing Tables, Washstands; 20 do.s, Half-paired Chamber; six Double and Single Beds, Wires and Curled-Hair Mattresses, Cot Beds and Mattresses; Kitchen and Useful Furniture, &c., &c.; and a magnificent collection of Damaged, Royal Axminster, French, and Brussels Carpets, in sizes varying from 12ft. x 10ft. to 21ft. x 13ft. 6in., beautiful shades, equal to new; also 26 Gent.'s Cycles, various makes, all in perfect order. GOODS ON VIEW. AUCTION COMMENCES 12.30.

PIANOS SOLD AT 3 O'CLOCK; CYCLES AT 4; CARPETS AT 5 O'CLOCK.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER.

ON VIEW THIS DAY.

SALE BY AUCTION TO-MORROW (SATURDAY),

AND (IN CONTINUATION) ON MONDAY NEXT,
WITHIN THE OLD-ESTABLISHED GALLERIES OF
JAMES HILL & SON,
10. 11. 12 BACHELOR'S WALK.

HIGH-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,

INCLUDING
UPRIGHT GRAND PIANOFORTE,
WITH OVERSTRUNG UNDERDAMPER ACTION;

Chesterfield Settee, Walnut Drawingroom Suite, a silk brocade; Mahogany and Walnut-frame Dublin-made Dining-room Suites, Inlaid Mahogany Bedroom Suite, Mahogany Chests of Drawers, Oak Roll-top Desk, Mahogany Hall Stand, Grandfather Clock, Antique Sideboard, Pair of Mahogany Toilet Tables, handsome Mahogany Bookcase, the upper enclosed, glazed panel doors.

FULLER PARTICULARS IN TO-MORROW'S ADVERTISEMENT.

JAMES HILL & SON, AUCTIONEERS 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK, AND VALUERS.

JOSEPH F. KEOGH & CO.'S AUCTION.

TO-DAY (FRIDAY), AT 25 BACHELOR'S WALK.

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

PIANOFORTES, MOTOR LORRY, MOTOR CYCLE,
BUTCHER'S FITTINGS, ETC.

(REMOVED FROM 6 AVONDALE TERRACE, HAROLD'S CROSS, MOUNT TALLANT AVENUE, Etc.),

including—Magnificent Upright Iron-frame Pianofortes, by Cramer, Wood and Co., and Collard and Collard; One-ton Ford Motor Lorry, in good order; 2½ h.p. Douglas Motor Cycle; a magnificent collection of Drawingroom, Dining-room, and Bedroom Appointments; also a large assortment of Butcher's Fittings, including Avery Scales, &c.

Auction at 12.30. Butcher's Fittings sold at 1. Pianos, 3 o'clock. Motor Lorry and Cycle 3.30.

TO-DAY, AT 11.30 O'CLOCK, IN CONTINUATION.
TO FINE ART DEALERS, PRINT SELLERS,
AUCTION STOCK-IN-TRADE OF
MORROW'S, NASSAU STREET,
AT OUR AUCTION GALLERIES, 30 WESTMORELAND ST.,

The entire Stock-in-Trade, which has been selected with great care and judgment, and comprises several hundred lots of Mezzotints, Coloured Prints and Engravings, Water-colours, framed and unframed, including many fine copies of originals, and choice modern examples by leading artists; also Gilt Picture Frames, Portfolio Stands, Easels, Nankin, Dutch and Ornamental China, Tables, &c.

Terms—Cash and 5 per Cent. fees. Sale at 11.30 o'clock.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

FURNITURE AUCTIONS CONDUCTED BY

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, GRAFTON STREET.

ESTABLISHED 60 YEARS. TELEPHONE NO. 63.

GARDEN, ETC. (CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.)

SNOWDROPS, 300, moss and foliage, 1/6 tree.—Miss Tuffie, Shankee, Monaghan.

SNOWDROPS, 600, Blooms and Foliage, 2/- tree.—Miss E. Hatchey, Broomville, Tullow, Carlow.

SEED Potatoes—British Queen, Arran Chief, Arran Consul, an enormous table potato, enormous cropper. Apply Jr. Macbeth, Clonrooke, Co. Wexford.

THE "ROWAN" GARDEN SERVICE
SAVES YOU TIME AND TROUBLE
AT SELECTING
YOUR GARDENING WANTS.

5/- COLLECTION OF VEGETABLE SEEDS.
THE "LITTLE MARVEL"
Includes: Peas, Beans (Broad and Runner), Beet, Borecole, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Cress, Leek, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Radish, Savoy, Turnip, Vegetable Marrow. In all, 20 Packets.

21/- COLLECTION OF VEGETABLE SEEDS
THE "QUALITY"
Includes all the leading Vegetables in 35 Selections, with extra Selections of the "A1" Collection Orchid Flowered Sweet Peas (12 varieties), and 3 Handsome Hardy Annuals.

FREE WITH EVERY ORDER FOR ABOVE VALUE.
7/6 AND UPWARDS IS PRESENTED, if actioned at time of ordering, the "ROWAN" GARDEN GUIDE, a 64-page descriptive, illustrated booklet on "How to Grow Vegetables and Flowers."

GET INTO THE LINE OF PROGRESS TO-DAY by sending for "SEEDS OF QUALITY," 1920 "The Royal Rose Issue"; which contains 132 pages of the most reliable instructions in FLOWER and FRUIT GARDEN for 1920. GARDEN BEAUTIFUL AND ECONOMIC—period free.

M. ROWAN AND CO.,
THE "SEEDSMEN OF QUALITY."
SEED, BULB, and PLANT MERCHANTS
51 and 52 CAPEL STREET, DUBLIN.

VEGETABLE Plants post free—Scalvale for frosting or planting, 5/- dozen; Early Market and Early London Cauliflower, 3/- 100; Early Cabbages, 2/- 100; Onions, Aske Champion, 1/6 dozen; Leek, 1/6 dozen; Tomato, 2—dozen; Parsley, 1/6 dozen; cash with order or stamps.—Wallflowers, 1/6 dozen.

WALLFLOWERS—All colours, strong plants, 2/- 100, post free 5/-; 1/6 dozen, post free 2/6.—Bannet, Ballerin.

WALLFLOWERS by bushy plants, best varieties, splendid value, 2/- dozen; 5/- 100; carriage paid.—Postage 1/—Macdonald, Vergemount Nursery, Clonmel.

2,000 APPLES, Pears, Cherries to clear before frosts, 5 roots true, £15 100.—Fennick, Nurseries, Oversteer.

BIRDS, POULTRY, FISH, DAIRY, &c

AMERICAN Horned Turkeys, purest strain, "imported," extra-good, extra-heavy.—Appointment, Thurles. 52 10

A PAIR Grey Parrots, young, finger tame, £7 10s.—£30.—Keegan, Upper Ormond quay.

A 2 Kinnaird Grey Cocks, Yiddes—44/5, Hatching—Chicks, hatching weekly, 21/- dozen; Settings, 10/6; Settings Season, a specialty, 10/6 to 21/- setting. Ducks, 10/6 and 12/6; guineafowl eggs from Kinnaird Grey Cocks, 10/6 setting. Cleaning Hens Wanted; state price.—Mrs. Craigie, Hornstown, St. Margaret's, Dublin.

A MAGNIFICENT pedigree pen Black Leghorns, wonderful winter layers, 1st dozen; also R.I.R. Cockerel, Ballington Cosset Serpentine strain, £15 10 bridge.

A BRAHMA, Tennyson R.I.R. Settings, Clay Mere strain; cost water, price.

A AMERICAN Mammoth Bronze Turkeys and Pullets, Rothschilds, Abbot, Gape-Harpers, bred from hens 14lb to 20lb., hatched April, 1919; splendid birds, large frames.—Mrs. Hicks, Moryney, Dalkey, Co. Kildare.

A PAYING Investment—Hatching Eggs, from selected 4 pen champion barred White Leghorns, 9/6 per dozen.—Bush (1410), Stonyford, Co. Meath. 52

A BLACK Minorca Hatching Eggs for Sale, 8/6 dozen, free.—Phillips, Ballybrophy.

A BUFF Orpington Hens, splendid layers, good table birds, direct Coor, 10/6 setting, free.—Rhaull, Ballinamore, Mohill.

A BLACK Leghorn Cockerel (Cairnhill), Rabbits, 11 months, Flemish Giant, Chinchilla cross; reasonable.

A CHICKS, due 17th February, White Wyandottes, Black Leghorns, Brown Leghorns, fine table and laying; also Ducks, Dorkings, Kaackhengsens, Mullingar.

A CHICKS, White Leghorn Chicks, winners, due 1st March, 2/6 dozen; Settings, 10/6.—Shortcastle, Malahide.

A CHICKS—Buff Orpingtons, four days old, 12/6 per doz.; Week Olds, 13/-; lovely Chicks.—Ballintogna House, Glenageary.

A CLUCKING Hen for Sale.—Dalkey House, Dalkey.

A CHICKS, due 23rd February, R.I. Reds, Wyandottes; also, young Hens, 5 months, £15 100.—Mrs. Hall, Kingstown.

DUCK Eggs, Indian Runner, Rouen, Hunter strain, Settings 10/6; now ready.—T. 949, Fairbrother, Fleet street.

DAY Old Chicks, 311 egg strain White Wyandotte, 50/- dozen; 5-ers, 10/6 dozen, for Sale.—Quinton, Sandymount.

DAIRY Utensils, Churns, Butterworkers.—The Dairy Engineering Co. of Ireland, Limited, 21 and 22 Dame's Walk, Dublin.

DOMO Separator for Sale, splendid working order.—T. 1512, Sequalizer, this office.

DAY Old Chicks, Indian Game cross Rhouen, Brown Snaps, 2/- per dozen.—Kellenbeun, Greatdown, Mullingar.

DAY Old Wyandottes, 2/1 dozen; due February 29th, Perry, Lockey, Belmont, King's Co.

DAY Old Chickens, Pure Bred R.I.R. Wyandottes, due 21st; price 13.—P. 1447, this office.

EGGS and Chicks now booking from my champion layers, White Wyandottes, Silver Wyandottes, White Leghorns, Orpingtons; also for Sale, fine lot of matings of my 311 egg strain bred first place for sale for time of year; also 6 Rhode Island Red pen of 6 Wyandottes now leading in Irish Laying Competition; settings and chicks; strain has enormous sense of 429 eggs for three winter months; catalogue free.—Miss Pounden, Stirling, Malahide, Co. Dublin.

EGGS.—White Rhode Island Reds, Tarbo's strain, wonderful layers; Ducks hatched last year in March laid from July till end October, began again in January; White Wyandottes, pure bred; all 10/6 a dozen; boxes returnable.—Mrs. Underwood, Ballyna, Killiney.

EGGS, Minorca, pure headed fine prize; Cochins, Partridge, 12 to 15 feet. Can be seen at the Shelbourne Hotel.

EGGS.—Rhode Island Reds, Redcrom Farm, Dundalk, Hunter strain, 10/6 setting, free.

EGGS.—Pure Rhode Island Reds, Redcrom Farm, Dundalk, Hunter strain, 10/6 setting, free.

EGGS,